By Senator Arrington

25-00740A-26 2026850

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to fortification of enriched grain products with folic acid; creating s. 500.072, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; defining terms; requiring that enriched grain products offered for human consumption in this state contain folic acid; providing labeling requirements for such products; providing applicability; providing penalties; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in coordination with the Department of Health, to enforce certain provisions; authorizing the departments to adopt rules; requiring the Department of Health to submit specified reports to the Legislature; providing an appropriation; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Effective January 1, 2027, section 500.072, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

500.072 Fortification of enriched grain products.—
(1) (a) The Legislature finds that:

- 1. Neural tube defects, including spina bifida and anencephaly, are serious birth defects of the brain and spine which occur early in pregnancy and cause lifelong disability and substantial health care costs.
- 2. The United States Food and Drug Administration mandated folic acid fortification of wheat flour and other grain products in 1996, leading to a significant reduction in rates of neural

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tube defects nationally.

3. Minority populations in this state disproportionately consume corn masa and white rice, which are not consistently fortified with folic acid, contributing to persistently higher rates of neural tube defects among these populations.

- 4. In this state, an average of 2.5 cases of spina bifida per 10,000 live births were reported from 2016 to 2021, with Hernando, Escambia, and Marion Counties exceeding state averages with 8.9 cases, 6.3 cases, and 5.8 cases per 10,000 live births, respectively.
- 5. Each case of spina bifida carries an estimated lifetime medical and social cost of \$800,000 to \$1.4 million, much of which is borne by Florida Medicaid and other public programs.
- 6. Fortifying grain products with folic acid is a proven, cost-effective preventive measure that can avert cases of neural tube defects, reduce long-term public expenditures related to such defects, and promote health across communities in this state.
- 7. Early folic acid intake has been associated with reduced risk for certain neurodevelopmental conditions, adding further potential public health benefit.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to reduce the incidence of neural tube defects and increase vitamin intake across this state in order to decrease the public health and fiscal burden associated with preventable birth defects and other associated negative health outcomes.
  - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Corn masa" means a doughlike food product made from corn that has undergone nixtamalization.

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(b) "Corn masa product" means a food product primarily made from corn masa or corn masa flour.

- (c) "White rice product" means a white rice or white ricederived food product.
- (3) (a) All enriched grain products, including wheat flour, corn flour, breads, cereals, corn masa, corn masa flour, corn masa products, and white rice products, offered for human consumption in this state must contain folic acid.
- 1. Corn masa flour must be enriched in an amount not less than 0.7 milligrams of folic acid, within an acceptable industry standard deviation of error, per pound of corn masa flour.
- 2. A corn masa product or white rice product must be enriched in an amount not less than 0.4 milligrams of folic acid, within an acceptable industry standard deviation of error, per pound of corn masa product or white rice product.
- (b) Products under this subsection must be clearly labeled as containing folic acid in accordance with United States Food and Drug Administration guidelines.
  - (4) This section does not apply to products that are:
- (a) Produced by cottage food operations as defined in s. 500.03(1); or
  - (b) Certified organic.
- (5) A violation of subsection (3) is grounds for disciplinary action under s. 500.121.
- (6) The department, in coordination with the Department of Health, shall enforce this section. The departments may adopt rules necessary to implement this section, including rules on protocols for enriched grain products inspections and on grain products enrichment compliance reporting.

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Section 2. The Department of Health shall submit a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2028, and annually thereafter, detailing the implementation of s. 500.072, Florida Statutes, and any observed reduction in the incidence of neural tube defects related to such implementation.

Section 3. For the 2026-2027 fiscal year, the sum of \$250,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the purpose of implementing s. 500.072, Florida Statutes, including enriched grain products inspections and public education efforts on public health benefits of the intake of folic acid.

Section 4. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.