

HB 41

2026

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to sales of ammunition; providing a
short title; amending s. 790.065, F.S.; requiring
background checks for the sale or transfer of
ammunition; providing exceptions; providing an
effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act may be cited as "Jaime's Law."

Section 2. Subsections (1), (2), and (3), paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (4), and subsections (6), (11), and (12) of section 790.065, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (8), (10), and (14) of that section are republished, to read:

790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms and ammunition.—

(1)(a) A licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer may not sell or deliver from her or his inventory at her or his licensed premises any firearm or ammunition to another person, other than a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, licensed dealer, or licensed collector, until she or he has:

1. Obtained a completed form from the potential buyer or transferee, which form shall have been promulgated by the Department of Law Enforcement and provided by the licensed

importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer, which shall include the name, date of birth, gender, race, and social security number or other identification number of such potential buyer or transferee and has inspected proper identification including an identification containing a photograph of the potential buyer or transferee.

2. Collected a fee from the potential buyer for processing the criminal history check of the potential buyer. The fee shall be established by the Department of Law Enforcement and may not exceed \$8 per transaction. The Department of Law Enforcement may reduce, or suspend collection of, the fee to reflect payment received from the Federal Government applied to the cost of maintaining the criminal history check system established by this section as a means of facilitating or supplementing the National Instant Criminal Background Check System. The Department of Law Enforcement shall, by rule, establish procedures for the fees to be transmitted by the licensee to the Department of Law Enforcement. Such procedures must provide that fees may be paid or transmitted by electronic means, including, but not limited to, debit cards, credit cards, or electronic funds transfers. All such fees shall be deposited into the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, but shall be segregated from all other funds deposited into such trust fund and must be accounted for separately. Such segregated funds must not be used for any purpose other than the operation of the

51 criminal history checks required by this section. The Department
52 of Law Enforcement, each year before February 1, shall make a
53 full accounting of all receipts and expenditures of such funds
54 to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
55 Representatives, the majority and minority leaders of each house
56 of the Legislature, and the chairs of the appropriations
57 committees of each house of the Legislature. In the event that
58 the cumulative amount of funds collected exceeds the cumulative
59 amount of expenditures by more than \$2.5 million, excess funds
60 may be used for the purpose of purchasing soft body armor for
61 law enforcement officers.

62 3. Requested, by means of a toll-free telephone call or
63 other electronic means, the Department of Law Enforcement to
64 conduct a check of the information as reported and reflected in
65 the Florida Crime Information Center and National Crime
66 Information Center systems as of the date of the request.

67 4. Received a unique approval number for that inquiry from
68 the Department of Law Enforcement, and recorded the date and
69 such number on the consent form.

70 (b) However, if the person purchasing, or receiving
71 delivery of, the firearm or ammunition is a holder of a valid
72 concealed weapons or firearms license pursuant to ~~the provisions~~
73 ~~of~~ s. 790.06 or holds an active certification from the Criminal
74 Justice Standards and Training Commission as a "law enforcement
75 officer," a "correctional officer," or a "correctional probation

76 officer" as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or
77 (9), this subsection does not apply.

78 (c) This subsection does not apply to the purchase, trade,
79 or transfer of a rifle or shotgun or rifle or shotgun ammunition
80 by a resident of this state when the resident makes such
81 purchase, trade, or transfer from a licensed importer, licensed
82 manufacturer, or licensed dealer in another state.

83 (d) This subsection does not apply to a transfer of
84 ammunition if the transferor has no reason to believe that the
85 transferee will use or intends to use the ammunition in a crime
86 or that the transferee is prohibited from possessing ammunition
87 under state or federal law, and the transfer takes place and the
88 transferee's possession of the ammunition is exclusively:

89 1. At a shooting range or in a shooting gallery or other
90 area designated for the purpose of target shooting; or

91 2. While reasonably necessary for the purposes of hunting,
92 trapping, or fishing, if the transferor:

93 a. Has no reason to believe that the transferee intends to
94 use the ammunition in a place where it is illegal;

95 b. Has reason to believe that the transferee will comply
96 with all licensing and permit requirements for such hunting,
97 trapping, or fishing; or

98 c. Is in the presence of the transferee.

99 (2) Upon receipt of a request for a criminal history
100 record check, the Department of Law Enforcement shall, during

the licensee's call or by return call, forthwith:

(a) Review any records available to determine if the potential buyer or transferee:

1. Has been convicted of a felony and is prohibited from receipt or possession of a firearm or ammunition pursuant to s. 790.23;

2. Has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, and therefore is prohibited from purchasing a firearm or ammunition;

3. Has had adjudication of guilt withheld or imposition of sentence suspended on any felony or misdemeanor crime of domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or expunction has occurred; or

4. Has been adjudicated mentally defective or has been committed to a mental institution by a court or as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph b.(II), and as a result is prohibited by state or federal law from purchasing a firearm.

a. As used in this subparagraph, "adjudicated mentally defective" means a determination by a court that a person, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, incompetency, condition, or disease, is a danger to himself or herself or to others or lacks the mental capacity to contract or manage his or her own affairs. The phrase includes a judicial finding of incapacity under s. 744.331(6)(a), an acquittal by

126 | reason of insanity of a person charged with a criminal offense,
127 | and a judicial finding that a criminal defendant is not
128 | competent to stand trial.

129 | b. As used in this subparagraph, "committed to a mental
130 | institution" means:

131 | (I) Involuntary commitment, commitment for mental
132 | defectiveness or mental illness, and commitment for substance
133 | abuse. The phrase includes involuntary inpatient placement under
134 | ~~as defined in~~ s. 394.467, involuntary outpatient placement under
135 | ~~as defined in~~ s. 394.4655, involuntary assessment and
136 | stabilization under s. 397.6818, and involuntary substance abuse
137 | treatment under s. 397.6957, but does not include a person in a
138 | mental institution for observation or discharged from a mental
139 | institution based upon the initial review by the physician or a
140 | voluntary admission to a mental institution; or

141 | (II) Notwithstanding sub-sub-subparagraph (I), voluntary
142 | admission to a mental institution for outpatient or inpatient
143 | treatment of a person who had an involuntary examination under
144 | s. 394.463, where each of the following conditions have been
145 | met:

146 | (A) An examining physician found that the person is an
147 | imminent danger to himself or herself or others.

148 | (B) The examining physician certified that if the person
149 | did not agree to voluntary treatment, a petition for involuntary
150 | outpatient or inpatient treatment would have been filed under s.

151 394.463(2)(g)4., or the examining physician certified that a
152 petition was filed and the person subsequently agreed to
153 voluntary treatment prior to a court hearing on the petition.

154 (C) Before agreeing to voluntary treatment, the person
155 received written notice of that finding and certification, and
156 written notice that as a result of such finding, he or she may
157 be prohibited from purchasing a firearm, and may not be eligible
158 to apply for or retain a concealed weapon or firearms license
159 under s. 790.06 and the person acknowledged such notice in
160 writing, in substantially the following form:

161 "I understand that the doctor who examined me believes I am a
162 danger to myself or to others. I understand that if I do not
163 agree to voluntary treatment, a petition will be filed in court
164 to require me to receive involuntary treatment. I understand
165 that if that petition is filed, I have the right to contest it.
166 In the event a petition has been filed, I understand that I can
167 subsequently agree to voluntary treatment prior to a court
168 hearing. I understand that by agreeing to voluntary treatment in
169 either of these situations, I may be prohibited from buying
170 firearms and from applying for or retaining a concealed weapons
171 or firearms license until I apply for and receive relief from
172 that restriction under Florida law."

173 (D) A judge or a magistrate has, pursuant to sub-sub-
174 subparagraph c.(II), reviewed the record of the finding,
175 certification, notice, and written acknowledgment classifying

176 the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or
177 others, and ordered that such record be submitted to the
178 department.

179 c. In order to check for these conditions, the department
180 shall compile and maintain an automated database of persons who
181 are prohibited from purchasing a firearm based on court records
182 of adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to
183 mental institutions.

184 (I) Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II),
185 clerks of court shall submit these records to the department
186 within 1 month after the rendition of the adjudication or
187 commitment. Reports shall be submitted in an automated format.
188 The reports must, at a minimum, include the name, along with any
189 known alias or former name, the sex, and the date of birth of
190 the subject.

191 (II) For persons committed to a mental institution
192 pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph b.(II), within 24 hours after
193 the person's agreement to voluntary admission, a record of the
194 finding, certification, notice, and written acknowledgment must
195 be filed by the administrator of the receiving or treatment
196 facility, as defined in s. 394.455, with the clerk of the court
197 for the county in which the involuntary examination under s.
198 394.463 occurred. No fee shall be charged for the filing under
199 this sub-sub-subparagraph. The clerk must present the records to
200 a judge or magistrate within 24 hours after receipt of the

201 records. A judge or magistrate is required and has the lawful
202 authority to review the records ex parte and, if the judge or
203 magistrate determines that the record supports the classifying
204 of the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or
205 others, to order that the record be submitted to the department.
206 If a judge or magistrate orders the submittal of the record to
207 the department, the record must be submitted to the department
208 within 24 hours.

209 d. A person who has been adjudicated mentally defective or
210 committed to a mental institution, as those terms are defined in
211 this paragraph, may petition the court that made the
212 adjudication or commitment, or the court that ordered that the
213 record be submitted to the department pursuant to sub-sub-
214 subparagraph c.(II), for relief from the firearm disabilities
215 imposed by such adjudication or commitment. A copy of the
216 petition shall be served on the state attorney for the county in
217 which the person was adjudicated or committed. The state
218 attorney may object to and present evidence relevant to the
219 relief sought by the petition. The hearing on the petition may
220 be open or closed as the petitioner may choose. The petitioner
221 may present evidence and subpoena witnesses to appear at the
222 hearing on the petition. The petitioner may confront and cross-
223 examine witnesses called by the state attorney. A record of the
224 hearing shall be made by a certified court reporter or by court-
225 approved electronic means. The court shall make written findings

226 of fact and conclusions of law on the issues before it and issue
227 a final order. The court shall grant the relief requested in the
228 petition if the court finds, based on the evidence presented
229 with respect to the petitioner's reputation, the petitioner's
230 mental health record and, if applicable, criminal history
231 record, the circumstances surrounding the firearm disability,
232 and any other evidence in the record, that the petitioner will
233 not be likely to act in a manner that is dangerous to public
234 safety and that granting the relief would not be contrary to the
235 public interest. If the final order denies relief, the
236 petitioner may not petition again for relief from firearm
237 disabilities until 1 year after the date of the final order. The
238 petitioner may seek judicial review of a final order denying
239 relief in the district court of appeal having jurisdiction over
240 the court that issued the order. The review shall be conducted
241 de novo. Relief from a firearm disability granted under this
242 sub-subparagraph has no effect on the loss of civil rights,
243 including firearm rights, for any reason other than the
244 particular adjudication of mental defectiveness or commitment to
245 a mental institution from which relief is granted.

246 e. Upon receipt of proper notice of relief from firearm
247 disabilities granted under sub-subparagraph d., the department
248 shall delete any mental health record of the person granted
249 relief from the automated database of persons who are prohibited
250 from purchasing a firearm based on court records of

251 adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to mental
252 institutions.

253 f. The department is authorized to disclose data collected
254 pursuant to this subparagraph to agencies of the Federal
255 Government and other states for use exclusively in determining
256 the lawfulness of a firearm sale or transfer. The department is
257 also authorized to disclose this data to the Department of
258 Agriculture and Consumer Services for purposes of determining
259 eligibility for issuance of a concealed weapons or concealed
260 firearms license and for determining whether a basis exists for
261 revoking or suspending a previously issued license pursuant to
262 s. 790.06(10). When a potential buyer or transferee appeals a
263 nonapproval based on these records, the clerks of court and
264 mental institutions shall, upon request by the department,
265 provide information to help determine whether the potential
266 buyer or transferee is the same person as the subject of the
267 record. Photographs and any other data that could confirm or
268 negate identity must be made available to the department for
269 such purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of state law
270 to the contrary. Any such information that is made confidential
271 or exempt from disclosure by law shall retain such confidential
272 or exempt status when transferred to the department.

273 (b) Inform the licensee making the inquiry either that
274 records demonstrate that the buyer or transferee is so
275 prohibited and provide the licensee a nonapproval number, or

276 provide the licensee with a unique approval number.

277 (c)1. Review any records available to it to determine
278 whether the potential buyer or transferee has been indicted or
279 has had an information filed against her or him for an offense
280 that is a felony under either state or federal law, or, as
281 mandated by federal law, has had an injunction for protection
282 against domestic violence entered against the potential buyer or
283 transferee under s. 741.30, has had an injunction for protection
284 against repeat violence entered against the potential buyer or
285 transferee under s. 784.046, or has been arrested for a
286 dangerous crime as specified in s. 907.041(5) (a) or for any of
287 the following enumerated offenses:

- 288 a. Criminal anarchy under ss. 876.01 and 876.02.
- 289 b. Extortion under s. 836.05.
- 290 c. Explosives violations under s. 552.22(1) and (2).
- 291 d. Controlled substances violations under chapter 893.
- 292 e. Resisting an officer with violence under s. 843.01.
- 293 f. Weapons and firearms violations under this chapter.
- 294 g. Treason under s. 876.32.
- 295 h. Assisting self-murder under s. 782.08.
- 296 i. Sabotage under s. 876.38.
- 297 j. Stalking or aggravated stalking under s. 784.048.

298
299 If the review indicates any such indictment, information, or
300 arrest, the department shall provide to the licensee a

301 conditional nonapproval number.

302 2. Within 24 working hours, the department shall determine
303 the disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest and
304 inform the licensee as to whether the potential buyer is
305 prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm or ammunition.
306 For purposes of this paragraph, "working hours" means the hours
307 from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding legal
308 holidays.

309 3. The office of the clerk of court, at no charge to the
310 department, shall respond to any department request for data on
311 the disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest as
312 soon as possible, but in no event later than 8 working hours.

313 4. The department shall determine as quickly as possible
314 within the allotted time period whether the potential buyer is
315 prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm or ammunition.

316 5. If the potential buyer is not so prohibited, or if the
317 department cannot determine the disposition information within
318 the allotted time period, the department shall provide the
319 licensee with a conditional approval number.

320 6. If the buyer is so prohibited, the conditional
321 nonapproval number shall become a nonapproval number.

322 7. The department shall continue its attempts to obtain
323 the disposition information and may retain a record of all
324 approval numbers granted without sufficient disposition
325 information. If the department later obtains disposition

information which indicates:

a. That the potential buyer is not prohibited from owning a firearm or ammunition, it shall treat the record of the transaction in accordance with this section; or

b. That the potential buyer is prohibited from owning a firearm or ammunition, it shall immediately revoke the conditional approval number and notify local law enforcement.

8. During the time that disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest is pending and until the department is notified by the potential buyer that there has been a final disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest, the conditional nonapproval number shall remain in effect.

(3) In the event of scheduled computer downtime, electronic failure, or similar emergency beyond the control of the Department of Law Enforcement, the department shall immediately notify the licensee of the reason for, and estimated length of, such delay. After such notification, the department shall forthwith, and in no event later than the end of the next business day of the licensee, either inform the requesting licensee if its records demonstrate that the buyer or transferee is prohibited from receipt or possession of a firearm or ammunition pursuant to Florida and Federal law or provide the licensee with a unique approval number. Unless notified by the end of said next business day that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited, and without regard to whether she or he has received

351 a unique approval number, the licensee may complete the sale or
352 transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section
353 with respect to such sale or transfer.

354 (4)

355 (b) Notwithstanding ~~the provisions of~~ this subsection, the
356 Department of Law Enforcement may maintain records of NCIC
357 transactions to the extent required by the Federal Government,
358 and may maintain a log of dates of requests for criminal history
359 records checks, unique approval and nonapproval numbers, license
360 identification numbers, and transaction numbers corresponding to
361 such dates for a period of not longer than 2 years or as
362 otherwise required by law.

363 (c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to allow
364 the State of Florida to maintain records containing the names of
365 purchasers or transferees who receive unique approval numbers or
366 to maintain records of firearm or ammunition transactions.

367 (d) Any officer or employee, or former officer or employee
368 of the Department of Law Enforcement or law enforcement agency
369 who intentionally and maliciously violates ~~the provisions of~~
370 this subsection commits a felony of the third degree punishable
371 as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

372 (6) Any person who is denied the right to receive or
373 purchase a firearm or ammunition as a result of the procedures
374 established by this section may request a criminal history
375 records review and correction in accordance with the rules

376 promulgated by the Department of Law Enforcement.

377 (8) The Department of Law Enforcement shall promulgate
378 regulations to ensure the identity, confidentiality, and
379 security of all records and data provided pursuant to this
380 section.

381 (10) A licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or
382 licensed dealer is not required to comply with the requirements
383 of this section in the event of:

384 (a) Unavailability of telephone service at the licensed
385 premises due to the failure of the entity which provides
386 telephone service in the state, region, or other geographical
387 area in which the licensee is located to provide telephone
388 service to the premises of the licensee due to the location of
389 said premises; or the interruption of telephone service by
390 reason of hurricane, tornado, flood, natural disaster, or other
391 act of God, war, invasion, insurrection, riot, or other bona
392 fide emergency, or other reason beyond the control of the
393 licensee; or

394 (b) Failure of the Department of Law Enforcement to comply
395 with the requirements of subsections (2) and (3).

396 (11) Compliance with ~~the provisions of~~ this chapter shall
397 be a complete defense to any claim or cause of action under the
398 laws of any state for liability for damages arising from the
399 importation or manufacture, or the subsequent sale or transfer
400 to any person who has been convicted in any court of a crime

401 punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year, of any
402 firearm or ammunition which has been shipped or transported in
403 interstate or foreign commerce. The Department of Law
404 Enforcement, its agents and employees shall not be liable for
405 any claim or cause of action under the laws of any state for
406 liability for damages arising from its actions in lawful
407 compliance with this section.

408 (12) (a) Any potential buyer or transferee who willfully
409 and knowingly provides false information or false or fraudulent
410 identification commits a felony of the third degree punishable
411 as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

412 (b) Any licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or
413 licensed dealer who violates ~~the provisions of~~ subsection (1)
414 commits a felony of the third degree punishable as provided in
415 s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

416 (c) Any employee or agency of a licensed importer,
417 licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer who violates ~~the~~
418 ~~provisions of~~ subsection (1) commits a felony of the third
419 degree punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

420 (d) Any person who knowingly acquires a firearm or
421 ammunition through purchase or transfer intended for the use of
422 a person who is prohibited by state or federal law from
423 possessing or receiving a firearm or ammunition commits a felony
424 of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
425 775.083.

426 (14) This section does not apply to employees of sheriff's
427 offices, municipal police departments, correctional facilities
428 or agencies, or other criminal justice or governmental agencies
429 when the purchases or transfers are made on behalf of an
430 employing agency for official law enforcement purposes.

431 **Section 3.** This act shall take effect October 1, 2026.