${\bf By}$ Senator Harrell

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to step-therapy protocols; amending s.
3	409.901, F.S.; defining the term "serious mental
4	illness"; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; requiring the
5	Agency for Health Care Administration to approve drug
6	products for Medicaid recipients for the treatment of
7	serious mental illness without step-therapy prior
8	authorization under certain circumstances; amending s.
9	409.910, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; directing
10	the agency to include rate impacts resulting from the
11	act in certain rates that become effective on a
12	specified date; providing effective dates.
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14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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16	Section 1. Present subsections (27) and (28) of section
17	409.901, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (28)
18	and (29), respectively, and a new subsection (27) is added to
19	that section, to read:
20	409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920As used in ss.
21	409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the
22	term:
23	(27) "Serious mental illness" means any of the following
24	psychiatric disorders as defined by the American Psychiatric
25	Association in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
26	Disorders, Fifth Edition:
27	(a) Bipolar disorders, including hypomanic, manic,
28	depressive, and mixed-feature episodes.
29	(b) Depression in childhood or adolescence.
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30	(c) Major depressive disorders, including single and
31	recurrent depressive episodes.
32	(d) Obsessive-compulsive disorders.
33	(e) Paranoid personality disorder or other psychotic
34	disorders.
35	(f) Schizoaffective disorders, including bipolar or
36	depressive symptoms.
37	(g) Schizophrenia.
38	Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
39	409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
40	409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health careThe
41	agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients
42	in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery
43	of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are
44	effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a
45	confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct
46	diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the
47	Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to
48	emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined
49	in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion
50	shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency
51	shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid
52	aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other
53	alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,
54	including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed
55	to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed
56	continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to
57	minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute
58	inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the

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31-00834-25 2025264 59 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The 60 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the 61 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify 62 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a 63 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a 64 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to 65 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice 66 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, 67 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. 68 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy 69 management, or disease management participation for certain 70 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or 71 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible 72 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 73 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for 74 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform 75 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions 76 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is 77 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as 78 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through 79 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-80 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services 81 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without 82 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based 83 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards, time and distance 84 85 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the 86 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, 87

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31-00834-25 2025264 88 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider 89 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, 90 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer 91 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, 92 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. 93 94 The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid 95 beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other 96 goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term 97 rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules 98 to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to 99 protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as 100 defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers 101 necessary to administer these policies.

102 (5)(a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-103 drug spending-control program that includes the following 104 components:

105 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a listing 106 of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the 107 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established 108 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each 109 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion 110 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list 111 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The 112 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list 113 on an Internet website without following the rulemaking procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded 114 115 from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the 116 amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day

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31-00834-25 2025264 117 supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is 118 greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the agency to be a maintenance drug, in which case a 100-day maximum 119 120 supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal 121 waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate 122 123 program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer 124 rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited 125 126 contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish 127 procedures to ensure that: 128 There is a response to a request for prior authorization a. 129 by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours 130 after receipt of a request for prior authorization; and

b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in
an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response
within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

134 2. A provider of prescribed drugs is reimbursed in an 135 amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition cost 136 based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National 137 Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a professional 138 dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus a 139 professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost 140 plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary charge billed by the provider. 141

142 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for 143 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using 144 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The 145 management process may include, but is not limited to,

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31-00834-25 2025264 146 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims 147 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical 148 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private 149 150 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include 151 152 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, 153 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The 154 155 agency must shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug 156 benefit management program if he or she meets the specifications 157 of this provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health 158 maintenance organization. 159 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network 160 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, 161 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give 162 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and 163 location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy

164 network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria 165 such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, 166 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease 167 management services, and other characteristics. The agency may 168 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-169 170 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing 171 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other 172 173 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid 174 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing

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31-00834-252025264___175requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by176the agency.

5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that 177 178 requires Medicaid practitioners who issue written prescriptions 179 for medicinal drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of 180 181 standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by prescribers 182 who issue written prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or 183 statewide. 184

185 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require 186 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients 187 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average 188 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. 189 These arrangements must shall require that if a generic-drug 190 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs 191 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a 192 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to 193 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

194 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as 195 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment 196 of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from 197 manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title 198 XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 199 200 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental 201 rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper 202 limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The 203 agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or

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31-00834-25 2025264 204 generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement 205 to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a 206 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 207 Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred 208 drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not 209 quaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying 210 the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made 211 on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as 212 213 the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates. 214 The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to 215 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes 216 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash 217 rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental 218 rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers 219 to implement this initiative.

8.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems to implement this program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this program.

225 The agency, in conjunction with the Department of b. 226 Children and Families, may implement the Medicaid behavioral 227 drug management system that is designed to improve the quality 228 of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based on 229 best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to 230 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed 231 drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid 232 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following

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233 elements:

234 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best 235 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as 236 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating 237 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate 238 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and 239 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators 240 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations from best practice guidelines. 241

(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
 and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral health drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple sameclass behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential medication problems.

(V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs anddeviation from best practice guidelines.

(VI) Use educational and technological approaches to promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers in the use of practice guidelines.

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(VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

(IX) Implement a disease management program with a model

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program.

31-00834-25 2025264 262 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill 263 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high 264 users of care. 265 9. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription drug 266 management system. 267 The agency may contract with a vendor that has a. 268 experience in operating prescription drug management systems in 269 order to implement this system. Any management system that is 270 implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on 271 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine 272 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve 273 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid 274 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this

b. The drug management system must be designed to improve
the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best
practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication
plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and
the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription
drugs. The program must:

(I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines
for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program,
including translating best practice guidelines into practice;
reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators
that are based on national standards and practice patterns of
clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally;
and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to andeducating prescribers using best practice educational materials

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291	and peer-to-peer consultation.
292	(III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their
293	use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to
294	the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination
295	drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of
296	prescription drugs.
297	(IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill
298	prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs
299	that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other
300	potential medication problems.
301	10. The agency may contract for drug rebate administration,
302	including, but not limited to, calculating rebate amounts,
303	invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes with
304	manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate collections.
305	11. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form
306	or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with
307	regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the
308	General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective
309	prescribing practices.
310	12. The agency may require prior authorization for
311	Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may prior-
312	authorize the use of a product:
313	a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
314	b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
315	c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or
316	abuse.
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318	The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide
319	information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence

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31-00834-25 2025264 320 for the use of a drug. The agency shall post prior 321 authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to 322 the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the 323 agency's Internet website within 21 days after the prior 324 authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates 325 are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph, 326 the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of 327 certain medications subject to prior authorization. 328 13. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior 329 330 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may 331 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet 332 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use 333 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved 334 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may 335 require the prescribing professional to provide information 336 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use 337 of a drug. 338 14. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior 339 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug 340 341 list must be used within the previous 12 months before the 342 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy 343 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the 344 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical 345 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug

Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified steps may vary according to the medical indication. The steptherapy approval process <u>must</u> shall be developed in accordance

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349	with the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug
350	product may be approved or, in the case of a drug product for
351	the treatment of a serious mental illness, must be approved
352	without meeting the step-therapy prior authorization criteria if
353	the prescribing physician provides the agency with additional
354	written medical or clinical documentation that the product is
355	medically necessary because:
356	a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat
357	the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical
358	alternative;
359	b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment
360	of the beneficiary's disease;
361	c. The drug product or medication of a similar drug class
362	is prescribed for the treatment of <u>a serious mental illness</u>
363	schizophrenia or schizotypal or delusional disorders; prior
364	authorization has been granted previously for the prescribed
365	drug; and the medication was dispensed to the patient during the
366	previous 12 months; or
367	d. Based on historical evidence and known characteristics
368	of the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be
369	ineffective, or the number of doses have been ineffective.
370	
371	The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best
372	alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving
373	the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific
374	drugs in limited clinical situations.
375	15. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program
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-	for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients,
377	for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients, which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the

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407	managed medical assistance program and long-term care managed
408	care program rates that become effective on October 1, 2025.
409	This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a law.
410	Section 5. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
411	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
412	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect October 1,
413	2025.

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