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A bill to be entitled An act relating to flood disclosures; creating s. 83.512, F.S.; requiring a landlord of residential real property to provide specified information to a prospective tenant at or before the time the rental agreement is executed; specifying how such information must be disclosed; defining the term "flooding"; providing that if a landlord fails to disclose flood information truthfully and a tenant suffers substantial loss or damage, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement by giving a written notice of termination and surrendering possession of the premises to the landlord within a specified timeframe; defining the term "substantial loss"; requiring a landlord to refund the tenant all amounts paid in advance for any period after the effective date of the termination of the rental agreement; providing that a tenant is still liable for any sum owed to the landlord before the termination of the rental agreement; amending s. 689.302, F.S.; revising the flood information that must be disclosed to prospective purchasers of residential real property; amending s. 718.503, F.S.; requiring a developer of a residential condominium unit to provide specified information to a prospective purchaser at or before the time the sales contract is executed; specifying how such information must be disclosed; defining the term "flooding"; amending s. 719.503, F.S.; requiring a developer of a residential condominium unit to

provide specified information to a prospective purchaser at or before the time the sales contract is executed; specifying how such information must be disclosed; defining the term "flooding"; amending s. 723.011, F.S.; requiring a park owner of a mobile home park to provide specified information to a prospective lessee at or before the time the rental agreement is executed; specifying how such information must be disclosed; defining the term "flooding"; providing that if a park owner fails to disclose flood information truthfully and a lessee suffers substantial loss or damage, the lessee may terminate the rental agreement by giving a written notice of termination to the park owner within a specified timeframe; specifying when the termination of a rental agreement is deemed effective; defining the term "substantial loss"; requiring a park owner to refund the lessee all amounts paid in advance for any period after the effective date of the termination of the rental agreement; providing that a lessee is still liable for any sum owed to the park owner before the termination of the rental agreement; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 83.512, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

83.512 Disclosure of flood risks to prospective tenant of

residential real property.-

(1) A landlord must complete and provide a flood disclosure to a prospective tenant of residential real property at or before the execution of a rental agreement for a term of 1 year or longer. The flood disclosure must be in a separate document.

The flood disclosure must be made in substantially the following form:

FLOOD DISCLOSURE

Flood Insurance: Renters' insurance policies do not include coverage for damage resulting from floods.

Tenant is encouraged to discuss the need to purchase separate flood insurance coverage with Tenant's insurance agent.

- 1. Landlord has has no knowledge of any flooding that has damaged the dwelling unit during Landlord's ownership of the dwelling unit.
- 2. Landlord has has not filed a claim with an insurance provider relating to flood damage in the dwelling unit, including, but not limited to, a claim with the National Flood Insurance Program.
- 3. Landlord has ... has not ... received assistance for flood damage to the dwelling unit, including, but not limited to, assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- 4. For the purposes of this disclosure, the term "flooding" means a general or temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of the dwelling unit caused by any of the following:

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- a. The overflow of inland or tidal waters.
 - b. The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff or surface waters from any established water source, such as a river, stream, or drainage ditch.
 - c. Sustained periods of standing water resulting from rainfall.

suffers a substantial loss or damage to the tenant's personal property as a result of flooding, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement by giving a written notice of termination and surrendering possession of the premises to the landlord no later than 30 days after the date of the damage or loss. Termination of a rental agreement under this section is effective upon the tenant surrendering possession of the dwelling unit. For the purpose of this section, the term "substantial loss or damage" means the total cost of repairs to or replacement of the personal property is 50 percent or more of the personal property's market value on the date the flooding occurred.

- (3) A landlord shall refund the tenant all rent or other amounts paid in advance under the rental agreement for any period after the effective date of the termination of the rental agreement.
- (4) This section does not affect a tenant's liability for delinquent, unpaid rent or other sums owed to the landlord before the date the rental agreement was terminated by the tenant under this section.
- Section 2. Section 689.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

689.302 Disclosure of flood risks to prospective purchaser.—A seller must complete and provide a flood disclosure to a purchaser of residential real property at or before the time the sales contract is executed. The flood disclosure must be made in the following form:

123 FLOOD DISCLOSURE

Flood Insurance: Homeowners' insurance policies do not include coverage for damage resulting from floods.

Buyer is encouraged to discuss the need to purchase separate flood insurance coverage with Buyer's insurance agent.

- (1) Seller has \square has no \square knowledge of any flooding that has damaged the property during Seller's ownership of the property.
- (2) Seller has \square has not \square filed a claim with an insurance provider relating to flood damage on the property, including, but not limited to, a claim with the National Flood Insurance Program.
- $\underline{(3)}$ Seller has \square has not \square received federal assistance for flood damage to the property, including, but not limited to, assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- $\underline{(4)}$ For the purposes of this disclosure, the term "flooding" means a general or temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of the property caused by any of the following:
 - (a) The overflow of inland or tidal waters.
 - (b) The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff

or surface waters from any established water source, such as a river, stream, or drainage ditch.

(c) Sustained periods of standing water resulting from rainfall.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 718.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.503 Developer disclosure prior to sale; nondeveloper unit owner disclosure prior to sale; voidability.—

- (1) DEVELOPER DISCLOSURE.
- (a) Contents of contracts.—Any contract for the sale of a residential unit or a lease thereof for an unexpired term of more than 5 years shall:
 - 1. Contain the following legend in conspicuous type:

THIS AGREEMENT IS VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING
WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL
WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF EXECUTION OF THIS
AGREEMENT BY THE BUYER, AND RECEIPT BY BUYER OF ALL OF
THE ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE DELIVERED TO HIM OR HER BY
THE DEVELOPER UNDER SECTION 718.503, FLORIDA STATUTES.
THIS AGREEMENT IS ALSO VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING
WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL
WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF RECEIPT FROM THE
DEVELOPER OF ANY AMENDMENT WHICH MATERIALLY ALTERS OR
MODIFIES THE OFFERING IN A MANNER THAT IS ADVERSE TO
THE BUYER. ANY PURPORTED WAIVER OF THESE VOIDABILITY
RIGHTS SHALL BE OF NO EFFECT. BUYER MAY EXTEND THE

AFTER THE BUYER HAS RECEIVED ALL OF THE ITEMS
REQUIRED. BUYER'S RIGHT TO VOID THIS AGREEMENT SHALL
TERMINATE AT CLOSING. FIGURES CONTAINED IN ANY BUDGET
DELIVERED TO THE BUYER PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
CONDOMINIUM ACT ARE ESTIMATES ONLY AND REPRESENT AN
APPROXIMATION OF FUTURE EXPENSES BASED ON FACTS AND
CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF THE PREPARATION
OF THE BUDGET BY THE DEVELOPER. ACTUAL COSTS OF SUCH
ITEMS MAY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED COSTS. SUCH CHANGES IN
COST DO NOT CONSTITUTE MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN THE
OFFERING.

2. Contain the following caveat in conspicuous type on the first page of the contract:

ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE DEVELOPER. FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS, REFERENCE SHOULD BE MADE TO THIS CONTRACT AND THE DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY SECTION 718.503, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO BE FURNISHED BY A DEVELOPER TO A BUYER OR LESSEE.

3. If the unit has been occupied by someone other than the buyer, contain a statement that the unit has been occupied.

subject to a lease, include as an exhibit a copy of the executed

lease and shall contain within the text in conspicuous type:

"THE UNIT IS SUBJECT TO A LEASE (OR SUBLEASE)."

4. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit

- 5. If the contract is for the lease of a unit for a term of

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5 years or more, include as an exhibit a copy of the proposed lease.

6. If the contract is for the sale or lease of a unit that is subject to a lien for rent payable under a lease of a recreational facility or other commonly used facility, contain within the text the following statement in conspicuous type:

211 THIS CONTRACT IS FOR THE TRANSFER OF A UNIT THAT IS
212 SUBJECT TO A LIEN FOR RENT PAYABLE UNDER A LEASE OF
213 COMMONLY USED FACILITIES. FAILURE TO PAY RENT MAY

RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN.

- 7. State the name and address of the escrow agent required by s. 718.202 and state that the purchaser may obtain a receipt for his or her deposit from the escrow agent upon request.
- 8. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit in a condominium in which timeshare estates have been or may be created, contain within the text in conspicuous type: "UNITS IN THIS CONDOMINIUM ARE SUBJECT TO TIMESHARE ESTATES." The contract for the sale of a fee interest in a timeshare estate shall also contain, in conspicuous type, the following:

FOR THE PURPOSE OF AD VALOREM TAXES OR SPECIAL
ASSESSMENTS LEVIED BY TAXING AUTHORITIES AGAINST A FEE
INTEREST IN A TIMESHARE ESTATE, THE MANAGING ENTITY IS
GENERALLY CONSIDERED THE TAXPAYER UNDER FLORIDA LAW.
YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CHALLENGE AN ASSESSMENT BY A
TAXING AUTHORITY RELATING TO YOUR TIMESHARE ESTATE
PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 194, FLORIDA

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i.								
233	STATUTES.							
234								
235	9. Contain within the text the following statement in							
236	conspicuous type:							
237								
238	HOMEOWNERS' INSURANCE POLICIES DO NOT INCLUDE COVERAGE							
239	FOR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM FLOODING. BUYER IS							
240	ENCOURAGED TO DISCUSS THE NEED TO PURCHASE SEPARATE							
241	FLOOD INSURANCE COVERAGE WITH BUYER'S INSURANCE AGENT.							
242								
243	DEVELOPER HAS HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY							
244	FLOODING THAT HAS DAMAGED THE PROPERTY DURING							
245	DEVELOPER'S OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY.							
246								
247	DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT FILED A CLAIM WITH AN							
248	INSURANCE PROVIDER RELATING TO FLOOD DAMAGE ON THE							
249	PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT							
250	LIMITED TO, A CLAIM WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE							
251	PROGRAM.							
252								
253	DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT RECEIVED ASSISTANCE							
254	FOR FLOOD DAMAGE TO THE PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS,							
255	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ASSISTANCE FROM THE							
256	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY.							
257								
258	FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS DISCLOSURE, THE TERM							
259	"FLOODING" MEANS A GENERAL OR TEMPORARY CONDITION OF							
260	PARTIAL OR COMPLETE INUNDATION OF THE PROPERTY OR							
261	COMMON ELEMENTS CAUSED BY THE OVERFLOW OF INLAND OR							

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TIDAL WATERS; THE UNUSUAL AND RAPID ACCUMULATION OF RUNOFF OR SURFACE WATERS FROM ANY ESTABLISHED WATER SOURCE, SUCH AS A RIVER, STREAM, OR DRAINAGE DITCH; OR SUSTAINED PERIODS OF STANDING WATER RESULTING FROM RAINFALL.

- Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 719.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 270 719.503 Disclosure prior to sale.—
 - (1) DEVELOPER DISCLOSURE. -
 - (a) Contents of contracts.—Any contracts for the sale of a unit or a lease thereof for an unexpired term of more than 5 years shall contain:
 - 1. The following legend in conspicuous type:

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THIS AGREEMENT IS VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF EXECUTION OF THIS AGREEMENT BY THE BUYER, AND RECEIPT BY BUYER OF ALL OF THE ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE DELIVERED TO HIM OR HER BY THE DEVELOPER UNDER SECTION 719.503, FLORIDA STATUTES. THIS AGREEMENT IS ALSO VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF RECEIPT FROM THE DEVELOPER OF ANY AMENDMENT WHICH MATERIALLY ALTERS OR MODIFIES THE OFFERING IN A MANNER THAT IS ADVERSE TO THE BUYER. ANY PURPORTED WAIVER OF THESE VOIDABILITY RIGHTS SHALL BE OF NO EFFECT. BUYER MAY EXTEND THE

AFTER THE BUYER HAS RECEIVED ALL OF THE ITEMS
REQUIRED. BUYER'S RIGHT TO VOID THIS AGREEMENT SHALL
TERMINATE AT CLOSING. FIGURES CONTAINED IN ANY BUDGET
DELIVERED TO THE BUYER PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
COOPERATIVE ACT ARE ESTIMATES ONLY AND REPRESENT AN
APPROXIMATION OF FUTURE EXPENSES BASED ON FACTS AND
CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF THE PREPARATION
OF THE BUDGET BY THE DEVELOPER. ACTUAL COSTS OF SUCH
ITEMS MAY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED COSTS. SUCH CHANGES IN
COST DO NOT CONSTITUTE MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN THE
OFFERING.

2. The following caveat in conspicuous type shall be placed upon the first page of the contract:

ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE DEVELOPER. FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS, REFERENCE SHOULD BE MADE TO THIS CONTRACT AND THE DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY SECTION 719.503, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO BE FURNISHED BY A DEVELOPER TO A BUYER OR LESSEE.

- 3. If the unit has been occupied by someone other than the buyer, a statement that the unit has been occupied.
- 4. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit subject to a lease, the contract shall include as an exhibit a copy of the executed lease and shall contain within the text in conspicuous type: <u>"THE UNIT IS SUBJECT TO A LEASE (OR SUBLEASE)."</u>

- 5. If the contract is for the lease of a unit for a term of 5 years or more, the contract shall include as an exhibit a copy of the proposed lease.
- 6. If the contract is for the sale or lease of a unit that is subject to a lien for rent payable under a lease of a recreational facility or other common areas, the contract shall contain within the text the following statement in conspicuous type: "THIS CONTRACT IS FOR THE TRANSFER OF A UNIT THAT IS SUBJECT TO A LIEN FOR RENT PAYABLE UNDER A LEASE OF COMMON AREAS. FAILURE TO PAY RENT MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN."
- 7. The contract shall state the name and address of the escrow agent required by s. 719.202 and shall state that the purchaser may obtain a receipt for his or her deposit from the escrow agent, upon request.
- 8. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit in a cooperative in which timeshare estates have been or may be created, the following text in conspicuous type: "UNITS IN THIS COOPERATIVE ARE SUBJECT TO TIMESHARE ESTATES." The contract for the sale of a timeshare estate must also contain, in conspicuous type, the following:

FOR THE PURPOSE OF AD VALOREM TAXES OR SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS LEVIED BY TAXING AUTHORITIES AGAINST A TIMESHARE ESTATE, THE MANAGING ENTITY IS GENERALLY CONSIDERED THE TAXPAYER UNDER FLORIDA LAW. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CHALLENGE AN ASSESSMENT BY A TAXING AUTHORITY RELATING TO YOUR TIMESHARE ESTATE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 194, FLORIDA STATUTES.

349 350 9. Contain within the text the following statement in 351 conspicuous type: 352 353 HOMEOWNERS' INSURANCE POLICIES DO NOT INCLUDE COVERAGE 354 FOR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM FLOODING. BUYER IS 355 ENCOURAGED TO DISCUSS THE NEED TO PURCHASE SEPARATE 356 FLOOD INSURANCE COVERAGE WITH BUYER'S INSURANCE AGENT. 357 358 DEVELOPER HAS HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY 359 FLOODING THAT HAS DAMAGED THE PROPERTY DURING 360 DEVELOPER'S OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY. 361 362 DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT FILED A CLAIM WITH AN 363 INSURANCE PROVIDER RELATING TO FLOOD DAMAGE ON THE 364 PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT 365 LIMITED TO, A CLAIM WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE 366 PROGRAM. 367 368 DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT RECEIVED ASSISTANCE 369 FOR FLOOD DAMAGE TO THE PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS, 370 INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ASSISTANCE FROM THE 371 FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY. 372 373 FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS DISCLOSURE, THE TERM 374 "FLOODING" MEANS A GENERAL OR TEMPORARY CONDITION OF 375 PARTIAL OR COMPLETE INUNDATION OF THE PROPERTY OR 376 COMMON ELEMENTS CAUSED BY THE OVERFLOW OF INLAND OR 377 TIDAL WATERS; THE UNUSUAL AND RAPID ACCUMULATION OF

378	RUNOFF OR SURFACE WATERS FROM ANY ESTABLISHED WATER									
379	SOURCE, SUCH AS A RIVER, STREAM, OR DRAINAGE DITCH; OR									
380	SUSTAINED PERIODS OF STANDING WATER RESULTING FROM									
381	RAINFALL.									
382										
383	Section 5. Subsection (6) is added to section 723.011,									
384	Florida Statutes, to read:									
385	723.011 Disclosure prior to rental of a mobile home lot;									
386	prospectus, filing, approval.—									
387	(6)(a) A mobile home park owner must complete and provide a									
388	flood disclosure to a prospective lessee of a mobile home lot.									
389	Delivery must be made prior to execution of the lot rental									
390	agreement or at the time of occupancy, whichever occurs first.									
391	The flood disclosure must be in a separate document. The flood									
392	disclosure must be made in substantially the following form:									
393										
394	FLOOD DISCLOSURE									
395	Flood Insurance: Homeowners' and renters' insurance									
396	policies do not include coverage for damage resulting									
397	from floods. You are encouraged to discuss the need to									
398	purchase separate flood insurance coverage with your									
399	insurance agent.									
400	1. The park owner has has no knowledge									
401	of any flooding that has damaged the property during									
402	park owner's ownership of the property.									
403	2. The park owner has has not filed a									
404	claim with an insurance provider relating to flood									
405	damage on the property, including, but not limited to,									
406	a claim with the National Flood Insurance Program.									

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- 3. The park owner has ... has not ... received assistance for flood damage to the property, including, but not limited to, assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- 4. For the purposes of this disclosure, the term "flooding" means a general or temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of the property caused by any of the following:
 - a. The overflow of inland or tidal waters.
- b. The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff or surface waters from any established water source, such as a river, stream, or drainage ditch.
- c. Sustained periods of standing water resulting from rainfall.
- (b) If a park owner violates this section and a lessee suffers a substantial loss or damage to the lessee's mobile home or personal property as a result of flooding, the lessee may terminate the rental agreement by giving a written notice of termination to the park owner no later than 30 days after the date of the damage or loss. Termination of a rental agreement under this section is effective when the requirements of s.

 723.023(5) are met. For the purpose of this paragraph, the term "substantial loss or damage" means the total cost of repairs to or replacement of the mobile home and personal property is 50 percent or more of the mobile home and personal property's market value on the date the flooding occurred.
- (c) A park owner shall refund the lessee all rent or other amounts paid in advance under the rental agreement for any

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period	after	the	effective	date	of	the	termination	of	the	rental
agreeme	ent.									

- (d) This subsection does not affect a lessee's liability for delinquent, unpaid rent or other sums owed to the park owner before the date the rental agreement was terminated by the lessee under this subsection.
 - Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 2025.

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