By Senator McClain

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to blue ribbon projects; creating s. 163.3249, F.S.; providing a purpose and legislative intent; defining terms; requiring that a development project meet certain requirements to qualify as a blue ribbon project; specifying maximum residential density and nonresidential intensity permitted within the development area of a blue ribbon project; requiring that a specified percentage of the project's residential units meet certain requirements; authorizing the development of the development area in phases for a specified purpose; providing that development rights and mitigation of project impacts shall be vested for at least a certain period, which may be extended under certain circumstances; requiring that a blue ribbon project have a blue ribbon plan; providing requirements for such plan; specifying that a plan is not required to demonstrate certain need; requiring that a project receive dollar-for-dollar credits from a local government under certain circumstances; specifying that a project may be located on land with any future land use designation or zoning designation; prohibiting the required amendment of a comprehensive plan or a required rezoning for approval of a project; authorizing a landowner to apply to the local government for approval of a project; requiring that a project that meets certain requirements receive administrative approval; limiting local government review of a

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project; providing for the automatic approval of a project under certain circumstances; authorizing applicants to hire private companies to conduct plan reviews and building inspections; requiring an applicant to publish notice of an approved project in a specified manner; requiring an applicant to record the plan for an approved project in the public records of the county in which the project property is located; prohibiting an applicant from amending a recorded plan without undergoing a specified review; authorizing an applicant to appeal the denial of a project application to the Department of Commerce in a specified manner; authorizing a person whose substantial interests are or may be affected by approval of a project to file a petition with the department requesting an administrative hearing in a specified manner; providing requirements for such petition; requiring the department to hold certain hearings before issuing certain orders; requiring the department to determine whether a project meets certain requirements and issue a final order; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 163.3249, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

163.3249 Blue ribbon projects.—

(1) PURPOSE AND INTENT.—The purpose of this section is to

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ensure the appropriate use of important state resources and facilities. It is the intent of the Legislature to accomplish this goal by incentivizing large landowners in this state to be good stewards of the natural environment while at the same time promoting a more sustainable pattern of development. The Legislature intends to create blue ribbon projects, and to provide a mechanism by which local governments shall implement those projects within their boundaries, in order to promote the goals of preserving natural areas, encouraging agricultural land uses and rural land stewardship, protecting critical ecological systems, expanding wildlife corridors, and providing more compact mixed-use developments designed for long-term viability.

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Applicant" means the owner of land on which a blue ribbon project is proposed.
- (b) "Blue ribbon plan" or "plan" means the plan required by subsection (5).
- (c) "Blue ribbon project" or "project" means a project that meets the requirements of subsection (3).
- (d) "Development area" means land that may be developed with residential, commercial, industrial, or other uses.
- (e) "Missing middle housing" means a range of for-sale and for-rent housing types, including, but not limited to, duplexes, triplexes, townhomes, small multifamily buildings, and small detached single-family homes, that fill the gap between larger single-family homes and larger apartment buildings. Such housing may be vertically and horizontally integrated.
- (f) "New urban design" means a development design that creates walkable, mixed-use, human-centered places.

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(g) "Reserve area" means land that is set aside for environmental conservation, wildlife corridors, wetland and wildlife mitigation, productive agriculture and silviculture, parks, recreational activities, utility sites, reservoirs and lakes, or other similar types of open space.

- (3) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—A development project must meet all of the following requirements to qualify as a blue ribbon project:
- (a) The project must contain a minimum of 10,000 acres of land which are contiguous, as defined in s. 163.3163(3)(a), and which are owned by the same person or by entities owned or controlled by the same person.
- (b) At least 60 percent of the land contained in the project must be reserve area. If any project boundary is contiguous to state-owned environmental preservation land or the Florida wildlife corridor, a portion of the project's reserve area must be located adjacent to the state-owned land or the Florida wildlife corridor, as applicable.
- (c) Up to 40 percent of the land contained in the project may be development area. The development area must meet all of the following requirements:
- 1. Individual development areas within the project must be designed to enhance walkability and mobility and must include a mixture of land uses.
- 2. At least 10 percent of the development area must be allocated to nonresidential land use.
- 3. A portion of the development area must be allocated to uses intended to provide economic development and create highwage jobs. The development area so allocated must be in a

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location that is accessible to an interstate interchange, a

state road, a rail line, or an airport or other transportation
facility.

- 4. The development area must have a dense, walkable, mixeduse, human-centered development pattern that includes new urban design, including, but not limited to, towns, villages, and hamlets that have reserve area between them.
- 5. Types of residential units within the development area must be varied and include single-family, multifamily, and attached and detached residential units.
  - (4) DEVELOPMENT AREA DENSITIES AND INTENSITIES.-
- (a) A maximum residential density of 12 units per gross acre, and a maximum nonresidential intensity of 85 percent impervious surface ratio per gross acre, is permitted within the development area, as measured in combination throughout all phases of the project.
- (b) At least 20 percent of residential units within the development area in each phase of the project must be a combination of the following:
- 1. Affordable housing, with initial sale prices and ongoing rents at or below 80 percent of adjusted gross income, as defined in s. 420.602, for the county in which the development area is located.
  - 2. Missing middle housing.
- 3. Housing for people eligible for the Florida Hometown Hero Program under s. 420.5096.
- (c) The development area may be developed in phases to accommodate growth projections in the geographical area in which the project is located. Development rights and mitigation of

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project impacts shall be vested for at least 50 years. If the
applicant achieves development as defined in s. 380.04 of at
least 50 percent of the development area within 50 years after
the project's date of initial public dedication of
infrastructure, the vested period must be extended for an
additional 25 years.

- (5) BLUE RIBBON PLANS.—A blue ribbon project must have a blue ribbon plan, which is the master development plan for the project. Blue ribbon plans must include a document that addresses the requirements of this section and exhibits, including maps, illustrations, and text supported by data and analysis, that demonstrate compliance therewith. The plan must include all of the following:
- (a) A long-term master development map that, at a minimum, generally depicts the locations of reserve area and development area throughout the project area.
- (b) Identification and analysis of necessary water supplies and available sources of water, including water resource development and water supply development projects, and water conservation measures required to meet the projected demand from each phase of the project. Water and wastewater facilities must be provided in compliance with s. 163.3180. Such facilities may be provided by the applicant, a local unit of special purpose government, a special district, a local government, or the state. Local governments are encouraged to enter into public-private partnerships to accomplish water storage and other water quality and capacity improvements within the boundaries of blue ribbon projects pursuant to s. 373.4591.
  - (c) Identification and analysis of the transportation

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175 facilities and future transportation corridors necessary to 176 serve development area land uses in the master development plan, 177 including guidelines to be used to establish each modal 178 component intended to optimize mobility. Transportation 179 facilities must be provided in compliance with s. 163.3180. Such 180 facilities may be provided by the applicant, a local unit of 181 special purpose government, a special district, a local 182 government, or the state. Internal roads must be designed in 183 accordance with the Department of Transportation's traditional neighborhood development guidelines provided in chapter 19 of 184 185 the Manual of Uniform Minimum Standards for Design, Construction 186 and Maintenance for Streets and Highways, 2023 Edition.

- (d) Identification of other regionally significant public facilities necessary to support the project's permitted density as provided in paragraph (4)(a) for each phase of the project, which facilities must include utilities, parks, and schools, and policies providing the procedures to mitigate the impacts of the project's permitted density on public facilities. Public facilities must be provided in compliance with s. 163.3180. Such facilities may be provided by the applicant, a local unit of special purpose government, a special district, a local government, or the state. Local governments are encouraged to enter into public-private partnerships pursuant to s. 255.065 to provide qualifying public facilities within the boundaries of blue ribbon projects.
- (e) Identification of regionally significant natural resources within the reserve area based on the best available data and policies, and provision of mechanisms to ensure the perpetual protection or conservation of specific resources,

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consistent with the overall conservation and development strategy for the project area.

- (f) General principles and guidelines that do all of the following:
- 1. Address the land uses within the development area and reserve area, and the interrelationships between such areas.
- 2. Address the protection and, as appropriate, restoration and management of reserve areas identified in the recorded blue ribbon plan for permanent conservation and public use, which must be phased in coordination with the phased development within the development area as specified in the master development plan.
  - 3. Achieve a cleaner, healthier environment.
  - 4. Limit urban sprawl.
  - 5. Provide a range of housing types.
  - 6. Protect wildlife and natural areas.
  - 7. Advance the efficient use of land and other resources.
- 8. Create quality communities of a design that reduces and captures vehicle trips and promotes mobility options.
- 9. Enhance the prospects for state and local economic development objectives and high-wage job creation.
- (g) Development standards for each type of land use proposed within the development area which is typically found in a planned unit development as defined in s. 163.3202(5)(b).

A blue ribbon plan must be based on a planning period longer than the generally applicable planning period of the local comprehensive plan and must specify the projected population within the planning area during the chosen planning period. A

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plan is not required to demonstrate need based on projected population growth or any other basis. If under the plan a project contributes land or funds or otherwise causes the construction of public facilities pursuant to s. 163.3180, the project must receive dollar-for-dollar credits against impact, mobility, proportionate share, or other fee credits from the local government for such facility improvements as required by s. 163.3180.

- (6) LOCAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW OF BLUE RIBBON PLANS.—
- (a) A blue ribbon project may be located on land with any future land use designation provided in the applicable local government's comprehensive plan and with any zoning designation listed in the applicable local government's land development regulations. A comprehensive plan amendment or rezoning may not be required for approval of a project.
- (b) A landowner may apply to the local government for approval of a blue ribbon project. A project that meets the requirements of this section must be administratively approved without further action by the local government or any quasijudicial or administrative reviewing body. Local government review of a project is limited to review for compliance with this section. If the local government fails to provide written comments on a project application within 60 days after receipt of the application, or within 30 days after the applicant files amended application documents that are responsive to initial local government review, the application is automatically approved. At any point after the local government's initial 60-day review period, the applicant may request a final

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determination by the local government, and the local government must provide the determination within 7 days after receipt of such request. If the local government fails to provide the determination within the 7-day period, the application is automatically approved.

- (c) Applicants may hire private companies to conduct plan reviews and building inspections pursuant to s. 553.791.
- (d) If a blue ribbon project is approved, the applicant must publish notice of such approval in a newspaper of general circulation in the area in which the land is located. The notice must include the local government order number, if any; the section, township, and range in which the land is located; and a description of the project. The notice must be published within 14 days after the approval is issued.
- (e) After a blue ribbon project has been reviewed and approved, the applicant must record the blue ribbon plan in the public records of the county in which the project property is located, and the plan shall run with title to the land. The applicant may not amend the recorded plan without undergoing local government review of the plan amendment in accordance with paragraph (b). Local government review of a plan amendment is limited to the portions of the plan which are being revised.
  - (7) APPEAL PROCEDURE.—
- (a) If a local government denies an application for a blue ribbon project, the applicant may appeal the decision by filing a written petition with the Department of Commerce within 21 days after the date on which the applicant receives the local government's written notice of application denial. The applicant shall provide a copy of the notice of appeal to the local

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government.

(b) Any person whose substantial interests are or may be affected by the local government's approval of a blue ribbon project may request an administrative hearing by filing a written petition with the Department of Commerce pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The petition must be filed with the Department of Commerce within 21 days after newspaper publication of the notice of the local government decision in accordance with paragraph (6) (d). The petition must clearly state the reasons for the petition and describe how the project will adversely affect the person more substantially than the general population of the geographical area in which the project is located. A copy of the petition must also be provided to the local government. If a petition is timely filed pursuant to this subsection, the applicant may intervene as a party to the hearing.

- (c) Before issuing an order on an appeal or petition under this subsection, the Department of Commerce must hold a hearing in accordance with chapter 120.
- (d) The Department of Commerce shall determine whether the blue ribbon project meets the requirements of this section and issue a final order granting or denying the application. The department may attach conditions and restrictions to the order.
- (e) Section 120.595 applies to proceedings brought by a person whose substantial interests are or may be affected by the local government's approval of a blue ribbon project under this section.
  - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.