

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Floor: AD 06/16/2025 11:04 PM

House

The Conference Committee on SB 2506 recommended the following:

Senate Conference Committee Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Section 17.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to

read:

1 2

3 4

5

6 7

8

17.71 Indian Gaming Revenue Clearing Trust Fund.-

9 (1) The Indian Gaming Revenue Clearing Trust Fund is
10 created within the Department of Financial Services. The purpose
11 of the trust fund is to act as a depository for a portion of the

226258

12 revenue-sharing payments received by the state under the gaming 13 compact, as the term "compact" is defined in s. 285.710(1).

14 (2) Funds shall be credited to the Indian Gaming Revenue 15 Clearing Trust Fund as provided in s. 380.095. Funds received 16 from such revenue-sharing payments and deposited into the trust 17 fund are exempt from the service charges imposed pursuant to s. 18 215.20.

19 (3) The department shall disburse funds, by nonoperating
 20 transfer, from the Indian Gaming Revenue Clearing Trust Fund as
 21 provided in s. 380.095.

(4) Pursuant to s. 19(f)(3), Art. III of the State Constitution, the Indian Gaming Revenue Clearing Trust Fund is exempt from the termination provisions of s. 19(f)(2), Art. III of the State Constitution.

26 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 253.0251, Florida 27 Statutes, is amended to read:

28

22

23

24

25

253.0251 Alternatives to fee simple acquisition.-

29 (2) All applications for full alternatives to fee simple acquisition projects must shall identify, within their 30 acquisition plans, the reasons the projects that require a full 31 32 fee simple interest to achieve the public policy goals, together 33 with the reasons full title is determined to be necessary. The 34 state agencies and the water management districts may use 35 alternatives to fee simple acquisition to bring the remaining 36 projects in their acquisition plans under public protection. For 37 purposes of this section, the phrase "alternatives to fee simple 38 acquisition" includes, but is not limited to, purchase of 39 development rights; obtaining conservation easements; obtaining 40 flowage easements; purchase of timber rights, mineral rights, or



41 hunting rights; purchase of agricultural interests or 42 silvicultural interests; fee simple acquisitions with 43 reservations; creating life estates; or any other acquisition 44 technique that achieves the public policy goals listed in subsection (1). It is presumed that a private landowner retains 45 46 the full range of uses for all the rights or interests in the 47 landowner's land which are not specifically acquired by the public agency. The lands upon which hunting rights are 48 49 specifically acquired pursuant to this section shall be 50 available for hunting in accordance with the management plan or hunting regulations adopted by the Fish and Wildlife 51 52 Conservation Commission, unless the hunting rights are purchased 53 specifically to protect activities on adjacent lands. 54 Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (7) of section 259.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 55 259.032 Conservation and recreation lands.-56 57 (7) (d) State agencies designated to manage lands acquired 58 59 under this chapter or with funds deposited into the Land Acquisition Trust Fund, except those lands acquired under s. 60 259.1052, may contract with local governments, water control 61 districts designated pursuant to chapter 298, and soil and water 62 conservation districts to assist in management activities, 63 64 including the responsibility of being the lead land manager. 65 Such land management contracts must may include a provision for 66 the transfer of management funding to the local government, 67 water control district, or soil and water conservation district 68 from the land acquisition trust fund of the lead land managing 69 agency in an amount adequate for the local government, water



70 <u>control district</u>, or soil and water conservation district to 71 perform its <del>contractual</del> land management responsibilities <u>or</u> and 72 <del>proportionate to its responsibilities</del>, and which otherwise would 73 have been expended by the state agency to manage the property. 74 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 75 259.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

76

259.037 Land Management Uniform Accounting Council.-

77 (7) (a) The LMUAC shall recommend the most efficient and 78 effective use of the funds available to state agencies for land 79 management activities pursuant to s. 380.095. The 80 recommendations must be based on a review of the resources of 81 each land management agency to determine current expenditures, 82 including personnel costs, spent specifically on upland 83 management activities and invasive species removal. The 84 recommendations must include a calculation methodology to 85 distribute the funds between to the state agencies specified in 86 <del>s. 380.095(2)(b)</del>.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 259.1055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

87

88 89

94

95

96

97

98

259.1055 Florida wildlife corridor.-

90 (6) MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES.—The Fish and Wildlife 91 Conservation Commission is authorized to enter into voluntary 92 agreements with private landowners for environmental services 93 within the Florida wildlife corridor.

(c)—Subject to appropriation, the commission may use land management funds received pursuant to s. 380.095 for this purpose.

Section 6. <u>Section 260.0145</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section



99 373.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100 373.026 General powers and duties of the department.-The 101 department, or its successor agency, shall be responsible for the administration of this chapter at the state level. However, 102 103 it is the policy of the state that, to the greatest extent 104 possible, the department may enter into interagency or 105 interlocal agreements with any other state agency, any water 106 management district, or any local government conducting programs 107 related to or materially affecting the water resources of the 108 state. All such agreements shall be subject to the provisions of 109 s. 373.046. In addition to its other powers and duties, the 110 department shall, to the greatest extent possible:

(8)

111

112 (b) To ensure to the greatest extent possible that project 113 components will go forward as planned, the department shall 114 collaborate with the South Florida Water Management District in 115 implementing the comprehensive plan as defined in s. 116 373.470(2)(b), the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan as 117 defined in s. 373.4595(2), and the River Watershed Protection 118 Plans as defined in s. 373.4595(2). Before any project component 119 is submitted to Congress for authorization or receives an 120 appropriation of state funds, the department must approve, or 121 approve with amendments, each project component within 60 days 122 following formal submittal of the project component to the 123 department. Prior to the release of state funds for the 124 implementation of the comprehensive plan, department approval 125 shall be based upon a determination of the South Florida Water Management District's compliance with s. 373.1501(6) s. 126 127 373.1501(5). Once a project component is approved, the South

Page 5 of 11



128 Florida Water Management District shall provide to the President 129 of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a schedule for implementing the project component, the estimated 130 131 total cost of the project component, any existing federal or 132 nonfederal credits, the estimated remaining federal and 133 nonfederal share of costs, and an estimate of the amount of 134 state funds that will be needed to implement the project 135 component. All requests for an appropriation of state funds 136 needed to implement the project component shall be submitted to 137 the department, and such requests shall be included in the 138 department's annual request to the Governor. Prior to the 139 release of state funds for the implementation of the Lake 140 Okeechobee Watershed Protection Plan or the River Watershed 141 Protection Plans, on an annual basis, the South Florida Water 142 Management District shall prepare an annual work plan as part of 143 the consolidated annual report required in s. 373.036(7). Upon a 144 determination by the secretary of the annual work plan's 145 consistency with the goals and objectives of s. 373.4595, the 146 secretary may approve the release of state funds. Any modifications to the annual work plan shall be submitted to the 147 148 secretary for review and approval.

Section 8. Present subsections (4) through (10) of section 373.1501, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5) through (11), respectively, a new subsection (4) is added to that section, and present subsection (9) of that section is amended, to read:

154 373.1501 South Florida Water Management District as local 155 sponsor.-

(4) The Legislature declares that acquiring land for water

156



157 storage north of Lake Okeechobee is in the public interest, for 158 a public purpose, and necessary for the public health and 159 welfare. The governing board of the district is authorized to 160 acquire land, if necessary, to implement a reservoir project 161 north of Lake Okeechobee with the goal of providing at least 200,000 acre-feet of water storage. Any acquisition of real 162 property for the purpose of a reservoir project constitutes a 163 164 public purpose for which it is in the public interest to expend 165 public funds. Any land necessary for implementing the projects 166 in this subsection may be acquired only in accordance with s. 167 373.139(2) and chapters 73 and 74. The district and the state 168 are not authorized to request that the United States Army Corps 169 of Engineers acquire the lands for such reservoir project and 170 may not include any such request in the project partnership 171 agreement for such reservoir project.

(10) (9) Final agency action with regard to any project 172 component subject to s. 373.026(8)(b) must shall be taken by the 173 174 department. Actions taken by the district pursuant to subsection 175 (6) are (5) shall not be considered final agency action. Any 176 petition for formal proceedings filed pursuant to ss. 120.569 177 and 120.57 must require shall require a hearing under the summary hearing provisions of s. 120.574, which is shall be 178 179 mandatory. The final hearing under this section must shall be 180 held within 30 days after receipt of the petition by the 181 Division of Administrative Hearings.

182 Section 9. Paragraph (g) of subsection (5) of section 183 380.093, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

184 380.093 Resilient Florida Grant Program; comprehensive 185 statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise data set and



186 assessment; Statewide Flooding and Sea Level Rise Resilience
187 Plan; regional resilience entities.-

188

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

214

(5) STATEWIDE FLOODING AND SEA LEVEL RISE RESILIENCE PLAN.-

(g) The department shall implement a scoring system for assessing each project eligible for inclusion in the plan pursuant to this subsection. The scoring system must include the following tiers and associated criteria:

1. Tier 1 must account for 40 percent of the total score and consist of all of the following criteria:

a. The degree to which the project addresses the risks posed by flooding and sea level rise identified in the local government vulnerability assessments or the comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise assessment, as applicable.

b. The degree to which the project addresses risks to regionally significant assets.

c. The degree to which the project reduces risks to areas with an overall higher percentage of vulnerable critical assets.

d. The degree to which the project contributes to existing flooding mitigation projects that reduce upland damage costs by incorporating new or enhanced structures or restoration and revegetation projects.

e. The degree to which the project reduces the flood risk, and thereby increases the credits awarded, to a community participating in the National Flood Insurance Program's Community Rating System.

212 2. Tier 2 must account for 30 percent of the total score 213 and consist of all of the following criteria:

a. The degree to which flooding and erosion currently  $% \left( {{{\boldsymbol{x}}_{i}}} \right)$ 



215 affect the condition of the project area.

216 b. The overall readiness of the project to proceed in a 217 timely manner, considering the project's readiness for the 218 construction phase of development, the status of required 219 permits, the status of any needed easement acquisition, and the 220 availability of local funding sources.

c. The environmental habitat enhancement or inclusion of nature-based options for resilience, with priority given to state or federal critical habitat areas for threatened or endangered species.

225

221

222

223 224

226

227

228

229

230

231 232

233 234

235

236

237

d. The cost-effectiveness of the project.

3. Tier 3 must account for 20 percent of the total score and consist of all of the following criteria:

a. The availability of local, state, and federal matching funds, considering the status of the funding award, and federal authorization, if applicable.

b. Previous state commitment and involvement in the project, considering previously funded phases, the total amount of previous state funding, and previous partial appropriations for the proposed project.

c. The exceedance of the flood-resistant construction requirements of the Florida Building Code and applicable flood plain management regulations.

4. Tier 4 must account for 10 percent of the total scoreand consist of all of the following criteria:

a. The proposed innovative technologies designed to reduceproject costs and provide regional collaboration.

b. The extent to which the project assists financiallydisadvantaged communities.

Page 9 of 11

226258

244 Section 10. Section 380.095, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 245 Section 11. Subsections (10) and (11) are added to section 246 403.0673, Florida Statutes, to read: 247 403.0673 Water quality improvement grant program.-A grant 248 program is established within the Department of Environmental 249 Protection to address wastewater, stormwater, and agricultural 250 sources of nutrient loading to surface water or groundwater. 251 (10) The department shall dedicate at least 25 percent of the funds appropriated for the water quality grant program each 2.52 253 fiscal year for projects located in a rural area of opportunity. 254 (11) The department shall announce grant awards by November 255 1 of each fiscal year in which funds are appropriated for the 256 grant program. 257 Section 12. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025. 258 259 260 And the title is amended as follows: Delete everything before the enacting clause 261 262 and insert: 263 A bill to be entitled 264 An act relating to natural resources; amending s. 265 17.71, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by 266 the act; deleting provisions authorizing the 2.67 Department of Financial Services to disburse certain 268 funds from the Indian Gaming Revenue Clearing Trust 269 Fund; amending s. 253.0251, F.S.; revising 270 requirements for applications for full fee simple 271 acquisition projects; amending s. 259.032, F.S.; 272 revising the list of entities that certain state

Page 10 of 11



273 agencies may contract with; revising the requirements 274 for certain provisions in certain land management contracts; amending ss. 259.037 and 259.1055, F.S.; 275 276 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 277 repealing s. 260.0145, F.S., relating to the Local 278 Trail Management Grant Program; amending s. 373.1501, 279 F.S.; providing a legislative declaration; authorizing 280 the governing board of the South Florida Water 281 Management District to acquire land to implement a 282 reservoir project in a certain area; providing 283 construction; providing that land necessary for 284 implementing such project be acquired in a specified 285 manner; prohibiting the district or the state from 286 requesting that the United States Army Corps of 287 Engineers acquire lands for such reservoir project; 288 prohibiting the inclusion of any such request in a 289 certain agreement; making technical changes; 290 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 291 amending s. 380.093, F.S.; revising the scoring system 292 for assessing project eligibility for inclusion in the 293 statewide flooding and sea-level rise plan; repealing 294 s. 380.095, F.S., relating to dedicated funding for 295 conservation lands, resiliency, and clean water infrastructure; amending s. 403.0673, F.S.; requiring 296 297 the Department of Environmental Protection to dedicate 298 a certain amount of funds to projects located in a 299 rural area of opportunity; requiring the department to 300 announce grant awards by a certain date; providing an 301 effective date.