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11	HOUSE REDISTRICTING COMMITTEE WORKSHOP
12	FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 2012
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20	Transcribed by:
21	CLARA C. ROTRUCK
22	Court Reporter
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1	TAPED PROCEEDINGS
2	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Okay,
3	members, if we can get everybody to take their
4	seats, we are going to start here. Katie,
5	could you please call the roll?
6	THE CLERK: Representatives Adkins?
7	REPRESENTATIVE ADKINS: Here.
8	THE CLERK: Bernard?
9	REPRESENTATIVE BERNARD: Here.
10	THE CLERK: Chestnut?
11	REPRESENTATIVE CHESTNUT: Here.
12	THE CLERK: Dorworth?
13	REPRESENTATIVE DORWORTH: Here.
14	THE CLERK: Eisnaugle?
15	REPRESENTATIVE EISNAUGLE: Here.
16	THE CLERK: Fresen?
17	REPRESENTATIVE FRESEN: Here.
18	THE CLERK: Frishe?
19	REPRESENTATIVE FRISHE: Here.
20	THE CLERK: Holder?
21	REPRESENTATIVE HOLDER: Here.
22	THE CLERK: Horner?
23	REPRESENTATIVE HORNER: Here.
24	THE CLERK: Hukill?
25	REPRESENTATIVE HUKILL: Here.

1	THE CLERK: Jenne?
2	REPRESENTATIVE JENNE: Here.
3	THE CLERK: Jones?
4	REPRESENTATIVE JONES: Here.
5	THE CLERK: Kiar?
6	REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Here.
7	THE CLERK: Legg?
8	REPRESENTATIVE LEGG: Here.
9	THE CLERK: Nehr?
10	REPRESENTATIVE NEHR: Here.
11	THE CLERK: Precourt?
12	Rogers?
13	REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: Here.
14	THE CLERK: Rouson?
15	REPRESENTATIVE ROUSON: Here.
16	THE CLERK: Schenck?
17	REPRESENTATIVE SCHENCK: Here.
18	THE CLERK: Workman?
19	REPRESENTATIVE WORKMAN: Here.
20	THE CLERK: Chair Weatherford?
21	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Here.
22	THE CLERK: We have a quorum.
23	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you
24 ver	ry much, Katie.
25	Good morning, members. We have a nice

1	long, full day today. How long we go will be
2	determined based on the amount of public
3	testimony we have and how much we want to talk
4	about the maps that we are going to be
5	proposing. So we are going to get everybody
6	out of here as soon as we possibly can, but we
7	also are going to make sure that we spend a lot
8	of time to thoroughly analyze the maps that are
9	before us.

As you know, we are here to workshop the options for Florida state legislative and congressional redistricting maps that were passed by the respective subcommittees. Some of you sit on those subcommittees, and some of you do not, so in that regard, I would like to thank the subcommittee Chairs and the subcommittee members who worked very hard to bring the product to this full Committee, and we appreciate all the effort that you've put in thus forth, as well as the staff, who have done just a tremendous job from the very beginning in making sure that we are prepared in all of our meetings.

I had the opportunity to watch nearly every subcommittee meeting, and it was the

product of what I thought was a very thoughtful I feel like every member of the discussion. subcommittee got a chance to learn about how this process works, had their opportunity to have input and frankly talk about something that can be very personal to members of the Committee and members of our body, and I thought that the dialogue that took place was very thoughtful and frankly appropriate and respectful, and I appreciate all the members for that.

I am also thrilled with the work product that has been put forth, both in terms of how those legal options that we have seem to demonstrate great legal compliance, and the use that -- the use of public input that we utilized throughout the process when it was legally appropriate.

So regarding today, I said back in

September that this Committee would give each

plan a second workshop, we would take a fresh

look, which is what we are here to do today,

and make sure that the public testimony that we

have gotten since December gets one more look

before we move forward and pass maps out of

1 this Committee.

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2	Today's meeting will go just like this:
3	First we are going to consider the public
4	input. We will open the substance of the
5	meeting by letting any members of the public
6	who are here and wish to speak, the opportunity
7	to do so. So if you are here in the audience
8	and either you are here to share your thoughts
9	with us on these maps or perhaps you need to
10	supplement the information you have already
11	provided us, we will be giving you that
12	opportunity very shortly. Secondly, our staff
13	will then present us with public suggestions
14	regarding the maps that we've received since
15	releasing options since releasing the
16	options on December 6th. There's actually
17	quite a bit of public testimony we have
18	received since then. We have a lot of
19	feedback, and our staff is going to walk us
20	through it one at a time. When that is
21	concluded, we will then walk through the
22	options for Congress, State House and State
23	Senate, and try to see if we can't get some
24	good dialogue on that as well.

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We will not be taking any votes today, so

we're not going to be taking any votes today,
we will not be going over amendments. Today is
simply a workshop.

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We will be voting next Friday, though, in this very Committee. So what does that mean for each of us? This morning, the Rules and Calendar Committee recommended that we readopt the same procedure we had last year for amendments for redistricting bills for this Committee and for the floor. Basically what that means is, assuming that this is approved on the floor for next Tuesday, if you have any proposed amendments to file to the bills that we are workshopping today, those amendments would have to be submitted by Wednesday of next week, by noon. And the reason for that is because the same rules -- we are going to have a two-day -- basically a 48-hour rule to give the members the opportunity of the public and of the Committee to look at the amendments.

Now, substitute amendments only have to be filed a day ahead of time, and so the deadline for substitute amendments to the amendment would have to be submitted by Thursday by noon. So those are the two deadlines that you have to

1	make	sure	that	you	take	into	account	before
2	next	week'	s me	eting	3.			

So, after today, we will have a quick turn-around. If you have an amendment, I suggest that you work with our staff and make sure that your amendments are properly prepared and that you are properly prepared to discuss them.

Again, this Committee will seek to vote out a single map for Congress, a single map for the State House and a single map for the State Senate by next Friday. That would put redistricting bills on the floor of the House the week of Thursday, the week four of session.

With that said, are there any procedural or timeline questions from members of the Committee? Procedural or timeline?

Okay. Seeing none, before we hear from the public, what we thought we might do and kind of set a nice tone for the meeting is to show you an example of how public input was utilized throughout the process of making of the maps that we have before us today, and to help us out, we have the House's Office of Public Information. They have prepared a very

1	short video that will walk us through some of
2	the highlights of how we utilized that public
3	input and how it impacted the process and the
4	map options so far. So we've got a short
5	little movie for everybody to wake you up. So
6	Jason, if you could, go ahead and turn that on
7	for us.
8	(Beginning of movie.)
9	THE NARRATOR: The Florida House of
10	Representatives continues to gather record
11	levels of public input as part of the 2012
12	redistricting process. Using traditional and
13	new media outreach, the House has spent the
14	last 16 months working to educate and engage
15	the public in all things Florida redistricting.
16	This effort fueled an unparalleled
17	response. The House now boasts 30,000 visitors

This effort fueled an unparalleled response. The House now boasts 30,000 visitors to each of its redistricting blogs. More than 500 fans on Facebook received 440 posts by staff. Nearly 800 redistricting followers on Twitter viewed 1,700 tweets. More than 40 tutorial videos are available on YouTube showing residents how to take part in the process, and especially how to use the House's state-of-the-art My District Builder

1 application. The channel boasts more than 6,800 views. 2 In addition, more than 170 maps were 3 4 submitted to the Florida Legislature for their consideration, 30 press releases were issued on 5 6 redistricting, and the House hosted five formal 7 media availabilities to help reporters statewide better understand the redistricting 8 9 process and the My District Builder 10 application, 3,500 subscribers signed up to 11 receive regular e-mail updates about redistricting, public service announcements in 12 English and Spanish ran in every major media 13 14 market in the state. 15 The 2011 redistricting public outreach 16 tour garnered nearly 5,000 attendees, and more 17

The 2011 redistricting public outreach tour garnered nearly 5,000 attendees, and more than 1,600 people provided public testimony.

In addition, hundreds more e-mailed, called or posted the House's numerous resources. The testimony is clearly reflected in the House's proposed maps.

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MR. SIERRA: I live in eastern Leon

County, and my House District is basically

based in Jacksonville, Senate district is in

Inverness. I would like to have these

1	districts more closer to home.
2	THE NARRATOR: How staff were able to
3	include these comments from Joseph Sierra in
4	each of the proposed congressional maps.
5	MS. WATSON: And we would like to be in
6	the same district as or all of Clay County
7	be together in something. That is our front,
8	and there's a lot of people here from Clay
9	County who feel exactly the same way.
10	MS. HUTTON: We would like our own
11	representation from somebody that is from Clay
12	County, that represents Clay County, the
13	values, the issues, the community.
14	THE NARRATOR: These comments from both

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Lynn Watson and Marge Hutton were used in several options of the proposed House maps, which guarantee Clay County will have a Representative that actually lives within the county.

20 A VOICE: To see very core specifics coming out, people who are very involved, like 21 the Supervisor of Elections, which I was 22 surprised that so many represented it coming 23 24 forward, saying, you know, draw the lines this 25 way, please, because it makes such a huge

1	difference in our jobs.
2	THE NARRATOR: The redistricting committee
3	heard from several Supervisors of Elections who
4	asked for a major reduction in splits of voter
5	tabulation districts, or VTDs. Our staff was
6	able to reduce these splits by more than
7	50 percent.
8	MS. REAM: In Hardee County, I definitely
9	would like to see that they keep us with the
10	inland counties.
11	THE NARRATOR: Each of the proposed State
12	House and congressional maps accomplished this
13	request from Kathleen Rheem.
14	MR. WELCH: I think in my particular area,
15	the main thing is to focus on the distinct
16	communities of interest between the coastal
17	communities that exist and the rural heritage
18	communities that exist in the eastern portions
19	of the county which are based on agriculture.
20	THE NARRATOR: During the meeting, Casey
21	Welch described that he would like to maintain
22	Highway 17 as an artery for districts in Hardee
23	County. All proposed maps reflect this design.
24	MS. DICKMAN: An appropriate dividing line

would be east and west more than by county

1	necessarily.

- THE NARRATOR: In Wesley Chapel, Jocelyn

 Dickman requested that districts in Pasco

 County be divided east and west. Pasco County

 happens to be the size of three House

 districts, and each proposed map consists of an

 east, west and central district.
- 8 MR. EASTMAN: I would like to see us have
 9 a district where the student voice gets heard
 10 as a unified thing instead of having us drawn
 11 into a district that waters down our voice.
 - THE NARRATOR: In Orlando, Brian Eastman asked for the UCF campus community to be kept whole, and all proposed State House maps comply with this request.
 - A VOICE: The area that I live in, my district stretches 60 miles north and 20 miles south, so we end up with a House district that just is all over the place. So we don't have much in common with many people in two other counties, and actually not much to do in common with people at the entire other end of this county.
- 24 THE NARRATOR: House staff were able to 25 accomplish this request as all proposed House

1 maps create three compact seats entirely in 2 Brevard County. A VOICE: I would go ahead and leave the 3 4 districts in Broward County more compact. I would make the districts in Broward County 5 6 fewer. 7 THE NARRATOR: This request is reflected 8 in each of the proposed House maps, as they are 9 far more compact and aligned with municipal 10 boundaries. 11 MAYOR BLACK: I would like to recommend, like I said, that instead of District 109, 12 which is one in particular going across from 13 14 Overtown, which is one of the most impoverished neighborhoods, to Miami Beach, which is one of 15 16 the most exclusive, that they cut that off and just let 109 stay on the other side of Miami --17 the bridge from Miami Beach, because it doesn't 18 make any -- the salaries and the incomes are 19 completely different. 20 THE NARRATOR: Village of El Portal Mayor 21 22 Daisy Black's comments are reflected in the proposed 2012 House maps. All proposals for 23

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addition, they keep the Village of El Portal

this House district now stop at Overtown.

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1 whole.
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2 MR. REYES: Right now we have four State
3 Representative districts that cut right through
4 the Town of Cutler Bay, and so we have four
5 Representatives for one -- a town of 40,000.
6 We have three congressional seats. So that
7 needs to change.

THE NARRATOR: Jamie Reyes' opinions are reflected as each proposed House map keeps

Cutler Bay whole. Each of the proposed congressional maps now keep Cutler Bay whole as well.

13 MR. MATTHEWS: I was born in Sarasota and 14 I live in Bradenton now and I grew up by the 15 airport, and the airport sits right on the 16 county line, so the communities are very intertwined. I know from experience that 17 there's a lot of community interaction between 18 the counties, so I hope they don't draw 19 20 districts strictly on county boundaries, 21 because if they do that, they will ignore that 22 community aspect, the greater community in 23 Sarasota and Manatee County.

24 THE NARRATOR: House staff paid particular 25 attention to David Matthews' comments as they

1	created congressional maps containing all of
2	Sarasota and most of Manatee. In addition, the
3	airport is in a singular district, and each
4	House map has four districts entirely in
5	Sarasota and Manatee County.
6	MR. RUSSO: Here in southwest Florida
7	where it is a lot more common sense, I think
8	that there should be three districts, as I
9	mentioned, southwest Florida, one in Sarasota
10	and Manatee County, the other in Charlotte and
11	north Lee, and the third in south Lee and
12	Collier, and in composing some interior
13	areas and interior counties here and there as
14	well.
15	THE NARRATOR: Joseph Russo's comments are
16	reflected in all of the proposed 2012
17	congressional maps precisely to how he
18	described the three districts in southwest
19	Florida.
20	MS. TRIPP: We are struggling
21	economically, and when I look, I can't help but
22	look at some of the districtings and seeing
23	that the masses of the populations are over in
24	the coastal regions, and then they come up and
25	sweep through the Glades and through the Lake

1	Okeechobee regions, and so you have it's all
2	split. But the mass the mass population in
3	the district is over on the coast, which have
4	no interest, have no same interest of the Lake
5	Okeechobee regions. So I am hoping that during
6	this process, that Senators and Representatives
7	will take a hard look at that and look at the
8	region at the heartland, and to preserve it, as
9	well as to enhance it economically.
10	THE NARRATOR: Each proposed congressional

THE NARRATOR: Each proposed congressional map accomplishes Ashley Tripp's request, and the proposed House maps respect her comments as counties like Okeechobee, Glades and Highlands are paired with other south Florida rural counties.

House and Senate members took thousands of valuable comments like this into account by putting public testimony to paper, resulting in new proposed maps for Florida State House, State Senate and congressional districts.

To access more information about the House's proposed maps or to submit public input, visit Floridaredistricting.org and tell us your story.

25 (End of movie.)

1	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: All right.
2	Thank you very much. And if we could, let's
3	thank the Office of Public Information for
4	doing a great job on that video. They took a
5	lot of input, and I thought that was a
6	tremendous job. Kudos to you guys for doing
7	that. Thank you. We appreciate it.
8	With that, in light of public testimony,
9	since we have now shown you our video that
LO	is I think it is up for an Oscar, is that
L1	right, Alex? Have we submitted that yet?
L2	MR. KELLY: Yes.
L3	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: We are pretty
L4	sure it is being considered. We do have
L5	members from the public that are here and wish
L6	to speak. If you have not filled out a card,
L7	we have them for you, we would like for you to
L8	do that, but we do have one, I believe, that
L9	has so far come forward. That is Chairman of
20	the Martin County Board of County
21	Commissioners, Mr. Edward I hope I am saying
22	this right Ciampi? Okay, great. Come on
23	forward, Chairman, and we welcome you here, and
24	thanks for being here and being a part of the
25	process Sir there is a mike you have to

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          push the button there, the mike will come on.
 2.
          Great.
               COMMISSIONER CIAMPI: I apologize. I
 3
          didn't hear my voice, but at home, we have
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          someone that does that and we have a couple of
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          minutes, so I apologize.
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               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Budget cuts,
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          sir --
               COMMISSIONER CIAMPI:
 9
                                     Yes.
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               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: -- budget
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          cuts.
               COMMISSIONER CIAMPI: So that means we
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          won't have it either, then.
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               My name is Edward Ciampi. I am the
          Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners
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16
          in Martin County. I am representing more our
17
          citizens since this was a unique opportunity to
18
          get an opportunity to address you this morning.
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               We were up here, a large contingent of us
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          were up here from the Treasure Coast for
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          Treasure Coast legislative days, and when I
22
          heard -- we had thought we had missed our
          opportunity to address you on the mapping for
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24
          our area, and when I had heard that you would
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be meeting this morning, everyone went home

1	yesterday, but I decided to stay an extra day
2	so that I would have a chance to present our
3	case personally.
4	For those of you that are not familiar,
5	Martin County is south of St. Lucie County and
6	north of Palm Beach County on the east coast.
7	We go from the ocean to Lake Okeechobee that
8	is perfect, thank you and we are a community
9	of approximately 144,000 residents. We have a
10	couple of famous residents that you might be
11	familiar with, Tiger Woods, Celine Dion, Venus
12	Williams, and everyone thinks of themselves as
13	
14	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Representativ
15	e Will Snyder.
16	MR. CAMPO: True. Senator Joe Negron,
17	Gayle Harrell, we have been very well
18	represented. And those three names in
19	particular, one of the reasons that we that
20	I wanted to come to address you.
21	We have done this on our own. We recently
22	approved our commission district mapping. And
23	I can imagine what a challenge it must be to
24	try to map out the entire state. For us, we
25	were trying to balance about 25,000 people into

1	each district, and where that number 18 is in
2	blue is we call it west of the Turnpike, is
3	beautiful country with very few citizens. So,
4	for us, you know, to shape the five districts
5	were challenging. Some needed 1,000, some
6	needed to give up 2,000, just like you are
7	doing, and we were pretty successful in that
8	regard.
9	What our concern is, is Martin County, and
LO	hopefully some of you know our reputation, is a
L1	very unique place. We have a four-story height
L2	limit. We do not allow any buildings to be
L3	built higher than four stories. We have a very
L4	environmentally sensitive population. We in
L5	the last several years have taken our
L6	publicly-owned conservation lands from about
L7	eight or nine percent to 25 percent using we
L8	have taxed ourselves a half a cent sales tax
L9	and used that money to purchase conservation
20	land so that it would never be able to be

Now, different from our neighbors to the north and south, we have a very, very slow rate of growth and think of ourselves as a -- sort

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mind set.

developed ever. And so the community has that

1	of a jewel in regards to very little
2	development, and very specific and defined
3	development. And because of that, we have been
4	fortunate with our representation in the past.
5	Representative Gayle Harrell and Representative
6	Will Snyder have done a remarkable job
7	understanding our key sort of aspects of life,
8	and we have been fortunate.
9	The concern now is that the way the maps
LO	are potentially going to be drawn, Martin
L1	County, the northern portion would go a lot
L2	more up into St. Lucie County, and with the
L3	possibility of that representation being the
L4	voters coming a lot more from St. Lucie County,
L5	and then south Martin County would potentially
L6	be defined much more by Palm Beach County. And
L7	residents there was a couple of articles in
L8	the newspaper, and you know how it goes, some
L9	blogs and some electronic newsletters have gone
20	around, and I started to receive a lot of

around, and I started to receive a lot of

calls, and one of the reasons was that my

district is Palm City, which in the last census

has become the largest community, and for us,

large is 23,000 people. Palm City is defined

by the south fork of the St. Lucie River to our

east, 95 and the Turnpike to our west, the

canal that heads you into Lake Okeechobee to

our south. So it really is an isolated, kind

of very defined community.

The other community, the county seat is
the City of Stuart, and how the map looks to be
drawn is slicing those two communities to the
north and the south along Monterey Road, which
is not like U.S. 1. It is a big road for
Martin County, but in a lot of other counties,
it is a country road. And our concern was that
by splitting it like that and having some of
the votes go north and some of the votes head
south, it really did not give us the
representation that we were hoping to maintain
in Martin County.

If this was a one or a two-year process, I think we would all be more comfortable with that, understanding that things will change, but this is a decade process, and our concern is although in the past we have been very well-represented by the folks that I had previously mentioned, our residents are nervous that that might not be the case in the years one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight,

1 nine and ten.

So what we would hope is that -- and we 2 did work with the website, which I will 3 compliment you on is a very effective tool. 4 have had our own version, our GIS system, which 5 6 allowed us to do it at the county level, but 7 for residents, including myself, to be able to 8 use yours, your mapping tool, was very, very 9 helpful. And what our goal would be is to have 10 all of Martin County inclusive fall to the 11 northern section district, and all of Stuart fall to the southern district. We feel that 12 that would be a much more compact version, the 13 residents in Martin County, and especially in 14 those two neighborhoods, it is sort of like a 15 16 yin and a yang, Palm City and Stuart being somewhat next to each other. Slicing it one 17 north and one south would then -- just as you 18 see that dip in the road right where 95 and the 19 20 Turnpike sort of intersect there, that is --21 yeah, that is Palm City right in that section 22 that says -- right where -- if the cursor's a little bit to the left, if it went the other 23 24 way where Palm City went north and Stuart went 25 south, it doesn't really affect a lot of the

1	other maps. We had a couple of different
2	variations that we were fair to understand your
3	position, which if we create our perfect map,
4	what does that do west, south and north. The
5	version that I can send to you that we have
6	worked on locally maintains very compact, it
7	would be very easily understood for our
8	residents, especially in the City of Stuart and
9	in Palm City, and would really not disrupt the
LO	rest of a trickle effect, if you will, a
L1	rippling effect for the rest.
L2	And that is what I would have to say. I
L3	can answer any questions if
L4	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Mr. Chairman,
L5	if I could, first of all, thank you for taking
L6	the time. I think it is it shows how much
L7	you care about your community that you stay up
L8	an extra day just to be here with us and sleep
L9	through a redistricting committee hearing, so
20	we appreciate you participating in that.
21	But I will tell you, we have looked at
22	several different variations of this, and I
23	think what you are bringing forth certainly has
24	some validity to it. We would love to see what
25	vou guys could suggest to us on paper I know

1 in the map that we have currently here, the one that we are looking at has the City of Stuart, 2 all of the municipality of Stuart, whole within 3 4 the brown district there, or the burnt orange District maybe. The yellow district to the 5 6 south, I believe, has -- I think it is split 7 between the two. So Palm City -- is Palm City 8 unincorporated? 9 COMMISSIONER CIAMPI: Correct. 10 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Okay. It is 11 unincorporated. So part of the challenge we have had in the process is, you know, that the 12 requirements that we live by speak specifically 13 14 to cities and counties and unincorporated We are able to view those, and we do 15 areas. 16 try to pay attention to them when they can, but 17 obviously, when you are trying to keep deviations down and everything else, it gets 18 challenging. 19 20

But I will tell you the same thing I tell
the members of this Committee and every member
of the Legislature, if someone can bring forth
an idea that helps us supply our maps and make
them more compliant to the standards of

25 Amendments 5 and 6 --

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1	COMMISSIONER CIAMPI: Right.
2	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: we will
3	certainly take a very close look at them. So I
4	would encourage you to get those to us on
5	paper.
6	COMMISSIONER CIAMPI: We have them
7	electronically. We can submit them.
8	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: That would be
9	great. And we will disseminate them to
LO	everyone on the Committee, and may be something
L1	we can take a look at next week when we are
L2	doing amendments.
L3	COMMISSIONER CIAMPI: Thank you very much.
L4	I appreciate your time.
L5	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you
L6	very much. Members, does anybody else have a
L7	comment or question for the Chairman?
L8	Okay. Thank you, Commissioner.
L9	COMMISSIONER CIAMPI: Best of luck.
20	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Take care.
21	Okay. Moving forward, is there anybody
22	else from the public that wishes to speak?
23	Anybody else? All right. Thank you very much,
24	again, Commissioner.
25	Now that we have gone through the

speakers, we are going to go ahead and hear from our staff, who is going to walk us through some of the public suggestions that we have received via e-mail, letter, social media, et These are all thoughts that we have received from the public post December 6th since we have put the maps out. And so with that, Mr. Kelly, we are going to recognize you first to talk about the congressional.

MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair, members. What myself and after me Jeff Takacs and Jason Poreda are going to be doing is going through public input, public suggestions that have been received since the House published its options for maps on December 6th, and we are going to be focusing on suggestions that we oftentimes in a general sense refer to as drawable suggestions where an individual has critiqued something and given us an alternative as to how to potentially improve the map.

And so what you have in your packet in tab one of your packet is you have the information that myself, Jeff and Jason will be presenting, and if you look at -- each page is numbered, and you will see a number of e-mails and so

forth, and posts on social media that we have
received. And what I will do is I will refer
to the page number. I am not going to present
everything, so if I happen to skip something
that you are interested in, just please let me
know and I will be happy to double back and
answer any questions you may have.

But, again, tab one of your packets, the information received pertain to a number of different types of requests, whether it is referring to how counties and cities are treated, or like the prior discussion, how unincorporated areas are treated, and for the benefit of the discussion, what I will do is I will use the maps that are up, all -- we have all three congressional maps that are proposed up and available, so I will scroll through these just to give you an idea as to how these comments relate to the maps as well.

So referring to page two in tab one, referring to Nassau County, there was a comment received from a Fernandina Beach commissioner regarding complimenting for keeping Nassau County whole. Nassau County is actually split in two of the three maps that are proposed.

1	Map 9041 and map 9045 split Nassau County, and
2	I will just give you an example of that, but
3	map 9043, which is also House Bill 6005, that
4	particular bill keeps Nassau County whole
5	again. So that was feedback from Nassau
6	County.
7	Moving on to page three, feedback that
8	came from a Duval County resident
9	complimented complimented map 9041 as being
LO	a preferred map. And 9041, just to take a look
L1	at what that actually does in the Duval County
L2	area, this is actually that map, and the
L3	particular map places the east side of Duval
L4	County in one district, the west side into a
L5	different district, combining it with the
L6	eastern part of Nassau County and the northern
L7	parts of St. Johns County.
L8	Moving on to page four and also page five,
L9	the Clay County supervisor's office has
20	communicated with us regarding how
21	Congressional Districts 3 and 5 interact with
22	the geography, the roads and neighborhoods in
23	Clay County. If you as members of the
24	subcommittee, you will remember that some
)5	changes were made in the subsommittee meetings

to already take some of this input. We have received recently additional input from the Clay County supervisor's office as to how to best not split neighborhoods, best use roadways. So some of this has actually already been factored in, and then some of this we just received. The one tough thing that you do get into

with the congressional maps, this is a good example, a good reminder, is that because of the requirement to achieve perfect population, there is -- in almost every congressional district, there's going to be at least one place where a neighborhood may have been split in order to achieve that perfect population.

So sometimes that does factor in and that may make certain recommendations not operable, but, again, we will be taking a look at this particular recommendation.

Moving on to page seven, let's skip page
six, moving on to page seven, the point was
raised -- if you remember the public meeting in
The Villages, a reminder about keeping The
Villages communities whole. The Villages is
encompassed by northeastern Sumter County,

1	southern parts small southern parts of
2	Marion County and generally the municipality of
3	Lady Lake in Lake County is generically
4	considered to be part of The Villages. And I
5	will just take you to each of the maps just to
6	show you how that area is impacted. And in map
7	9041, The Villages community is actually kept
8	whole, so just to give you an idea. As you can
9	see, The Villages right there on the screen,
LO	and the county boundary, which will appear.
L1	And The Villages, again, generally speaking, is
L2	considered to be Lady Lake, the northeastern
L3	side of Sumter and southern parts of Marion
L4	County.
L5	Taking a look at map 9043, again, a
L6	similar configuration, although on the Lake
L7	County side, the division very specifically
L8	goes in to take all of Lady Lake and all of
L9	Fruitland Park, and otherwise, no other parts
20	of Lake County.
21	In looking at map 9045, a similar
22	configuration; however, the Lake County impact
23	spreads a little further, almost up to Eustis,
24	but not including Eustis.

Moving on to page eight, a very lively

1	comment from a Lake County resident actually
2	regarding this configuration. The Grand Isle
3	community Grand Island community was split
4	by a roadway. One of the impacts of using
5	roadways, of trying to create a nice aesthetic
6	look using major roadways and so forth, is that
7	that can have the possibility of splitting an
8	unincorporated community, and so that happens,
9	and that happens in almost every map, and those
LO	are some of the tough decisions that you have
L1	to weigh over as far as whether using that
L2	roadway is the legally appropriate measure to
L3	take, or whether you want to take into
L4	consideration that unincorporated community.
L5	And that is the impact here, right where I am
L6	mousing over, that is the Grand Island
L7	community, and you can see the road goes right
L8	down through the community.
L9	Moving on to page nine, there were just
20	general requests to keep Marion County whole in
21	the congressional maps, reacting to, generally
22	speaking, the Fifth Congressional District as
23	is drawn in each of the congressional maps.
24	The fifth Congressional District is an
25	African-American opportunity district, an

1	existing district today. It does take in small
2	parts of the population. Most of the
3	population in Marion County is not encompassed
4	in Congressional District 5 in any of the maps,
5	but, nonetheless, parts of Marion County are.
6	Now, I'll just zoom in to give you a view
7	of exactly what is taken in Congressional
8	District 5. It is, generally speaking, the
9	municipality of Reddick that is taken into
LO	account, which you can see is kept whole in
L1	Congressional District 5, so that's a city is
L2	kept whole in the district; otherwise, the
L3	district, generally speaking, takes very
L4	non-populated portions of the county.
L5	Moving on to item ten, coming back to
L6	Martin County, there was an e-mail received
L7	just regarding the congressional districts, and
L8	the individual also commented on the House
L9	districts, and later Jeff Takacs will be going
20	over a number of public feedback we have
21	received regarding the discussion from earlier,
22	the House districts in Martin County, but
23	regarding the congressional district, the
24	request was simply to keep Martin County whole.
25	In all of the proposed maps Martin County is

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1
          kept whole in the 18th Congressional District.
               Moving on to item 11, there was a few
 2
          e-mails received regarding the 22nd
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 4
          Congressional District, and that is the same in
          all the maps, so I will go to that area in map
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 6
          9045 to give you a view.
                                    The comment concerns
 7
          the portions of the district that were defined
 8
          largely just by the need to get equal
 9
          population, the portions of the district that
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          go into more southern central parts of Broward
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          County, the Plantation area. The design of the
          districts, both 21 and 22, and even 20 was
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          largely predicated on municipal boundary lines,
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          and where municipalities could not be kept
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          whole, trying to avoid multiple splits of a
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16
          municipality. So if a municipality had to be
          split once, trying to make sure it was only
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18
          perhaps split one time. And the area is also
          largely defined by District 20, which is a
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20
          district that is impacted by both Sections 2
21
          and Sections 5 the of the Federal Voting Rights
22
                So, again, the southern portion that the
          resident is asking to be cleaned up or changed
23
24
          is largely based on, again, equal population,
25
          and then also trying to keep city splits to a
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1 minimum, if not keep municipalities whole, which there are several municipalities kept 2 whole in both 21 and 22 and even 20. 3 4 The 12th page in your packet, if you remember from the subcommittee meeting regards 5 6 the City of Hialeah, which is split in all the different maps, and during your last meeting in 7 8 the congressional subcommittee, we had a brief 9 presentation regarding this very issue, noting 10 that in an effort to draw the districts with a 11 more geometric type meeting point where the three Hispanic majority-minority existing seats 12 meet, Districts 25, 26 and 27, as they are 13 proposed in these maps, trying to create a more 14 clear, defined meeting point, the City of 15 16 Hialeah is one of the few cities that is split. Most cities are kept whole. It is one of the 17 18 few that is split, and, again, it was to try to maintain existing opportunities for racial 19 language minorities, for language minorities, 20 21 but at the same time trying to create something 22 of a more aesthetically compact shape to the

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defined for the residents in the affected

communities.

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districts, a meeting point that is more clearly

In order to look at possibly

keeping Hialeah whole, it would have to really
be a dramatic redesign of these districts, but,
again, that was the feedback from the City of
Hialeah making that request.

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I am going to skip on to item number 14 and also item number 15. Both -- and Jeff will cover this somewhat later, too, and that is the House map. Regarding the Poinciana community in -- which is split between Osceola and Polk Counties, we have received feedback, essentially somewhat conflicting feedback or conflicting requests. Some residents of the area, including one who even submitted a State House map, some residents of the area request that Poinciana be kept whole in the maps, and some residents actually specifically request that Poinciana not be kept whole in the maps. And just to give you an idea, this is the Osceola County/Polk County division, and as you zoom in, you can probably best see this using the VTDs. You see Poinciana here. Poinciana is on both sides of the county line, and, again, in some of the maps, it is kept whole, in some of the maps, it is not kept whole, and so, again, we've received a request to keep it

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1
          whole and a request to not keep it whole.
               I am going to skip on to items 18 to 22,
 2
          which all relate to a similar issue, and that
 3
          is how the congressional districts in
 4
          Hillsborough and Polk County relate to each
 5
 6
          other.
 7
               In this particular example in terms of map
 8
          9045, District 15 is predominantly a
 9
          Hillsborough County district with about 90,000
10
          residents in Polk County. Taking a look at map
11
          9043 -- and, forgive me, I should say if anyone
          gets lost in terms of bill numbers and plan
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          numbers, everyone, in your packet, there is a
13
          little cheat sheet with the plan numbers and
14
          bill numbers just in case any of this gets at
15
16
          all confusing.
                          In map 9043, this map has the
          greatest concentration of both counties in
17
          terms of sharing the district or --
18
          Hillsborough County is approximately
19
          two-thirds -- a little more than two-thirds of
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21
          the district, whereas all of the City of
          Lakeland and, in total, about 180,000 Polk
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25 impact Polk County at all. And the different

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County residents are in the district. And then

in map -- in map 9041, the District does not

1	comments received in some cases, if you are
2	looking at pages 18 and 22, some individuals
3	actually suggested that those communities of
4	Lakeland and that area should be combined with
5	parts of Hillsborough County, but the City of
6	Temple Terrace, the City of Tampa have
7	requested that District 15 be concentrated in
8	as much of Hillsborough as possible. In this
9	particular instance, District 15, minus 5,700
LO	residents, is entirely in Hillsborough County.
L1	Those 5,700 residents were actually used to
L2	exactly balance the populations in Sarasota and
L3	Manatee Counties, which are approximately 5,700
L4	residents too many for a congressional seat.
L5	So, in this case, District 15 and District 16
L6	are basically paired up so that those counties
L7	can and largely have a single Representative
L8	who will come from their region. So, again,
L9	some of the input requested something more like
20	what is in 9041, and some requested crossing
21	the county line, including the City of
22	Lakeland, that relationship between Polk and
23	Hillsborough.
24	Moving to page 23, this particular
25	individual requested in terms of looking at

1	District 14, requested that that district be
2	included entirely in Hillsborough County. The
3	issue that the difficulty in doing so is
4	that this district Hillsborough County is a
5	Section 5 protected jurisdiction. This
6	particular district has a population that is
7	approximately about half either
8	African-American or Hispanic, and so this
9	district likely falls under the review of the
10	pre-clearance process, and the argument would
11	be that the combined African-American/Hispanic
12	communities are able to select a candidate of
1,3	choice, perhaps and possibly not
14	African-American or Hispanic, but, nonetheless,
1,5	able to select a candidate of choice. So in
16	order to maintain that, the district needs to
17	go into Pinellas County. Taking the district
18	out of Pinellas County would almost certainly
19	put that relationship in jeopardy and would
20	probably create issues in terms of the
21	pre-clearance process for this district, but,
22	nonetheless, the constituent was nonetheless
23	asking to have the district entirely in
24	Hillsborough County.
25	Moving on to item number 26, these last

1	few items are actual maps that were submitted
2	by members of the public in response to either
3	proposals by the House or proposals by the
4	Florida Senate. Item number 26 that is in your
5	packet is a map submitted by the redistricting
6	of Florida class at Florida Gulf Coast
7	University. It is an interesting map in that
8	it paints two extremes. The map generally
9	creates very compact shapes in terms of
10	districts; however, it has a high degree of
11	likelihood that it would have eliminated all
12	three African-American and two of the three
13	Hispanic seats in the state of Florida,
14	existing districts today. So the map would
15	create some serious litigation concerns, but,
16	nonetheless, it is an articulation of a very
17	compact design and it paints those two
18	extremes.
19	Moving on to page 27, I won't spend much
20	time on this map. The individual submitted a
21	map in response to the House's; however, the
22	population numbers were not drawn to the
23	mathematical quality, so most of what the map
24	does would have to be adjusted before it could
25	be utilized.

1	Maps 165, 166 and 167 were all submitted
2	by a Hillsborough County resident who went sort
3	of through an evolution of amending some of the
4	House proposals. This individual was very much
5	looking at what is now 9043. Initially in
6	on page 28 of your packet, plan 165, the
7	individual makes a change to the Sarasota,
8	Manatee and Hillsborough County or Counties
9	area such that the municipality of North Port
10	in Sarasota County is put in with a district
11	that includes all of Charlotte County. So
12	Sarasota County becomes split, but then what
13	the individual does is keep Manatee whole and
14	pushes that district, District 16, into
15	Hillsborough County. In terms of looking at
16	the different variables of compactness and
17	other measurements, this is basically an even
18	trade-off in terms of how the House maps
19	currently or the House's proposals currently
20	makes the districts more compact and so forth.
21	This is basically a trade-off. It doesn't
22	affect the overall totals in terms of county
23	splits or city splits, so this is probably a
24	great example of just what a policy decision
25	would be in terms of a public suggestion.

1	Maps 166 and 167 carry the issue further.
2	What this individual was doing was coming back
3	to the Poinciana community and was looking at
4	how to keep the Poinciana community whole in a
5	district. In map 166, the individual keeps
6	Poinciana whole, the District 17 that is
7	largely coming from the rural, whole counties
8	to the south of it, and in map 167, the
9	individual takes an Osceola County-based
10	district and grabs the bulk of the Poinciana
11	community. The noted effect though of doing
12	that is it did noticeably make the maps less
13	compact compared to the House's proposals.
14	Map 168 was actually submitted by a I
15	believe Sarasota County resident in response to
16	actually one of the Senate's proposed maps.
17	The individual in this case looked at the
18	districts in Broward and Palm Beach County, and
19	just to give you an example of how that might
20	relate to the House's proposed maps, which are
21	identical in that part of the state, this
22	individual essentially took Districts 21 and 22
23	for all intents and purposes, and instead of
24	running the districts north to south, ran the
25	districts east to west but still with a focus

1	on trying to keep cities whole and so forth.
2	It is a different look to the map, and it does
3	potentially, depending on how the districts are
4	drawn, create an opportunity to possibly make
5	the districts more compact. It is something
6	that we are taking a look at as to whether or
7	not this kind of configuration could be
8	utilized to help any of the maps. Not sure
9	where that will end up, but we are taking a
10	look at it.
11	In terms of maps 172, 173 and 174, which
12	are pages 32 through 34 in your packet, 172 is
13	really just an earlier version of 174, so you
14	can probably disregard that and look at 173 and
15	174.
16	173, this individual was reacting to one
17	of the House's proposals, and in this
18	particular case was actually looking at some of
19	the districts in the same area, District 22,

of the House's proposals, and in this

particular case was actually looking at some of

the districts in the same area, District 22,

was also looking at the districts along the

Treasure Coast, Brevard County and so forth.

The end result, generally speaking, was that

the individual created noticeably less compact

districts in terms of creating more coastal

districts, as opposed to using whole counties,

which actually had the effect of keeping the districts more compact as well. So the individual went more for a coastal district design, and it actually made the compactness scores less compact.

174 is a similar -- similar situation, and the individual did the same thing on both coasts, making the districts more coastal, for instance, in the Sarasota and Manatee County areas, using the highway as opposed to keeping the counties whole, but, again, it had the net result of making the districts somewhat less compact.

And with that, members, there's some information that -- public input that the Committee, we received last evening as we were getting ready for the meeting, so your packets were already printed. There is an additional -- some additional public input in your packets that both Jeff and I in our presentations will be speaking to, some last-minute input.

Lori Edwards, the Supervisor of Elections in Polk County, again referring to this particular packet, the Supervisor of Elections of Polk County did submit to us for

1	consideration to take a look at some
2	communities that maybe could be better kept
3	whole in Polk County. Oftentimes the
4	Supervisors of Elections are concerned with
5	voter islands, that being where a voter, when
6	they draw the let's say the county
7	commission district or the school board
8	districts, and then you draw the state
9	legislative and congressional districts, you
10	have possibility of having sometimes one person
11	or two people who have a ballot unto themselves
12	that is completely unique. The net result of
13	that is that that voter's vote could be
14	revealed in terms of elections data when
15	somebody looks for somebody that fits that
16	exact profile. So we try to avoid that as much
17	as possible, and anytime the supervisor has any
18	consideration, which we take a look at it very
19	seriously to try to help avoid those voter
20	islands. So Ms. Edwards just submitted this to
21	us. We really haven't gotten to look at it
22	much more than just getting it last night,
23	preparing for today, but we are planning to
24	take a look at this.
25	Skipping on just a few pages to the fourth

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1	page in this addendum, the Mayor of Tampa also
2	sent an e-mail recently, coming back to the
3	discussion of how Hillsborough and Polk County
4	line up together with their congressional
5	districts, the Mayor of Tampa sent an e-mail in
6	support of map 9041, again asking for that seat
7	that is mostly in Hillsborough County.
8	And relating also this will come up in
9	Jeff's presentation. The next page comes from
10	a current council member in the municipality of
11	Oldsmar in Pinellas County. This particular
12	individual asked that the House look at the
13	Florida Senate's version of Congressional
14	District 9, which stretches from northern
15	Hillsborough through northern Pinellas. This
16	particular individual made the case that
17	Oldsmar and that part of the county had a
18	relationship with northern northwestern
19	Hillsborough County, and they asked that it be
20	looked at. The reason why I mentioned the
21	how that relates to Jeff's proposal is we've

requests very much the opposite. So it was an interesting request, but, nonetheless, this

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actually received a resolution from the City of

Oldsmar that Jeff will get into that actually

1	particular council member asked that
2	northwe or northeastern or northern
3	Pinellas County be lined up with northwestern
4	Hillsborough County. And with that, I am going
5	to turn it over to Jeff, unless you have any
6	questions.
7	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you,
8	Alex. Members, any questions for Alex before
9	we move forward to the House? Okay, great,
10	thanks.
11	Mr. Takacs, you are recognized.
12	MR. TAKACS: Thank you very much,
13	Mr. Chairman.
14	Before I get started going through the
15	House map public input that we've received, as
16	Mr. Kelly mentioned, don't forget that cheat
17	sheet that is in your packet that refers to the
18	bill number as it relates to the plan number as
19	well. I will probably generally be referring
20	to the plan number, so use that cheat sheet to
21	understand which bill that plan number lines up
22	with.
23	Going back to the main packet of public

36, we received some feedback from the Escambia

1	County Supervisors of Elections to try to avoid
2	those voter islands that Mr. Kelly described
3	just a moment ago within their county. This
4	was prior to the adoption of the amendment that
5	the House subcommittee had on each of the
6	proposals, and we believe that some of those
7	voter islands have been addressed by that
8	amendment, but we're not sure if they all have.
9	So what we have actually done is sent the
10	amended proposals to the supervisor's office,
11	asking that they review those and see if those
12	voter islands are still there or if there are
13	new ones, et cetera, and we are awaiting
14	further feedback from them. So that is page
15	36. And you will see on 37 and 38, that they
16	are pointing out the actual voter islands
17	between the districts.
18	Moving on here to to the next page,
19	page 40 here, let me to the best of my
20	ability, I am going to try to move around the
21	map to show some of the different aspects of
22	the public feedback that we have received and
23	so you can actually get a look at what the
24	proposal is. This is currently map number
25	9027. The thing about page 40, we received

1 some testimony from the folks in Navarre and 2 Navarre Beach and this area here where you see where my mouse is, in Santa Rosa County, asking 3 4 that the folks of Navarre and Navarre Beach be united together. Under the prior proposal by 5 6 the House subcommittee before the amendment, that District 2 extended all the way to that 7 8 bottom section there, that little square type 9 section in Santa Rosa County. As you can see 10 in this amended version of 9027, that is no 11 longer, and now District 3 comes down to the 12 county line. That was in response to this request. We were actually able to accomplish 13 14 what the folks in Navarre and Navarre Beach were seeking in the amendment. 15 16 Moving on to page 41, this is actually

Moving on to page 41, this is actually regarding District 4 and how it comes up into the City of Crestview there just north of I-10. Previously, prior to the amendment, the district had just the city boundaries of the City of Crestview within it, and we received testimony asking if there was a better way to use roadways and other areas right around Crestview to make sure that neighborhoods that are just outside of the city limits who really

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consider themselves a part of Crestview be
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         included in that district, and as you can see
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         here, that was also accomplished by the
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         amendment by the subcommittee.
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I am going to move ahead to page 43. came to us by a resident in Bay County asking that -- there is a district wholly based in Bay County there, District 6, and they asked that the Panama City airport be included within that district. As you can see -- I will zoom in here just a little bit. Again, this was something that we received prior to -- prior to the -- to the amendment being adopted, and there was a change made to include a major portion of the airport wholly within District So that was accomplished in response to the public testimony that we received via that e-mail.

Moving forward to page 45, 44 is a previous communication that we received from the Leon County Supervisors of Elections office, the page 45 is actually an updated response to the actual amendments that were adopted by the -- by the House subcommittee. They have asked that some specific areas that

1	relate to the boundary between Districts 8 and
2	9 be addressed to try to line up, similar to
3	the voter island concept, but just trying to
4	line up the districts to the county commission
5	districts or to precinct lines, and we are
6	currently reviewing those requests. You can
7	see the actual specific areas on pages 46, 47,
8	48 and 49. Just something to consider as we
9	would be reviewing those potential changes,
10	House District 8 is currently a
11	majority-minority black district, and so what
12	we would need to ensure is that those changes
13	did not bring the black voting age population
14	of that district below 50 percent. So that
15	would be something that would need to be
16	considered when looking at those changes.
17	I am going to zoom out here a little bit.
18	We've gotten a couple of phone calls from a
19	Taylor County resident who has left us some
20	voice mails regarding the rural counties in the
21	Big Bend area. Basically what this gentleman
22	is saying is that he would prefer that the
23	smaller rural counties in their region not be
24	tied to Leon County, if at all possible. As
25	you can see again, this is plan 9027. If

1	you look at that District 7, which has many
2	whole counties within it, Lafayette, Taylor
3	County here, Jefferson County, and so forth,
4	there is a portion of that district, as you can
5	see, in Leon County, which was simply done for
6	population equalization. So this would be the
7	actual plan that is closest to his request. He
8	did also on the voice mail ask that Taylor,
9	Madison and Lafayette Counties all be kept
10	whole and together within a district, and you
11	can see those three counties are here and that
12	is accomplished by the House plans.
13	Interestingly enough, I am going to zoom
14	in here on the Gadsden County/Leon County area.
15	We've received somewhat of opposite feedback
16	from some residents in northeastern Gadsden
17	County asking that they actually be linked with
18	Leon County and with northern Leon County.
19	There was some public testimony that we
20	received in the Tallahassee public hearing, if
21	you recall from the reports that we conducted
22	as a committee on the public input, it was NW-3
23	that outlined a specific attempt at a map that
24	Mr. Doug Croley submitted showing what he was

talking about as far as connecting northeastern

```
1
          Gadsden County to northern Leon County.
 2
          on page 51 is simply saying that they support
          that concept that Mr. Croley brought forward.
 3
          Just as a consequence as you consider that,
 4
          that would be an additional county split
 5
 6
          between Districts 8 and 9 if that were to be
 7
          addressed.
 8
               Moving on to page 52, this is a partial
 9
          submitted map that we received from Mr. Roy
10
                  It specifically addresses -- I don't
11
          have that map here on the screen, but I'll just
12
          kind of go to that general area of the state so
          you can look at it. It addresses the kind of
13
14
          northeastern area of the state, excluding Duval
15
          County. And what he proposes is a district
16
          that would keep Baker, Union, Bradford Counties
          whole, and then have portions of Columbia --
17
18
          excuse me, it would have Nassau County whole as
          well, and then portions of Clay County. When
19
20
          you look at the map on the -- on the page
21
          there, on page 52, some things jump out at me
22
          when I first reviewed this map, the first of
          which is that Columbia County would be split.
23
24
          You can see there's a little bit of a
```

carve-out, kind of an odd-shaped carve-out on

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1
          the map there by Mr. Lyons, which would lead to
          a county split for Columbia County. Also, too,
 2
          it would also -- thinking about -- and I will
 3
 4
          get into this a little bit further when I
 5
          actually go into the workshop of the various
 6
          House proposals, but when you look at the
 7
          populations of Nassau and Duval Counties
 8
          combined, they equal roughly that of six House
 9
          districts. So if you were to take Nassau
10
          County as Mr. Lyons has and placed it with
11
          other counties that are not Duval County, it
12
          would be a step away from that -- from that
          concept. Also, he splits the City of Lake
13
          City. And then also, too, looking at that
14
          District 3 there on page 52, the population
15
16
          deviation for that district would be minus
          4,007, which would actually be a new low water
17
18
          mark for population deviation on the plan,
          which would affect the overall population
19
          deviation for all of the House proposals.
20
21
          some things to consider in regards to that map.
               Moving forward, we're going to kind of
22
          zoom in here to the Duval County area on page
23
24
               We received some comments from some
25
          residents regarding the boundaries of Districts
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1
          15 and 16. As you can see here, District 15 --
          let me see if I can show it a little bit here.
 2
          If you see where my mouse is there, that is
 3
 4
          actually the St. Johns River, and you will see
          that District 15 crosses over the river to grab
 5
          some population. We have received some
 6
 7
          testimony similar to the one on page 53 that
 8
          suggests that the actual river be used as the
 9
          dividing line between the two districts.
10
          that is something that we are currently
11
          reviewing as we move forward in this process.
               Moving on to page 54, I will just kind of
12
          zoom out here a little bit, we've received some
13
          testimony from the residents of the beach
14
          communities in Jacksonville Beach, Atlantic
15
          Beach and Neptune Beach, which is in this
16
          general area here. I will zoom in here just a
17
          little bit further so you can see where those
18
                      We've received testimony from these
19
          areas are.
20
          folks asking that the district to the south,
21
          which is this pink district here, which is
22
          wholly located in St. Johns County, come up and
          grab these beach communities, and there's
23
24
          specific reason for that as they talk about the
25
          concept of District 11 and how it connects to
```

1	Nassau County. For those folks in this region
2	here, or in these three beach communities, for
3	them to travel north into Nassau County where
4	the other portion of this district is, they
5	contend that this is actually a non-contiguous
6	district because there is no way to get from
7	point A to point B. There was at one time a
8	ferry that connected the two areas of land
9	together, but it is my understanding that ferry
10	has been shut down or is in the process of
11	being shut down, so those folks are contending
12	that that is a non-contiguous district and just
13	talking about the general transportation issues
14	that would come from District 11 as it is
15	currently drawn. Thinking about connecting
16	those communities to the district to the south,
17	again, that would create an extra county split
18	and would also be a step away from that concept
19	that I talked about earlier of Nassau and Duval
20	Counties being six districts wholly contained
21	within the two counties.
22	But what I would like to do, Mr. Chairman,
23	thinking about this issue of contiguity, with
24	your indulgence, I would like to bring up Mr.
25	George Meros to talk about contiguity and how

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that would work with this specific example.
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- 2 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Mr. Meros,
- 3 you are recognized.
- 4 MR. MEROS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I
- 5 have looked at that issue, and we have done the
- 6 research on the requirements of contiguity, and
- 7 that district would comply with the contiguity
- 8 requirement. The contiguity requirement does
- 9 not require a specific roadway availability
- from one point to another; in fact, waterways
- can be crossed for contiguity purposes. So
- there is no legal problem with that map based
- on contiguity.
- 14 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you.
- Mr. Takacs.
- MR. TAKACS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- I am going to move ahead to page 57. We
- 18 received some input from the Clay County
- 19 Supervisor of Elections office as it relates to
- 20 the districts in their region. They have made
- 21 two requests, the first of which is there's one
- 22 census block that is used as the boundary --
- 23 that is a part of the boundary, I should say,
- 24 between Districts 18 and 19. They just ask
- 25 that that one census block be swapped between

1	the two districts so that the district
2	boundaries line up with the boundaries of Camp
3	Blanding, which is a Florida National Guard
4	base in the region. We have reviewed that
5	request. That particular census block is
6	essentially a roadway and doesn't affect
7	population, so we are going to continue to
8	review that request.
9	The second piece of that request talks
10	about the actual plan that is on your screen
11	here, which is 9031, and how these districts
12	relate for Clay County, specifically Districts
13	15 and 18. But basically they basically gave
14	their comments saying they do not like this
15	option of the three options, because of the way
16	the districts traverse the various
17	neighborhoods within northeast Clay County. So
18	that was their input for that.
19	Moving on to page 59, Mr. Kelly already
20	talked about the community of Poinciana. We
21	have also received some comments regarding the
22	House maps as far as how Poinciana is
23	addressed, and I will kind of zoom in here a

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24

25

little bit so you can see it. Again, thinking

about the community of Poinciana, it does cross

1	the county lines there. As you can see in this
2	House proposal, the District 43 there stops at
3	the county line, which would essentially split
4	the community of Poinciana between the
5	districts. Mr. Laytham expressed his
6	displeasure for that current configuration, and
7	to his credit, he did offer some maps in
8	suggestion of how to change that. If you look
9	at page 60, which is map 164, you can see how
10	he works to address that, and a couple of
11	things that jump out there, his District 42
12	takes areas of the district that's in Polk
13	County to presumably include all of Poinciana.
14	The one challenge with this is that the
15	District 43 in his map is an attempt to be a
16	majority-minority Hispanic district, but,
17	unfortunately, the Hispanic voting age
18	population of that district dips below
19	50 percent. It is a 49.15 percent. So that
20	would be a consideration there. His second
21	attempt at 163, map 163, actually puts District
22	43 to have all of the community of Poinciana.
23	One of the challenges that would be presented
24	with this map is it does create an extra county
25	split, and also, by trying to equalize the

population, he did end up also splitting the

City of Kissimmee between two districts, which

is currently kept whole in District 43 on the

House proposals.

Next, if you look at page 62, we are going to talk about the east Orange County and east Orlando region as it relates to District 50.

Essentially what this person has requested is that the western portion of east Orlando be separated from a district that would run up to Interstate 95, which is what District 50 does.

So essentially, to put it in a different way, they believe District 50 comes too far to the west.

When you think of Orange County, and I
will talk about this a little bit more when
I've actually workshopped the various plans,
municipal boundary lines were heavily used in
the crafting of the districts in this region,
and thinking about where District 50 is, there
are no incorporated communities, no
incorporated cities within that area. So in
the other various districts in the Orange
County region, municipality lines were heavily
used there.

1 Also, too, I should mention, when you look 2 at Brevard County -- I am going to zoom out just a little bit, and this was consistent with 3 4 the public testimony that we received from the residents of Brevard County. 5 They were seeking 6 three House districts that were wholly within 7 their county that would separate the northern, 8 central and southern portions of the county, 9 and you can see that on this proposal, 10 Districts 51 through 53 achieve that. Brevard 11 County's population is too large there. can see there is a portion of District 50 that 12 is in Brevard County, and that is because their 13 population is too large for four districts, so 14 that is where that extra district was built. 15 Thinking about how the lines were drawn in 16 Brevard County, when you start building to the 17 south and go north, that is what happens with 18 that extra area of population in northwestern 19 20 Brevard County. 21 I am going to move south here just a 22 little bit to Indian River County on page 63. We received some testimony from some folks 23 24 seeking that Indian River County be split 25 between two different districts. It was also

1	suggested that Indian River County be linked in
2	a district with Brevard County as opposed to
3	Indian River County. Members, as you remember
4	from the summer tour and the places where we
5	have gone specifically in this Treasure Coast
6	area, we received a lot of testimony throughout
7	the state from folks in various counties asking
8	that their counties be kept whole, and that is
9	a principle that we have kept as much as
10	humanly possible on these proposals. So that
11	was what happened here. Obviously Indian River
12	County is kept whole within this district, and
13	for extra population, it goes into St. Lucie
14	County.
15	That also kind of dovetails with the
16	comments I just made about Brevard County.
17	Brevard County, that southern district there,
18	that county line is kept intact because of the
19	comments we received from the residents of
20	Brevard County asking that they have three
21	whole districts within the county, a northern,
22	central and southern district within the
23	county.
24	Next I am going to move south here to
25	Martin County. We have received quite a bit of

1	testimony from the residents of Martin County,
2	and they have said some various things.
3	Obviously we have had the Chairman of the
4	county commissioner here today to present the
5	view of keeping the unincorporated area of Palm
6	City whole, as well as keeping the City of
7	Stuart whole in the same district. We have
8	also received testimony from residents of
9	Martin County asking that Palm City be kept
10	whole, we have received testimony from the
11	residents of Martin County asking that Stuart
12	be kept whole, but not linking the two together
13	in the same district. They never they
14	didn't take that next step. They simply said,
15	"Please make Palm City whole," "Please make
16	Stuart whole." As it was discussed earlier,
17	the municipal boundaries of Stuart are kept
18	whole within District 83, as you can see here.
19	So, again, kind of some differing opinions from
20	the residents of Martin County.
21	Taking a step further from that, we have
22	also received testimony from the folks in
23	Martin County asking that a district in Martin
24	County not be connected with either St. Lucie
25	County or Palm Beach County, which would

thinking about the population of all of the
surrounding counties, would only leave you one
option, which would be to connect Martin County
with Okeechobee County to the west.

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And I will zoom in here a little bit. Lastly, thinking about the various testimony that we've received from the residents of Martin County, we have also been asked to have the St. Lucie River here used as the dividing line between a northern Martin County district and a southern Martin County district. what specifically is interesting about that type of a request is that you see here where my mouse is, this is the city boundaries of the City of Stuart. If you were to use the river as the boundary line, you would cut the City of Stuart in half. So we have -- thinking about the previous comments we have received, it would be in conflict with other testimony we received from residents seeking to seek all of Stuart be kept whole within a district.

I am going to skip ahead. All of that various testimony from the residents of Martin County is in your packet, and let me get to the ending page so you know where that goes from.

- 1 It goes to page 76.
- Moving on to page 77 in the packet, this
- deals with the City of Pembroke Pines and a
- 4 specific neighborhood within that community
- 5 called Pembroke Falls. It is currently divided
- 6 between two House districts, District 99 and
- 7 104. I will get to that area. And this
- 8 testimony asks that -- that that neighborhood
- 9 be kept whole within the district, preferably
- 10 104 as it mentions in the testimony. And that
- is something that we are currently reviewing.
- Moving back over to kind of the western
- area of the state here up to Pinellas County,
- as Mr. Kelly mentioned, we received a
- resolution from the City of Oldsmar as it
- relates to, specifically in this proposal,
- 17 House District 64. You will see here that -- I
- 18 will zoom out here just a little bit. As you
- 19 look at House District 64 there, you will see
- 20 that it has a portion in northwestern
- 21 Hillsborough County and then comes into
- 22 Pinellas County for population, and you will
- see as it takes that dip to the south, it
- 24 actually has all of the cities of Oldsmar and
- 25 Safety Harbor within its boundaries. Both of

1	those cities are kept whole within that
2	district. Again, thinking about the testimony
3	that we received on the congressional maps,
4	what the testimony from the resolution was was
5	that the people of Oldsmar, the City Council of
6	Oldsmar has asked that they not be linked with
7	a district that connects to Hillsborough
8	County, again, thinking about the testimony
9	that we receive on the congressional map, that
10	it would be in conflict and that we have
11	received testimony asking that those two
12	communities be linked within a congressional
13	district, so we're trying to sort through that.
14	When you kind of zoom out and look at the
15	populations of Pinellas and Hillsborough
16	Counties, specifically Pinellas, you will see
17	that and, again, I am going to go more into
18	detail about the proposals later, but you will
19	see that there are five districts wholly within
20	the county, and for population purposes, two
21	counties two districts actually cross the
22	county lines, 64, again, is the focus of the
23	residents of Oldsmar. When you look at the
24	populations of Hillsborough and Pinellas
25	Counties in those northern in that northern

1 region specifically, there would have to be a district that crosses the county boundary line. 2 For the city boundaries of Oldsmar and Safety 3 Harbor, they are right there on the county 4 line. So it just -- as -- from a map-drawing 5 6 principle, it just made sense as we -- if we 7 had to cross that county boundary line, to 8 include entire municipalities, thinking about 9 the standards that are in Amendment 5. 10 I am going to kind of sneak back down 11 south here. If you look to page 80, we have received some testimony from some residents in 12 Charlotte County, as well as the Enterprise 13 Charlotte Economic Council, seeking that 14 15 Charlotte County be split between two 16 districts. Here you can see that on this proposal, that Charlotte County is kept whole 17 and all together within a House district, kind 18 of similar to the Indian River example a moment 19 ago. As we traveled the state, we heard from 20 21 residents in basically every community asking 22 that their county be kept whole if at all possible in this process, and that is able to 23 24 be achieved here mathematically for the

residents of Charlotte County.

1	And I continue to move south here to Lee
2	County. There are some testimony that we
3	received from a number of different residents
4	within Lee County, and the first is regarding
5	the unincorporated area of Estero. If you will
6	bear with me here, I will try to zoom in on the
7	map to find that general area. If you look in
8	this general area here where my mouse is, I am
9	kind of going around the basic parameters of
10	what Estero is. Currently, that unincorporated
11	area is divided between two House districts,
12	and we have received a significant number of
13	communications and e-mails from the residents
14	there asking to be kept whole within a
15	district, and specifically to be kept whole
16	within District 76, which is the yellow
17	district there.
18	Thinking about that from the map-drawing
19	perspective, we believe as we are reviewing
20	this that with a few minor adjustments to the
21	populations within the districts, that this

could be accomplished, but, again, we are still reviewing that -- those requests that have come in to us.

25 Moving forward to page 84, this deals

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1	with on the area of Pine Island within Lee
2	County and how it relates to the Cape Coral
3	area. This specific testimony asks that Pine
4	Island not be included in a district that has
5	the City of Cape Coral in it, but would rather
6	be in this district here, the yellow district.
7	You can see Pine Island here. This was
8	something these comments were basically
9	tailored to map 9021, which was actually a map
10	that was not moved forward to the redistricting
11	committee by the House subcommittee. So all
12	three of the proposals have Pine Island in that
13	District 76, the yellow district there.
14	The next is dealing with the community of
15	Matlacha in Lee County. Let me see if I can
16	find that. Here we go. If you kind of zoom in
17	here, you can see the Matlacha community here
18	right next to Little Pine Island. The
19	boundaries of that community actually start in
20	this region here and cross the waterway and
21	come into this region here. The residents of
22	Matlacha have asked that they be kept whole
23	within a district and within that District 76
24	there to the west. Obviously, the biggest
25	consideration when contemplating that move is

1	that right now, as you can see, the waterway is
2	used as the boundary way between the two
3	districts. So you have to cross that
4	geographic boundary line in order to bring in
5	all of the community of Matlacha within
6	District 76

Members, I am now going to go to that additional public input packet that is in your packet as well. If you go towards the back of that packet, there are three specific things that we have received basically yesterday that we wanted to share with you.

The first was from Lori Edwards, who is the Supervisor of Elections of Polk County.

She specifically talked about the communities of Solivita and Winetta. Currently they are both split within the county, and she has requested that if we took a little bit closer look at VTDs, that we could keep those communities whole. Again, obviously, we just received that commentary yesterday, so we are currently reviewing that to see if that is feasible. And if you look at that next page, she does outline on the map where those areas are. Also to — forgive me, I actually skipped

1 one.

23

Prior to Ms. Edwards' request, we did 2 receive some commentary from a resident in Clay 3 4 County recommending maps 9025 and 9027. maps -- and I will show you here on this 5 6 proposal. This actual -- actually, let me show 7 you those proposals. The request from the 8 resident there, and this actually echos the 9 comments that were made in the Jacksonville 10 public hearing that we heard, was that the 11 residents of Clay County wanted a district 12 wholly contained within the county. And you can see here, if you look at District 18, that 13 district is wholly within Clay County, and that 14 is why this resident has voiced their support 15 16 for the two plans that do that. And lastly, members, thinking about public 17 input that we've received, we actually received 18 a partially-submitted map yesterday from Graham 19 20 It is map number 175. It is the last 21 page here of the additional input packet. 22 is actually a full map, but he only changes

Hillsborough County area, and I will show you

four districts, and it is in the east

25 the current proposal for that region. What

1	Mr. Stacy was seeking to do was to keep some of
2	the unincorporated communities, thinking about
3	Fishhawk and Bloomingdale in this region right
4	here, together and not be split between
5	districts. When you look at the map that is on
6	your packet here, you will see, if you kind of
7	compare it to the proposed map, it appears that
8	Mr. Stacy kind of sacrifices compactness in
9	Districts 63, 58 and 57 to achieve this goal of
10	keeping some of those unincorporated areas
11	whole.
12	Mr. Chairman, that concludes the House
13	public input.
14	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Great. Any
15	questions for Mr. Takacs from the members?
16	Seeing none, we are going to move forward
17	to the Senate, and we've got Mr. Jason Poreda.
18	Mr. Poreda, you are recognized.
19	MR. POREDA: Thank you, Chairman. As we
20	kind of get the computer set up here for a
21	minute, I will just say we have received
22	considerably less public input regarding
23	specifically regarding the State Senate map, so
24	we will kind of go a little bit in reverse
25	order that the other two maps would talking

about the written submissions first and then talking about the maps.

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We have received two full maps that are in your packets here today, one by Patricia Sullivan and another one by Bruce King. First looking at Patricia Sullivan's map, she kind of redrew the kind of the central part of the That is page 87 in your books. state. kind of took District 20 and kind of centered that around The Villages and north Lake County communities and kind of drew a district there, and then kind of redrawing the district kind of surrounding that area as a result of drawing that district. As you can see, District 14 and District 9 as a result of those changes really kind of have a long, irregular shape. she also impacts very slightly District 1, which is a district that traditionally elects a minority candidate of choice. She also splits Hernando County, which is kept whole on the Senate map, and makes some additional county splits as well. So there's some things to consider in her map there.

Then on Bruce King's map, he made some very minor tweaks to the map regarding city

1	splits, also kind of reorganized Lake County a
2	little bit and then has a different orientation
3	for the Panhandle districts. But that is the
4	two maps that we have received in entirety for
5	public submissions for the State Senate.

Now, kind of moving to some of the written testimony that we have received regarding State Senate map, first we will look at -- we received some input from the residents of Pasco County, as you can see here, just requesting that the Pasco County -- Pasco County be divided in a different way than it currently is. That would obviously have an impact to the districts that it is included in and possibly the surrounding area.

Next, as we've heard from the other two maps as well, requesting that The Villages be kept whole. And as you can see here on this map, on the Senate proposed map, The Villages are kept whole. So that goal is accomplished on this map as well.

And that is all the public input that you have in your packet. There's a couple other more general suggestions that we have received that don't necessarily apply to one specific

map, but they are some good examples to show

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2	here in the State Senate map, the first
3	regarding Putnam County, requesting that either
4	Putnam County be kept whole or splitting it
5	using the St. Johns River that you can kind of
6	see goes right by the City of Palatka and kind
7	of down that way. The difficulty with that, on
8	the current proposal, most of Putnam County is
9	kept entirely within District 20, as you can
10	see, but because of District 1, which is a
11	district that traditionally elects a minority
12	candidate of choice, that has the City of
13	Palatka and part of part of Putnam County,
14	it would be difficult to make those changes
15	there.
16	Then moving down to Polk County, we have
17	additionally received input about the Poinciana
18	communities that we have talked about in the
19	other maps, but more specifically, we have
20	received input about the City of Davenport,
21	requesting it be kept whole, and in the
22	district that is mostly in Polk County. And I

will turn on the city boundaries here so we can

see the City of Davenport. You can see right

there that it is currently split between two

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1	districts, but this is actually an example of
2	something that that the Senate
3	Reapportionment Committee actually addressed in
4	the next version of this map, keeping that city
5	whole and in a district that is mostly within
6	Polk County.
7	The last piece of input that I will talk
8	about today is about the Hendry County. We've
9	received input from residents in that county,
10	and I will scroll the map down, requesting that
11	Hendry County right there, as you can see
12	highlighted, be kept whole and not be linked
13	with Palm Beach, Broward or Miami-Dade County,
14	just try to be kept with more rural
15	communities. As you can see, Hendry County is
16	kept whole; however, Hendry County is another
17	one of the Section 5 protected counties here in
18	the state and is currently linked with a
19	district that elects a minority candidate of
20	choice, so we have to take that into
21	consideration with Hendry County, kind of
22	limits what we can what is able to do with
23	that.
24	And, Chairman, that concludes the input
25	for the Senate.

1	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Great. Thank
2	you very much. Members, any questions?
3	Okay. Seeing none, members, we are now
4	going to move into the actual discussion in
5	greater detail the options that are on the
6	table, keeping in the order that we went before
7	with Congress, State House and State Senate.
8	As we go through the options, members, I
9	welcome your thoughts as to how you think we
10	should go through the process of narrowing down
11	the choices for State House and State and
12	congressional maps and Senate maps. So this is
13	your opportunity, after we do the quick brief
14	overview of the differences between the maps,
15	we would welcome conversation about any maps
16	that you are preferable to.
17	It would be my hope and goal, frankly,
18	that by the end of today, we could be in a
19	position where we would have some type of
20	preference as to a map that we would like to
21	move forward with for House, Senate and
22	congressional. That way, as members are trying
23	to file amendments and prepare for next week's
24	committee meeting, we are all kind of on the
25	same page.

same page.

1	So that being said, we are going to start
2	off with Mr. Kelly, I believe, who is going to
3	start off talking to us again about the
4	congressional map and the differences between
5	the three maps.
6	MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair, and
7	thank you, members. I am just going to get the
8	maps lined up for your viewing.
9	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Mr. Kelly, I
10	may have gone out of order. Would you would
11	you like me to represent recognize the
12	Chairman of the committee first?
13	MR. KELLY: I would always defer to the
14	Chairman
15	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Yes. First
16	of all, let me commend the Chairman of the
17	subcommittee, Representative Legg, who did a
18	great job in shepherding the three maps to us.
19	Representative Legg, you are recognized to
20	summarize in your opinion what you sent to the
21	full committee.
22	REPRESENTATIVE LEGG: Well, thank you,
23	Mr. Chairman, and you are way too kind with
24	your words, and Mr. Kelly does a much better
25	job than I could ever do, and you are giving me

- 1 too much credit to say that I shepherded.
- 2 Chair Holder and Vice-Chair Horner, they really
- did all the heavy work. I just sat around and
- 4 watched them, so -- but with that,
- 5 Mr. Chairman, I just want to maybe get some
- 6 high level overviews for the members of the
- full Committee so they kind of know what we
- 8 looked at and some of the rationale in terms of
- 9 a high-level view.
- 10 As you know, we had seven options to look
- at in our subcommittee. I think that all seven
- were a major improvement over the current
- 13 Florida congressional maps. I would have been
- 14 happy to present any of these -- any of the
- seven maps to the full floor, because we -- I
- do believe that all seven of them were lawful
- and compliant with the new constitutional
- 18 amendments.
- 19 Our subcommittee had an interesting
- discussion in our last meeting. We -- when we
- 21 narrowed the option down to our three top
- choices, the subcommittee opted to use the
- 23 standards that are in the law, compare the maps
- and pick the three choices that appear to best
- 25 balance the standards that are in the

1	Constitution and federal law. I thought it was
2	approp that the appropriate recommendations
3	from the members of the subcommittee, a
4	recommendation, which basically was to let the
5	standards in the law guide us, and I supported
6	that recommendation. As a result, I think what
7	you have in front of you is three excellent
8	options for you to choose.
9	Just to speak briefly about the
10	differences and the similarity between those
11	maps, in all three, District 1 and 2 and 18 to
12	27 are identical. The differences occur
13	from basically from the north Florida
14	counties that are east of the Panhandle through
15	the central Florida and into the rural
16	communities of south Florida. Map 9041
17	stresses compactness slightly more so than the
18	other standards. As a result, map 9041
19	sacrifices some county and city splits. Map
20	9043 really performs the balancing act of all
21	three options, keeping more than 90 percent of
22	Florida municipalities whole. That in itself
23	is not some kind of legal threshold, but it is
24	still a nice milestone to achieve. Map 9045 is
25	in large part a similar map to 9041, except

```
1
          that its attempt to keep some of the counties
          whole that 94 -- 9041 splits.
 2
 3
               So when you look at these maps, you will
          see some trade-offs, and quite possibly you
 4
 5
          might even see some pieces of the maps that can
 6
          be mixed and matched with others. I think the
 7
          subcommittee did an excellent job in that
 8
          regards, giving this Committee some real
 9
          choices.
10
               With that, Mr. Chairman, I just want to
11
          thank every member of the Committee for their
          hard work, too, on this, and those are our
12
          three recommendations to this Committee.
13
14
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                            Thank you
15
          very much, Chairman Legg. We appreciate that,
16
          and we do appreciate the hard work of the
          Committee, and commend your co-Chair and your
17
          Vice-Chair. You guys did a great job. And
18
          with that, we will turn it over to Alex to walk
19
          us through some of the detailed differences
20
21
          between the three maps. You are recognized,
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MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair, and thank you, members.

Mr. Kelly.

22

Using map -- using map 9041, let's say, as

1	a base where I will describe the common points,
2	and then we will look at the other two as to
3	where they differ. As Chair Legg said,
4	Districts 1 and 2 are identical in all of the
5	maps. Generally speaking, the districts just
6	lean on the principle of keeping counties
7	whole. The couple counties that are split are
8	purely done so for the sake of equal
9	population.
10	Moving to the southern end of the state,
11	Districts 18 through 27, District 18 is a
12	district that has all of St. Lucie County and
13	all of Martin County, for the sake of equal
14	population, a little bit of Okeechobee County
15	and then goes into northern Palm Beach County.
16	District 19, moving to the southwestern
17	part of the state, District 19 is all of the
18	incorporated municipalities of Lee County, most
19	of Lee County, minus some of the Lehigh Acres
20	and North Ft. Myers unincorporated areas, and
21	then it includes the coastline, including
22	Naples, the entirety of Naples, and other
23	communities along the coast in Collier County.
24	District 20, as we mentioned some earlier
25	regards to the public testimony, Districts 20,

1	21 and 22, all three districts are primarily in
2	Palm Beach and Broward Counties. District 20
3	also there does have an extension into Hendry
4	County, which is an important component.
5	District 20 today is a majority-minority seat
6	and today also serves the African-American
7	communities of Hendry County, which is a
8	Section 5 covered jurisdiction. So in terms of
9	maintaining that, the district runs over into
10	the Clewiston area, it includes the entirety of
11	that, and in an effort to maintain Section 5
12	compliance, the district, again, maintains its
13	majority-minority status, and in the manner
14	that it is drawn, the district actually
15	includes the entirety of several municipalities
16	in the southern Broward County portion and also
17	in the near Lake Okeechobee/Palm Beach County
18	portions.
19	And Districts 21 and 22, kind of went over
20	them before, they are drawn in a north-south
21	pattern with the intent of trying to respect
22	municipal boundary lines as much as possible,
23	and really actually borrowing directly from
24	some of the public plans that were submitted in
25	terms of a strategy for how to keep these

1	municipalities whole in terms of mentioned
2	earlier, some of the additional public input
3	that's been received, some of the additional
4	public input, if you look at District 20, the
5	additional public input, instead of coming
6	through the Loxahatchee and Royal Palm Beach
7	area, District 20 was brought through Palm
8	Beach Gardens, and so we are looking at that
9	just to see if there's any advantages in terms
10	of municipal splits and compactness and other
11	measurements just to see if there's anything
12	gained by taking a slightly different path. So
13	we are taking a look at that based on some of
14	the guidance that we have gotten from the
15	additional public input.
16	Twenty-one, again, and 22, as described,
17	are, generally speaking, drawn with the intent
18	of trying to respect the municipal lines. I
19	will give you a visual of that. We originally
20	looked at trying to use perhaps the Turnpike in
21	these counties in terms of designing the
22	districts. However, the municipalities tended
23	to cross that, to sort of cross those major
24	roadways. So when you look at, for example,

District 21 -- and this is actually a good

1	example of a municipality that perhaps with a
2	minor adjustment we can actually probably keep
3	whole in terms of in terms of Coconut Creek,
4	but looking at the municipalities, you will see
5	that in many cases, they are kept whole in one
6	district or the other in attempts to strike a
7	balance between complying with the Voting
8	Rights Act, but at the same time trying to
9	respect the political geography as much as
10	possible.
11	District 23 encompasses much of southern
12	Broward and also the northeastern areas of
13	Miami-Dade County. District 23 is in large
14	part impacted by what you have in Miami-Dade
15	County, which are four majority-minority
16	districts, three of which are Hispanic, one of
17	which is African-American. I will turn the
18	city boundary lines off, turn the counties back
19	on, just so you can see where the split occurs.
20	So in looking at District 24 is a
21	majority-minority African-American seat, also
22	with a concentration of Haitian-American
23	residents. And then scrolling back out,
24	Districts 25, 26 and 27, again, our strategy
25	here was obviously, one, to maintain compliance

1	with the Voting Rights Act, which was to
2	maintain the ability for these districts to
3	perform for the Hispanic community's candidate
4	of choice, but also to try to bring something
5	more of a clean look, a more compact, geometric
6	type look to where these districts meet. If
7	you remember from the subcommittee, for the
8	members of the subcommittee, we discussed a lot
9	using the Tamiami Trail as a line where kind of
10	diving in to the Fountainebleau area where the
11	districts all meet, trying to if you think
12	about how this translates not just to
13	redistricting, but ultimately to voters going
14	back out with new districts, using those clear
15	roadways to try to minimize voter confusion and
16	so forth, but, again, trying to bring a much
17	more compact shape, and the numbers bear out
18	that the districts are significantly more
19	compact than the existing plans.
20	Now, in terms of some points that are
21	fairly common, although not identical, in all
22	the maps, Congressional District 5 in all the

fairly common, although not identical, in all the maps, Congressional District 5 in all the maps travels from the Jacksonville area through Palatka to Gainesville through northern Marion County -- we mentioned before about the public

1	testimony regarding the Reddick area and
2	then through Lake County into Apopka, some
3	differences in terms of this district compared
4	to the current map and the way it's been drawn
5	here, it is not perfectly identical in all
6	three submissions, although it is very, very
7	similar. First it was drawn in order to
8	maintain the existing opportunity for
9	African-American the African-American
10	community. The NAACP submitted a map that drew
11	the seat at exactly a 48 percent black voting
12	age population, so in all three examples, it is
13	just slightly above that, a couple hundredths
14	of a percentage above that, that mark being
15	that that's what the NAACP submitted.
16	The district now encompasses the entirety
17	of Green Cove Springs, the entirety of Palatka,
18	the entirety of Apopka. It no longer impacts
19	Seminole County, it no longer impacts Volusia
20	County. So to the extent possible, we tried to
21	marry up the provisions the sort of Tier 2
22	provisions in Amendment 6 that look at
23	political and geographical boundary lines and
24	try to make sure that if the district was
25	traveling through a city, where possible, it

1	could include the entirety of that city, and
2	where unnecessary, the district would not split
3	a county if that was not necessary to maintain
4	the opportunity to elect. So some very subtle
5	differences when you dive into the details.
6	In all the maps, District 7 keeps Seminole
7	County whole, albeit it does it in a different
8	fashion in each of the maps. In plan 9041,
9	Seminole County is whole and the
10	Seminole/Volusia County line is not crossed.
11	The district in all three maps does include the
12	entirety of Maitland and the entirety of Winter
13	Park, but in this particular example, 9041, all
14	the population that's not in Seminole is in
15	Orange County. Go look at plan 9043. In this
16	particular instance, beyond Maitland and Winter
17	Park, most of the additional population that's
18	not in Seminole County is in Volusia County.
19	The way it was drawn I will turn on the city
20	boundary lines. The way it was drawn is to
21	encompass the entirety of municipal boundary
22	lines in Volusia County. So the fact that it
23	is crossing the county line, it has all of
24	Deltona, all of De Bary, and I believe that is
25	Orange City. So while it is crossing a county

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1
          line, respecting those municipal boundary
                  And then I do believe in 9045, it is
 2
          more similar to -- yes, it is more similar to
 3
 4
          9041 in which it is all Seminole and then parts
 5
          of Orange County.
               So in terms of northeast Florida, now to
 6
 7
          get into some of the more significant
 8
          differences, in northeast Florida, the effects
 9
          of the map on Nassau County are similar in maps
10
          9041 and 9045. Nassau County is split so you
11
          have a district that is the east side of Duval
12
          County, the east side of Nassau County and the
          northern half of St. Johns, splitting the city
13
          of St. Augustine.
14
               In the case of map 9043, 9043, which had
15
16
          the lowest county splits of all the maps, map
          9043 split 22 counties. Map 9041 split 26.
17
18
          Map 9045 split 23. Map 9043 attempts to use
          the population that is left over from
19
20
          Congressional District 5 in Duval, aligning
21
          that with Nassau, aligning that with Baker, to
          create a district that is otherwise the entire
22
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lines on to give you that visual. In part

23

24

remaining portions of Duval, all of Nassau and

all of Baker. And I will just put the county

that was how 9043 was able to maintain county
lines in a better fashion.

In terms of District 3, there is a similar 3 district in all the maps that is essentially a 4 north Florida district, in this case in 9043, 5 6 that district does not include any parts of Baker or Duval Counties or Nassau County. So 7 in that case, in 9043, the district pushes 8 9 further down into the Marion County area as a 10 result. In looking at the effects of that, the 11 portion of District 11 that is Marion County is what essentially is typically affected by how 12 far over District 3 comes. In every case, 13 Marion County is still a significant portion of 14 a congressional district, but in the case of 15 16 9043, it's less of a portion of a congressional district. 17

In all three of the maps, if you look at District 6, there's a similar district, however, as it relates to the Seminole County district that we mentioned earlier. In map 9043, the sort of Volusia/Flagler/St. Johns County district with some of Putnam includes the entirety of St. Johns, the entirety of Flagler, and then it does not include the

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 entirety of Volusia. In the other plans, the district splits St. Johns, still includes the 2 entirety of Flagler, but then keeps Volusia 3 whole. So essentially there is the trade-off 4 of either keeping Volusia or St. Johns County 5 6 whole, but, again, in map 9043, which splits Volusia County, all the municipal boundary 7 8 lines were kept whole.

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Coming back to District 11, which we mentioned before, generally speaking, District 11 includes the entirety of Citrus County, some or all of Sumter, portions of Lake. Depending on how far down District 3 pushes south and depending on how far District 12 pushes north, that determines what portions of Lake County are maintained in the seat. So, for example, in map 9043, the district is entirely Hernando, Citrus, the balance of population, the most of the population in Marion, all of Sumter and the Lady Lake and Fruitland Park areas, those municipalities are kept whole. Whereas, go look at 9041, 9041 only splits Marion County two ways, because District 12 is pushing up and taking in most of Hernando County. Now, as a result of that though, Hernando County is split

- in map 9041. Citrus County is kept whole.
- 2 Citrus County is kept whole in all of the maps.
- 3 Sumter County in this particular case is split,
- 4 and District 11 goes a little further into --
- 5 into Lake County, although it is not a
- 6 significant amount of population of Lake, the
- 7 bulk of the main cities in Lake that are
- 8 heavily populated are still in District 10.
- 9 But, again, that just gives you a sense of the
- 10 push on the district depending on what is going
- on in Districts 3 and 12.
- 12 And then looking at map 9045, this
- particular case, the sort of Pasco County-based
- seat has the entirety of Hernando County, and
- there is a seat that is most of the population
- of Marion, all of Levy, all of Citrus, all of
- 17 Sumter and includes a greater portion, just
- 18 slightly though, but a greater portion of the
- 19 Lake County area. As a result of that, the
- 20 municipality of Leesburg is split in that
- exchange.
- In terms of how those districts sort of
- create a sort of pressure in the middle of the
- 24 state, you always have a district that is --
- District 10 that is in part Lake County, Orange

```
1
          County, northern Polk. Depending on the other
 2
          districts, that affects the proportion of those
          counties. In this particular example, looking
 3
          at map 9045, the proportions that are Lake,
 4
          Orange and Polk are fairly similar to each
 5
 6
          other.
                  It is actually about 250,000 residents
 7
          in Lake, about 10,000 fewer than that in
 8
          Orange, and then 180 or so thousand in Polk
 9
          County.
10
               District 9 in all the maps attempts to
11
          create something of an opportunity for Hispanic
          Floridians to vote together, to coalesce, but
12
13
          at the same time does so in a very compact
          fashion, albeit a different fashion in each of
14
          the maps. So in the case of 9045, the map
15
16
          includes the entirety of the Poinciana
          community, most of -- excluding what's north --
17
18
          or northeast or west -- sorry, northwest of
          Interstate 4, Osceola County, and then portions
19
20
          of Orange. Give you a comparison to map 9041,
21
          map 9041 doesn't include the southern, more
22
          rural parts of Osceola County. So those parts
          are cut off for a more east to west type
23
24
          district. And then map 9043 attempts to create
25
          more of a squared-up type District 9,
```

1	attempting to create a more compact shape. Map
2	9043 does not go into Polk County, that being a
3	major difference. Map 9043, the balance of the
4	population is definitely in Orange County with
5	a couple hundred thousand residents from
6	Osceola County, but it does not go into Polk.
7	So it respects the county boundary line in map
8	9043.
9	Taking a look at the Tampa Tampa Bay
LO	area, there are some commonalities, but then
L1	there's also some significant differences.
L2	Again, we talked about how some of the maps
L3	have a sort of Pasco-based seat that goes north
L4	and grabs most or all of Hernando. Map 9041
L5	does that. It grabs about 60,000 residents in
L6	the Oldsmar area in Pinellas County. It
L7	attempts to maintain Section 5 compliance with
L8	District 14. Hillsborough County
L9	African-American/Hispanic residents are
20	combined with Pinellas County African-American
21	residents. District 13 maintains a seat
22	entirely in Pasco I'm sorry, Pinellas
23	County.
24	District 15, thinking back to some of the
25	public input that you heard before, District 15

1	is the one where the Mayor of Tampa, the
2	municipality of Temple Terrace had communicated
3	their preference was this more Hillsborough
4	County-based version of District 15, which only
5	has 5,700 residents from Manatee County, so for
6	all intents and purposes, it is almost entirely
7	a Hillsborough County seat. The result of that
8	is that District 17, which is largely southern
9	Polk County, very rural parts of Polk County,
10	Bartow, those areas, southern Osceola and
11	several very rural counties kept whole, and
12	then also the entirety of Charlotte County,
13	that district has a more almost squared-up type
14	northern border to it, not perfectly squared,
15	the lakes and such in Polk County and Osceola
16	County make it difficult to create a nice
17	perfect line, but, nonetheless, it has a more
18	squared-up northern border. And because 15 is
19	entire mostly in Hillsborough, and 16 is a
20	Sarasota/Manatee seat, you essentially have a
21	very clean sort of western wall to the district
22	until you get down to the entirety of Charlotte
23	County.
24	Just to show you how that changes in the
25	other maps in the case of map 9043 District

1	15 is drawn more to try to really take in a
2	very, very compact shape. It includes the
3	entirety of Lakeland. In this particular
4	district, this is the most of Polk County that
5	is included in the 15th District, albeit it is
6	still more than a two-thirds Hillsborough
7	County seat. Again, District 16, similar to
8	the others, minus 5,700 residents, it is
9	otherwise the entirety of Sarasota/Manatee.
LO	District 17 is similar, albeit because District
L1	17 is going into sort of the Fishhawk or
L2	south of the Fishhawk area, as Jeff was talking
L3	about before, in Hillsborough County, it
L4	accounts for some population there, doesn't go
L5	as far north into Polk County, albeit Polk
L6	County is probably still I think it is still
L7	the most significant population base in the
L8	various versions of District 17.
L9	And then just to compare to map 9045, as
20	we kind of talked about before, the District
21	15, minus 90,000 residents, is otherwise
22	entirely in Hillsborough County. District 17
23	in this particular case takes in a greater
24	number of Hillsborough County residents. So in
25	terms of population, the Hillsborough and Polk

1	County residents would greater rival each other
2	in this district, with Charlotte sort of
3	trailing in third in terms of the county's
4	impact on District 17.
5	And with that, Mr. Chair, those are the
6	differences between the maps, and I would be
7	happy to answer any questions.
8	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Great.
9	Members, before we move to suggestions or
10	questions or any suggestions, are there any
11	specific questions about the maps or the
12	presentation that Mr. Kelly just provided us?
13	Any questions?
14	Okay. Seeing no questions, are there any
15	suggestions or comments based on the maps that
16	we just discussed?
17	REPRESENTATIVE HUKILL: Mr. Chair?
18	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Yes,
19	Representative Hukill, you are recognized.
20	REPRESENTATIVE HUKILL: Thank you,
21	Mr. Chair.
22	Yes, I do have a suggestion concerning
23	where we should be going on this. I think it
24	would be helpful to us as members and probably
25	help avoid some public confusion for us to

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1
          narrow in on a map today. The map I like is at
          9043, which is behind tab HB 6005. I think
 2
          this is a great map. I think when you look at
 3
 4
          various things like city splits and county
          splits, it is an absolutely great map. It also
 5
 6
          does a very good job with trying to balance the
 7
          various standards that we have to use in this
 8
          process.
 9
               And so my suggestion is that we use this
10
          as a base map for next Friday and that we
11
          narrow it down to that choice today, so that
12
          everyone knows what map we are working off of.
          And if there are potential changes that people
13
14
          want to make or file amendments, we can use
15
          this as our base map and draft to this map. So
16
          my suggestion is that we narrow in and select
17
          map 9043.
18
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
19
               REPRESENTATIVE HUKILL: Thank you,
20
          Mr. Chair.
21
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                            Thank you for
22
          that suggestion. I think we've got
          Representative Workman, Representative Bernard,
23
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then Representative Schenck, we will go in that

You are recognized, Representative

24

25

order.

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1
          Workman.
 2.
               REPRESENTATIVE WORKMAN:
                                        Mr. Chairman,
          thank you for recognizing me.
 3
 4
               I wasn't thinking along those lines, but
 5
          now that she said it, based on Amendment 6, you
 6
          know, it sets a lot of standards, especially in
 7
          the second tier of the law, roadways, bridges,
 8
          waterways, county lines, city lines, and
          looking at for 9043, I want to concur with that
 9
10
          statement. I think we should make that the
11
          base map.
12
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                             Thank you
13
          very much, Mr. Workman.
14
               Representative Bernard, you are
15
          recognized, sir.
16
               REPRESENTATIVE BERNARD:
                                         Thank you,
          Mr. Chair.
17
               I think my question -- it may be a
18
          question, not a suggestion, but going to -- I
19
          guess we can look at 9043 since that is the one
20
21
          that we're talking about. Looking at the
22
          configuration of the south Florida
          congressional maps, on 9043, I am looking at
23
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District 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24. I am really

concerned about the way that these districts

24

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1
          have been drawn in regards to -- like
          specifically District 24 where it goes into
 2
          Broward County. It just seems to me that if
 3
          the Tier 1 -- if we are looking at Tier 1 where
 4
          we are creating the minority districts first,
 5
 6
          it just seems to me that that district should
 7
          be specifically in Miami-Dade County where we
 8
          would bring it down into only Miami-Dade
 9
          County, and going into the creation of District
10
          20, to me, it is just -- just looking at it and
11
          going into Amendment 6, I just believe that
12
          there's other ways that we can -- we can
          recreate that district for it to be different.
13
          Going -- this -- going into -- a majority part
14
15
          of that district is in Broward County, and
16
          going into how we have drafted -- the House
          maps that you draw, Mr. Chair, I was looking at
17
          House map where you drafted District 92, 94 and
18
          95 where they are predominantly
19
20
          majority-minority seats. However, when you
21
          come down to south of Broward in the House
22
          maps, District 101 and 102, those are
23
          additionally majority-minority seats also.
24
               So, to me, it just seems like it would be
25
          better and -- to have District 22 to be a
```

1	majority-minority district where it would come
2	down from the creation of District 92, 94, 95,
3	and then to come down along the east side and
4	then to capture District 101 and 102 according
5	to the House maps, and that way, District 22
6	would only be in Broward County, whereas we can
7	change how we draft District 20 where District
8	20 would be specifically only in Palm Beach
9	County, and where now that would now
10	District 24 would be in Dade County where it
11	would be a majority-minority seat, District 22
12	would be specifically only in Broward County,
13	and it would be a majority-minority seat if you
14	bring it down to cover those parts in District
15	101 and 102, and then now District 20, you can
16	reconfigure it to make that district,
17	specifically the population of Palm Beach
18	County, where the total the total population
19	of Palm Beach County, you have a 17.3 percent
20	black population and a 19 percent Hispanic
21	population. If you recreate District 20 where
22	it would go along the east side and to include
23	the cities of West Palm Beach, Palm Springs,
24	all the way down to Delray Beach and Boca
25	Raton, that would be a compact district and you

1	can still send that district out to the Glades
2	where it would cover the Cities of Belle Glade,
3	Pahokee and South Bay, and still include the
4	town of Clewiston, which would be a Section 5.
5	What that would do is it would change District
6	20 to potentially be more of a coalition
7	district. I haven't looked at the numbers, but
8	it seems like it would be a coalition district
9	in Palm Beach County where the residents of
10	Palm Beach County would get to elect a
11	Representative of their choice, Broward County
12	would get District 22 as a majority-minority
13	seat and would be as compact as possible, and
14	District 24 would shift down into only Dade
15	County and it would be compact as possible, and
16	that way, the maps would be better drawn and
17	the residents of Palm Beach County, Dade and
18	Broward would get to represent would get to
19	elect a Representative of their choice and it
20	would be compact.
21	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you. I
22	think I know what you are talking about no,
23	it was actually a very good explanation, and I
24	appreciate you taking the time to offer that.
25	A couple of things. The first thing I

1	want to mention is the maps for all the
2	members, just so you understand, all the
3	districts that were referenced by Mr. Bernard
4	are actually the same in all three maps. So it
5	is the concepts he is talking about would
6	apply to all three of the maps in the same way.
7	The second thing, I want to be clear that,
8	you know, we are not drawing any maps first,
9	whether they are minority-majority maps or
10	otherwise. Certainly we are cognizant of what
11	the Constitution says, cognizant of the fact
12	that we do not want to have retrogression in
13	any of our majority-minority districts, but at
14	the same time, we are not drawing any first. I
15	want to clarify that.
16	Before I turn it over to Alex Kelly to
17	speak directly to your question, I will tell
18	you I think the beauty of this process and the
19	beauty of democracy and the beauty of the
20	legislative process and the committee process
21	is that any member at any time can offer an
22	amendment. So what you just said certainly is
23	a lot of information, sounds like a dramatic
24	change to the map. I would encourage you,
25	Representative Bernard, to put it on paper,

1	offer it as an amendment for next Friday's
2	meeting, so we can actually take a look at it,
3	analyze it. Wednesday, noon deadline is the
4	deadline for the amendatory process. We would
5	love to take a look at it. We have different
6	forms of measurement that we can utilize and we
7	have utilized for the last six months, and we
8	will take that amendment and those changes into
9	consideration, and if they make dramatic
10	improvement to the map, the members of this
11	Committee will have an opportunity to vote on
12	it. So with that, I would encourage you to do
13	that. And, Mr. Kelly, if you would like to
14	address some of the comments as well, you may.
15	MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
16	Representative Bernard, we attempted over
17	the course of drawing the maps, several of the
18	items that you raised. In terms of starting
19	with District 24, in terms of maintaining its
20	majority-minority status, we were not able to
21	do so entirely in Miami-Dade County. You could
22	theoretically reduce the seat by six or seven
23	percentage points, but running over to the
24	coastline, but you still would have a question
25	as to whether that six or seven percentage

1	points is, in fact, a diminishment, and you
2	would still need to go to Broward County
3	somewhat to maintain the majority-minority
4	status.
5	So in terms of looking at that issue, we
6	have looked at that and don't believe that you
7	can maintain a majority-minority status for
8	District 24 entirely in Miami-Dade County.
9	And, again, at the very minimum, too, you would
10	also be raising a question as to whether the
11	drop in the black voting age population may be
12	significant enough to be a diminishment.
13	In terms of District 20, again, we had
14	problems with the numbers. Unless you actually
15	did combine some of those communities in
16	Broward County, as you mentioned, in terms of

like the State House map, today's State House 17 map, Districts 92, 93 and 94, 92 of which is --18 which is actually a 34 percent black voting age 19 20 population, but in terms of using those communities and in terms of going into Palm 21 22 Beach County without drawing in those communities, it is very difficult, if possible 23 24 at all, to maintain the majority-minority 25 status.

Τ	REPRESENTATIVE BERNARD: Mr. Chair?
2	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Yes,
3	Representative Bernard.
4	REPRESENTATIVE BERNARD: Thank you,
5	Mr. Chair.
6	I didn't say for it to go into Palm Beach
7	County where I shifted District 22 to go along
8	the east coast from District 92, 94 and 95 and
9	then for it to go down all the way to the
10	county line, the Miami-Dade and Broward County
11	line, to cover the House District 101 and 102
12	where those are basically majority-minority
13	seats. So from 92, 94, 95, would come down to
14	the county line, to the Broward County line,
15	and not go into Palm Beach County.
16	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: I think what
17	we will do, because we could probably stand
18	here all day and try to understand exactly what
19	we are talking about, I think it would be much
20	better and clearer for the Committee and for
21	the public who is watching if they could
22	actually see on paper what it is Representative
23	Bernard is talking about, so Representative
24	Bernard, if you could work on a hard copy and
25	as an amendment or maybe something that you

Т	could submit to the committee as a whole, I
2	think that we certainly want to make sure that
3	we are taking a look at that. And anyone else
4	who has suggestions in the same light, no
5	matter whether it is in south Florida or any
6	part of the state, we want to make sure that
7	these maps are as legally compliant as they
8	possibly can be, and we are willing to look at
9	any amendment in any form. So thank you for
10	bringing that forth, Representative Bernard.
11	Representative Schenck, did you have
12	something to offer to the conversation?
13	REPRESENTATIVE SCHENCK: I think so. As
14	we were going through the maps certainly I
15	want to congratulate Alex and staff on all the
16	hard work they have done on the congressional
17	maps. Alex, as you were going through them,
18	the thing I noticed, and I wanted to talk to
19	map 9041, is the fact that that map splits St.
20	Augustine and Nassau County, but it also splits

Sumter and Hernando County, and I find that those splits are unnecessary, especially since the other two maps do not do that. So it would be my preference that we discard map 9041 and

focus on the other two.

1	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you
2	very much. Any other comments from the
3	Committee?
4	Representative Horner, you are recognized,
5	sir.
6	REPRESENTATIVE HORNER: Thank you,
7	Mr. Chairman.
8	I think 9043 is a fine map. I liked all
9	of them, and kudos to the team, did a great job
10	putting together. Chairman Legg and Chairman
11	Holder and the staff did a good job.
12	I just want to make sure that I think
13	in some of these other maps we've got some good
14	opportunities to reduce splits in some cities
15	and some counties. And so if there is some
16	opportunity to take some good concepts from the
17	other two and incorporate them in 9043, that we
18	will be able to do that through the amendatory
19	process. And I really look forward to seeing
20	Representative Bernard's amendment, so I hope
21	we are not getting too locked in to 9043 and
22	will be open to some of those changes.
23	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: I will
24	address that. I think that is a good point.
25	Is there any other comments or suggestions

1 before we move forward? 2 Okay. Here is what I will say: Representative Horner, you bring up a good 3 4 I think there's been several point. suggestions made by members that 9043 should be 5 6 the congressional map that we work off of. I 7 am inclined to go in the same direction. I 8 think what it does is it brings clarity to 9 everybody if we have now one map that we are 10 focusing on, which would be 9043. 11 But to Representative Horner's point, we 12 are not locked in to everything in 9043, and if people want to bring forth amendments, if 13 14 there's some of the other maps that have been submitted that you like certain portions of 15 16 them better, we can file amendments to 9043 and make it a better product. So what we are going 17 18 to do, just for -- so everybody has a clear understanding, we are going to move forward 19 20 with 9043, that will be the map that we will 21 take up next Friday, and we can file amendments 22 to that map. So if anybody has any questions about 23 24 that, concerns about that, now would be a good

FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

time to talk about it. Any questions or

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1 concerns? Yes, Representative Rogers, you are 
2 recognized.
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- REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: Thank you,
- 4 Mr. Chair.

8

23

- I don't know, when I came into this

 meeting, I was under the assumption that we

 weren't going to move any maps out of this
- 9 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: We are not.
- 10 REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: Okay.

Committee today.

- 11 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: In fact, all 12 maps will be available next week. What we are doing is, we are trying to give clarity to the 13 14 public. We are also trying to give clarity to 15 the members, so that 9043 appears to be the map 16 that everyone seems to be favorable to. 17 else has suggested another map. So for 18 purposes of clarity for next week, if you are 19 going to file an amendment, you would file an 20 amendment to 9043. So 9043 can be changed, it 21 can be amended. We are going to look at all amendments and have votes on them. But 9043 22
- 24 that is -- is that clear?
- 25 REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: Very clear, but we

would be kind of considered the base map.

1	are	not	limitea	τo	Just	9043?

REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: No, but if you liked a portion of another map, you could essentially get to the same place in a different way where you could take the -- you could take the provisions of another map and amend it onto 9043 and essentially it would become the other map that you may have preferred, so -- and if you want more detail, we can get you with staff and myself and we can talk further about -- to make sure that any concerns that you have are addressed. you, Representative Rogers.

Any other comments or questions?

Okay. Thank you very much, Mr. Kelly. We are now going to move forward into the House map. Representative Schenck, who is co-Chair of the House Committee, we'll give you an opportunity to give us a brief overview while Mr. Takacs is getting prepared. But great job to you and co-Chair Dorworth. You guys did a tremendous job in the House, and drawing 27 maps is one thing, drawing 120 maps is a totally different thing, and I thought that you guys did a great job. Really appreciate the

1	product you have brought forth, and look
2	forward to hearing about the differences
3	between the three, but you are recognized for a
4	brief introduction.
5	REPRESENTATIVE SCHENCK: Thank you,
6	Mr. Chair, and I just want to give a brief
7	overview before I turn it over to Jeff Takacs,
8	who I call the machine, and can probably talk
9	about it for hours, but I have warned him not
10	to.
11	The Committee co-Chair Dorworth and I
12	worked with were great, had a lot of good
13	suggestions, and so we limited passed on
14	three maps that we are going to talk about
15	today. So let me just quickly give the
16	overview.
17	Maps 9025 and 9027 are virtually
18	identical, with the exception of Districts 7, 8
19	and 9, which is in the Big Bend area, and I
20	have told Jeff to spend a little time with that
21	and those. And then map 9031 is identical to
22	9027 in the Big Bend area, but there are
23	several differences in Duval and Clay County,
24	as well as the central Florida area of Lake,
25	Seminole and Orange Counties as well. So map

```
1
          9031 is -- is -- has a difference in two areas
 2.
          of the state.
               Mr. Chairman, those are the differences
 3
          between the three, and so then I would suggest,
 4
          much like we just did with the congressional
 5
 6
          maps, we will have the machine go through those
 7
          maps, have some discussion and try to narrow it
 8
          from three to one so that we can have a working
 9
          base map for next Friday as well on the House
10
          maps.
11
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                             That sounds
                 Thank you, Representative.
12
                                             And with
          that, we will recognize Mr. Takacs to walk us
13
14
          through the differences in the map.
15
               MR. TAKACS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
          With Chairman Schenck's blessing, I would like
16
          to go through a three-hour presentation on the
17
          120 districts of the map.
18
19
               REPRESENTATIVE SCHENCK:
                                        Not granted.
20
               MR. TAKACS:
                            I would like to kind of do
21
          this on a region-by-region basis and walk
          through the map as we travel around the state.
22
23
               If you look at the Panhandle region there,
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FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

looking at Districts 1 through 4, you will see

that essentially that region is bookended by

24

1	Districts 1 and 4 that are wholly within their
2	respective counties of Escambia and Okaloosa,
3	Districts 2 and 3 cross from Escambia into
4	Santa Rosa, and then Santa Rosa into Okaloosa.
5	An interesting point, the population of Santa
6	Rosa is that in that it can be kept whole
7	within a House map; however, it is land-locked
8	between two counties that have to be split. So
9	that is why you see the configuration the way
10	that it is as far as Santa Rosa being split
11	between Districts 2 and 3.
12	Moving forward here into the moving
13	east from Districts 5, and I will talk about
14	the Big Bend area. As Chairman Schenck
15	mentioned, Districts 7, 8 and 9 are one of the
16	pivot points, decision points, between maps
17	9025 and 9027, and I will show those one by one
18	as we continue to move forward.
19	District 5 here, you can see whole
20	counties was the driver of the building of this
21	district. As you can see, all of these
22	counties are whole here, Jackson County and so
23	forth. As you move south to District 6, it is
24	wholly contained within Bay County, and Panama

City is kept whole within that region as well.

1	I should also mention District 1 in Escambia
2	County does keep the City of Pensacola whole as
3	well. District 2 is the City of Gulf Breeze.
4	So that is a common theme as we travel about
5	the map as far as using municipal boundary
6	lines as dividing lines and keeping cities
7	whole within the various districts.
8	Again, this is map 9025, and you can see
9	what District 7 does I'm sorry, this is map
10	a 9027. What you can see here is what District
11	7 does is it has a larger swath of smaller
12	rural counties and keeps them all united,
13	thinking about Lafayette and Taylor, Jefferson,
14	Wakulla, Franklin and so forth, keeping them
15	all together within a district, and then for
16	population purposes, having it in a portion of
17	Leon County.
18	District 8 is a majority-minority black
19	district. It does contain all of Gadsden
20	County again, thinking about keeping
21	counties whole within this process, it contains
22	all of Gadsden County, as well as portions of
23	Leon.
24	The biggest pivot point between maps 9027
25	and 9025 is really District 9. You can see

1	here on this option that District 9 is wholly
2	contained within Leon County. I will show you
3	the other option, which is 9025. Bear with me
4	for just a moment. And I will kind of toggle
5	back and forth so you can see the difference
6	between the two. Here is District 9 in this
7	option, which is 9025, and you can see that it
8	has more of a portion of Leon County as far as
9	its the way that it is cut, and it actually
LO	splits the City of Tallahassee in three, and
L1	then it goes into Jefferson, Taylor and
L2	Lafayette Counties. Again, I will kind of go
L3	back and forth, but, again, this obviously,
L4	this district is not wholly contained within
L5	Leon County. Another difference, again, as I
L6	mentioned, is that this option splits the City
L7	of Tallahassee between three districts. The
L8	other option, which I will go back to, splits
L9	the City of Tallahassee twice. You can see
20	this version here. So, again, that is the only
21	difference between maps 9025 and 9027, so I
22	will continue to move forward and explain
23	essentially both of those maps simultaneously.
24	Moving on into the north and northeast
25	Florida region here, you can see District 10

1	again keeping counties whole within this
2	district. A portion of Alachua County is used
3	for District 10. In a previous draft of these,
4	and this was something that the subcommittee
5	examined, there was an option that would have
6	had the Alachua County only split twice, but
7	what that does is essentially for population
8	purposes, would then actually split Union
9	County between two districts there, 19 and 10.
10	So their preference was to make that third
11	split within Alachua County to keep Union
12	County whole, and then, again, this district be
13	based on keeping counties whole.
14	I am going to move into the Nassau and
15	Duval County area. As I had mentioned earlier,
16	if you look at the populations of Nassau and
17	Duval combined, they equal roughly that of six
18	House districts, and you can see that this plan
19	and all of the plans I should say Duval
20	County is another pivot point in one of the
21	maps, and I will explain that at the end, but
22	in maps 9025 and 9027, that principle is
23	adhered to with these six districts, again,
24	using Nassau County being kept whole, and

then coming into Duval, and then the other five

1	districts	being	wholly	contained	within	Duval
2	County.					

Districts 13 and 14 recreate

majority-minority black districts within the

region, and, again, thinking about county lines

and other roadways as far as boundaries, that

was the driver as far as building Districts 12,

15 and 16.

I will zoom out here a little bit and talk about kind of the area just below Duval County. When you look at St. Johns County, District 17 here, that district is wholly contained within St. Johns County. It is then connected here, District 24, as far as the county, which is a district that has all of Flagler County and then a portion of St. Johns County, and then that comes into areas of Volusia County, which I will talk about in a moment.

Moving here just over a bit, as we saw on the video a moment ago, the residents of Clay County requested that they have a district wholly contained within the county. That is here in District 18. Sorry about that. And you will see that that -- that district does keep the City of Orange Park whole and keeps

1	the City of Green Cove Springs whole, but
2	within District 19, again, using municipal
3	boundaries to attempt to keep cities whole as
4	much as possible. District 19, including that
5	southern portion of Clay, has all of Putnam
6	County, as well as all of Bradford and Union
7	Counties whole within it.
8	Moving over into kind of this area here,
9	District 20, this recreates a black opportunity
10	district within Alachua and Marion Counties.
11	District 21 has the remaining portion of
12	Alachua County, and then keeps these two
13	counties whole. Bear with me for just a
14	minute. I'm trying to see where I can see all
15	the county names. Sorry. There we go,
16	excellent. Now we can all see the county names
17	as we look through these districts as well. So
18	District 21 keeps all of Gilchrist and Dixie
19	Counties whole within it as well. Again,
20	keeping counties whole, the next district,
21	which is District 22, has all of Levy County
22	and then a portion of Marion County. District
23	23 is contained all within Marion County. That
24	was something we heard from the public
25	testimony from those residents, keeping

1	trying to keep a district wholly within Marion
2	County. Actually, I am going to turn those
3	county names off, if you will bear with me, so
4	that we can see the district numbers as well.
5	Now I will talk about the Volusia County
6	area. Thinking about how District 24 comes
7	into Volusia County, if you take that
8	population and what is left within the county,
9	you can create three districts wholly contained
10	within Volusia County, and that is achieved by
11	Districts 25 through 27. District 26 recreates
12	a black opportunity district, and then District
13	25 has kind of more of the coastal areas here,
14	and some cities are kept whole here in the
15	southern end, and then District 27 consists of
16	basically the southern end of Volusia County.
17	Moving on to central Florida, central
18	Florida is one of the decision points between
19	maps 9025, 9027 and 9031. Again, this
20	configuration for central Florida is the same
21	between 9025 and 9027. It is different in
22	9031, and I will discuss that at the end rather
23	than try to go back and forth. It is a rather
24	large area, and I will just describe that at
25	the end.

1 Looking at -- if you look at -- here we 2 go. I wanted to turn those county boundaries If you look at Seminole County here with 3 4 Districts 28 and 29, they are both wholly contained within Seminole County, and using a 5 6 major roadway of U.S. 17/92 as the dividing 7 line between the two districts. I will kind of 8 zoom in here a little bit, too, so you can see 9 some of the municipal boundaries, as keeping 10 cities whole, again, was a theme as far as 11 building these districts in this region, as I 12 had mentioned earlier. Looking at the City of Lake Mary and looking at the City of Longwood, 13 they are both kept whole, as well as the city 14 15 here, which is Winter Springs, as well as 16 Oviedo. So those are all kept whole between the two districts. 17 18 As you -- as you move to the south here with District 30, it does span Seminole and 19 20 Orange County. Thinking of the Maitland area, 21 as well as Altamonte Springs, those are areas 22 that have a lot of commonalities, even though 23 the county line separates them.

are some curious members who are wondering if

REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:

24

Jeff, there

```
1
          when you were helping draft District 30, if you
 2
          were trying to make it look like a 1957 Chevy.
          Would that be appropriate?
 3
 4
               MR. TAKACS: Mr. --
 5
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                            Zoom in on
 6
          that for us. Is it a Chevy?
               MR. TAKACS: Folks, I have said that
 7
 8
          redistricting is an art, not a science, but --
 9
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                            Just kidding,
10
          of course.
11
               MR. TAKACS: Certainly, certainly.
               Thinking about -- kind of talk about
12
          Orange County a little more globally. Thinking
13
          about Orange County, again, this is a big pivot
14
          point between the different maps. If you look
15
16
          at this region here, I am going to kind of pull
          out Districts 45, 46 and 48. District 45 would
17
          be a new black opportunity district within the
18
          region, District 46 would recreate a
19
20
          majority-minority black district in the region
21
          and District 48 would recreate a
22
          majority-minority Hispanic district within the
23
          region. That majority-minority Hispanic
24
          district spans Orange and Osceola County, and I
```

will talk about that in a moment, but we were

1	able to keep that district wholly within Orange
2	County, again, looking at county boundaries as
3	the driver of keeping these districts within
4	counties.
5	District 49, as was mentioned in the
6	video, kind of a UCF-based district, and I have
7	already talked about kind of Districts 50
8	through 53 here in the Space Coast area, so I
9	will kind of move into the more of a center
10	area of the state.
11	District 31, a northern Lake County-based
12	seat, which does come into areas of Orange
13	County here. District 32 wholly based within
14	Lake County. District 33 keeps Sumter County
15	whole. It looks at the area that is The
16	Villages. That has been mentioned previously.
17	Interestingly enough, the House subcommittee
18	examined this in great detail many weeks ago as
19	far as the concept of trade-offs between
20	keeping counties whole and cross-county
21	jurisdictions, and they were able to determine
22	that they can achieve both by keeping Sumter
23	County whole, as well as this region known as

The Villages. Again, looking at this region,

thinking about District 34, again, that keeps

24

```
1
          all of Citrus County whole, comes into
          Hernando. District 35 keeps all of Hernando
 2
          County whole.
 3
 4
               When you look at Pasco County, its
          population is that of -- equally of three House
 5
 6
          districts, so that is what is achieved here
 7
          with 36 through 38. Again, trying to equalize
 8
          the populations, but utilizing roadways is --
 9
          was the driver as far as the separation between
10
          the western, central and eastern districts
11
          within Pasco County.
12
               Moving into the Polk/Osceola region here,
          I will kind of start out of order here.
13
          look at District 40, that is a district wholly
14
          contained within Polk County and has the most
15
16
          of Lakeland within it. District 39 has the
          northern portion there of Polk County, and then
17
18
          for population purposes, comes into Osceola
          County. District 41, again, wholly contained
19
          within Polk County. As we look at Districts 39
20
21
          and 41 -- actually, I'm going to zoom in and
22
          look at some of the city boundaries here.
          There are a lot of municipalities within Polk
23
24
          County, as you can see, that have a lot of
```

meandering boundaries. As we have looked at

1	the boundaries between 39 and 41, we are
2	continuing to evaluate if there's opportunities
3	to keep more cities whole within this county,
4	within the districts, and we are going to
5	continue to evaluate that, and continue to
6	evaluate that across the map, to be honest.
7	Looking at District 42, it has the
8	majority of Osceola County and comes into the
9	eastern portion of Polk County. As I mentioned
LO	here, District 43 is a majority-minority
L1	Hispanic district that is wholly contained
L2	within Osceola County. This would be a new
L3	opportunity for Hispanic-Americans in that
L4	region to elect a candidate of their choice
L5	that previously did not exist.
L6	I will kind of move to the I will move
L7	to this region here. Thinking about the
L8	four-county region of Pinellas, Hillsborough,
L9	Sarasota and Manatee Counties, if you look at
20	the county boundaries here, you can see that
21	they are all kept intact, and that's because
22	those four counties' populations are that of
23	equal of 18 House districts. So what we did
24	was put those 18 House districts wholly within

those four counties and tried to cross county

1	boundary lines as few as possible, thinking
2	about Districts 64 and 70, crossing county
3	boundary lines. I should mention District 70
4	is a black opportunity district. And then
5	looking at the way that 70 kind of bisects
6	Sarasota and Manatee County, it was actually
7	enabling us to have four whole districts within
8	both of those two counties. So that would
9	explain that region here. And just kind of
LO	coming back up to Hillsborough County, I should
L1	mention that in this region, District 61
L2	recreates the black majority-minority district,
L3	and District 62 is actually a majority-minority
L4	Hispanic district. That used to be an
L5	opportunity district, but with the population
L6	growth in that region of the Hispanic
L7	community, it is now a majority-minority
L8	district within the county. You can see
L9	basically we just kind of segmented that off as
20	almost like a wheel as far as looking at this
21	area here from 63, 58, 57, 59 and 60; again,
22	keeping all of those districts wholly within
23	the county, using roadways as the predominant
24	divider between the districts and when possible
25	the City of Tampa is a large city, it is

1	actually too large to be kept whole within a
2	House district, so it is divided within this
3	plan. I will kind of zoom out here and talk
4	about
5	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: If we could,
6	I think Mr. Kelly wanted to add something to
7	the conversation.
8	MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I just
9	wanted to note, too, as it pertains to the
10	minority opportunity and majority-minority
11	districts in the Hillsborough County area,
12	Hillsborough County is a Section 5-covered
13	jurisdiction, so there is a significant amount
14	of legal issues involved in terms of
15	maintaining those opportunities. Just wanted
16	to add that.
17	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you.
18	Continue.
19	MR. TAKACS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
20	As you look at this larger central Florida
21	area, again, trying to keep counties whole was
22	the driver here. You can see that these two,
23	Hardee and DeSoto Counties, are kept whole
24	within this district as it moves up into Polk
25	County. As you recall from the video, we

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1
          received testimony asking for U.S. 17 to be the
          major artery of a district, and that is
 2
          achieved with District 56. District 55 keeps
 3
          all of Highlands, Okeechobee and Glades County
 4
 5
          whole, then for population purposes, comes into
 6
          St. Lucie County, which is a county that has to
          be split based on its population. I mentioned
 7
 8
          Indian River County earlier in the public
 9
          comment. It is kept whole within District 54,
10
          and, again, coming into St. Lucie for extra
11
          population.
               Looking at St. Lucie County, District 84
12
          is wholly contained within the county.
13
          actually not -- they don't have that
14
          opportunity now. They are -- they sought that
15
16
          in the public testimony that we received, that
          they wanted to have a district wholly contained
17
          within the county, and District 84 achieves
18
          that.
19
20
               We have talked a little bit at length
21
          about Martin County and how it is divided.
          There is one thing that I should mention --
22
          actually two things I would like to mention.
23
24
          One is that we have taken a pretty serious look
25
          at the concept of keeping Martin County whole
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within a House map, the population of Martin

County is so that it could be kept whole, but

the -- there are several challenges that are

presented with that.

5

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When you look at the way District 82 is configured and how it comes into Palm Beach County here, the population of Palm Beach County that is in District 82 then allows us to have eight districts in Palm Beach County wholly contained within the county. And I will zoom in here a little bit. You will see that that Palm Beach County/Broward line is kept intact based on that population. So thinking about that, just taking a step back, if you were to take that population out of this district and put Martin County whole all within a district, what you would end up happening is that all of the districts essentially south of Martin County would end up needing to be redrawn, and that county line be broken. then also thinking about as you move to the north and to the west, all of these districts would push up and push to the northwest, so you would see a potential of 70 to 80 districts that would need to be redrawn as a consequence

1	of keeping Martin County whole within this
2	plan.

Martin County is situated in that it is in 3 between two counties, St. Lucie and Palm Beach, 4 that need to be -- that need to be split based 5 6 on its population, but it is also surrounded by 7 counties that can be kept whole as you look at 8 Okeechobee County and Glades County and so So that is a challenge that was 9 10 presented there.

11 Again, talking about Palm Beach County, as I mentioned, eight districts are wholly 12 contained within the county. There are two 13 districts that I want to point out 14 specifically, Districts 87 and 88. District 87 15 16 would be a new majority-minority Hispanic district within the county, it would be a new 17 18 opportunity for Hispanic Americans in that region. And District 88 is a majority-minority 19 20 black district that runs north to south along 21 transportation corridors, thinking about 95 and U.S. 1. As you can see here, as we kind of 22 zoom in here a little bit, you can see that 23 24 city boundaries were heavily examined as we 25 were building the districts in this region and

trying to keep cities whole within this various
districts within this county.

I will move forward here to Broward

County. Again, that Palm Beach County/Broward

line is kept whole, as you can see here. When

you look at Districts 92, 94 and 95, they are

black opportunity districts. And you can see,

again, looking at the concept of keeping cities

whole and using roadways was predominantly

used, when possible, when building these

districts.

When you think about the more urban areas, and we will talk about this as I move forward into Miami-Dade County, thinking about there are so many municipalities in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties, that what we tried to do was if we had to break a city boundary was use -- was use roadways in order to do that. So that way when voters are trying to understand what district they live in, they can say, well, if you live between this street and this street, and this street and this street, and that is what you can see here by a lot of the square-like shaped districts within Miami-Dade County.

1	I should mention that District 101 here
2	that is in Broward County, wholly in Broward
3	County, is a black opportunity district, and
4	District 102 here is a majority-minority
5	district that crosses both into the Broward and
6	Miami-Dade County lines.
7	Thinking about Miami-Dade County as a
8	whole, all of the 11 majority-minority Hispanic
9	districts are recreated within this proposal.
LO	That was actually as a result of an amendment
L1	that the House subcommittee examined to make
L2	changes to District 113 to do that, to recreate
L3	that majority-minority district. Looking at
L4	Districts 107, 108 and 109, they are
L5	majority-minority black districts, with
L6	concentrations of Haitian populations
L7	Haitian-American populations, I should say,
L8	being within Districts 107 and 108.
L9	Again, as you look at this county as a
20	whole, there's a lot of square or
21	rectangle-shaped districts that are using
22	roadways as their boundaries to create those
23	smooth edges and create those shapes. And,
24	again, thinking about city boundary lines,
25	we they talked Cutler Bay in that video

1 that is kept whole within this region as well. Moving a little bit further south, when 2 you look at Districts 117 and 120, 120 is the 3 district that has all of Monroe County within 4 5 That was requested by the people of that 6 region, and then it comes up here into 7 Miami-Dade County for population purposes. 8 then District 117 is a black opportunity 9 district within this region. That is actually 10 a recreation of that opportunity for those 11 residents in that region. I will zoom out here and kind of curve up 12 here to the western side and just kind of 13 finish out by talking about Collier, Hendry and 14 Lee Counties. You can see here Collier County 15 16 has three districts within it. District 80 has the northern portion of the county, and then 17 includes all of Hendry County, again, keeping 18 19

finish out by talking about Collier, Hendry and
Lee Counties. You can see here Collier County
has three districts within it. District 80 has
the northern portion of the county, and then
includes all of Hendry County, again, keeping
counties whole within this district as much as
possible. Looking at District 105, it crosses
Collier County into Miami-Dade County and
Broward County. That is a similar
configuration to a district that exists today
that was as a result of a DOJ pre-clearance
issue, and that was linking the Hispanic

1	communities within Collier to that of
2	Miami-Dade and Broward Counties. District 106
3	is wholly contained within Collier County. It
4	also keeps the City of Naples whole and runs
5	along Tamiami Trail here as its border within
6	the district between it and 105.
7	Again, looking at Lee County, as we will
8	finish up these two maps, Lee County has a
9	population that is roughly that of four House
10	districts, and you can see that there are four
11	districts that are wholly contained within the
12	county in this proposal. District 77 is the
13	bulk actually has all of the City of Cape
1 /	

Coral within it, and that is the bulk of that 14 district, 78 has all of the City of Ft. Myers 15 within its boundaries, District 76 has all of 16 Bonita Springs and Sanibel within its 17 boundaries and links those barrier islands 18 together with areas to the south, and then 19 20 District 79 is an east Lee County seat. Thinking about Lehigh Acres and the testimony 21 22 that we received there, that was their desire, 23 to see that created. And that is essentially 24 maps 9025 and 9027. 25 What I would like to do briefly is just

```
1
          talk about the differences of where 9031 has
 2
          with those other maps, and it is in two
          regions. It is in the northeast Florida area
 3
          with Duval and Clay Counties, and then in
 4
          central Florida, and I will just briefly
 5
 6
          describe both of those and show those to you
 7
          here visually.
 8
               The major difference with 9031 is when you
 9
          look at Districts 15 and 18 and how they
10
          connect Duval and Clay Counties, you can see
11
          that, thinking about the previous plans,
          District 18 kept all of Clay County whole
12
          within those plans. This would deviate from
13
14
          that. District 18 comes down into areas of
          Clay County. And then District 15 is, you
15
16
          know, a smaller geographic shape and then comes
          in to grab all of Orange Park within Clay
17
          County. So that is the difference with 9031 in
18
          that region.
19
20
               In looking at central Florida, the biggest
21
          difference here is when you look at District
22
          45. When I mentioned the previous maps,
          District 45 was a -- is a black opportunity
23
24
          district with a VAP, a black VAP, of roughly
```

That decision point removes

25

40 percent.

1	that removes that seat and only has the
2	majority-minority black district within it
3	here, which is 46. And you can see the ripple
4	effect of what happens with the various
5	districts within Lake, Seminole and Orange
6	Counties. There are now you see three
7	districts cross the Seminole County/Orange
8	County line, 29, 30 and 49, and then District
9	39 becomes the district that is wholly
10	contained within Lake County, and then 32
11	becomes a southern Lake County using the
12	Turnpike as a dividing line as it crosses into
13	Orange County.
14	Mr. Chairman, those are the differences.
15	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you
16	very much, Mr. Takacs.
17	Members, are there any questions of Mr.
18	Takacs in regard to the three maps that we just
19	walked through? Any questions? Questions or
20	suggestions?
21	REPRESENTATIVE NEHR: Suggestions.
22	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Let's do
23	questions first. Are there any questions
24	first?
25	Okay. Seeing no questions, Representative

FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

1	Nehr, you are recognized for a suggestion or
2	comment.
3	REPRESENTATIVE NEHR: Thank you,
4	Mr. Chair.
5	That was a great presentation, thank you
6	so much. And based on this presentation, I
7	noticed, and please let me know if I am wrong,
8	that the maps 9025 and 9027 are almost nearly
9	identical. And what I noticed also in these
10	two maps is that they both create a new very
11	compact seat in Orange County. What I really
12	like about that new seat is that it has a
13	significant African-American population, and I
14	think that this is a great opportunity for
15	minority constituents.
16	So when I also no when you were
17	mentioning the map 9031, I noticed that it did
18	not create that seat. So I would prefer that
19	we created that seat, so I would prefer maps,
20	Mr. Chairman, 9025 and 9027, and I would
21	suggest that we don't even consider 9031.
22	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Okay. Thank
23	you for that suggestion.
24	Members, any other suggestions?

FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

Representative Workman, you are recognized

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for a suggestion, sir.
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- 2 REPRESENTATIVE WORKMAN: Thank you very
- 3 much, Chairman.
- I don't like 9031 either, just what it
- does to Clay County, to be honest with you. So
- 6 9025 or 27 I think are the better two.
- 7 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Okay. Thank
- 8 you for that comment.
- 9 Representative Holder, you are recognized
- for a comment -- anybody else on deck? No,
- okay. Representative Holder, and then
- 12 Representative Adkins.
- 13 Representative Holder, you are recognized.
- 14 REPRESENTATIVE HOLDER: Thank you,
- 15 Mr. Chair.
- 16 9027 definitely gives Leon County -- if we
- 17 remember in the very beginning when we were
- 18 looking at this area, Leon County would have
- its own seat, which in 9025, it doesn't. And I
- 20 think that that makes 9027 a lot more
- 21 consistent with following the county lines,
- which we have been talking about. So I would
- 23 -- I would suggest 9027 over 9025.
- 24 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: All right.
- 25 Thank you, Mr. Holder.

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1
               Representative Adkins for a comment.
 2
               REPRESENTATIVE ADKINS:
                                       Thank you,
          Mr. Chairman. I recall staff mentioned that
 3
 4
          map 9027 would only split Tallahassee two ways
 5
          as opposed to the three ways in the other map.
 6
          So it is a subtle difference, but I think it is
 7
          an important one, and I think that 9027 is a
 8
          map that I certainly would be comfortable with.
 9
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Okay. Other
10
          comments, suggestions, questions?
11
               Representative Kiar, you are recognized
12
          for a comment.
13
               REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you,
14
          Mr. Chair. Actually, it is a question with
          regard to District 104. I thank you very much
15
16
          though.
17
               I am just wondering -- I am pretty
          familiar with this area and I was wondering, is
18
          that a Hispanic access seat now, or no?
19
20
          District 104?
21
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                            I think
22
          Representative -- not Representative -- Alex
23
          Kelly is going to answer that question.
24
               REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you.
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MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

1	Representative, I believe the Hispanic
2	voting age population exceeds about 43 percent
3	probably at this time. That may be too low to
4	say that it's got a reasonable chance of
5	performing for a Hispanic candidate. It
6	certainly increases the number of Hispanic
7	Floridians in a seat in that area, but I
8	probably would hesitate to call it an
9	opportunity district, because typically in that
10	part of the state, when you look at in terms
11	of voting age population and then actually
12	participating in the electorial process, there
13	is sometimes a 10 to 15 percent drop-off in
14	that. But, again, it is certainly a greater
15	concentration than the prior districts.
16	REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you. May I
17	ask one other question, Mr. Chair?
18	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Yes, sir.
19	REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you. Then the
20	only other question I was wondering, I am
21	looking at I am just curious. I think it is
22	District I want to say 105 where it
23	stretches from basically Collier all the way to
24	Miami-Dade, and I just I was just thinking
25	about this while I was watching, as I was

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1
          looking at it. Is that -- is that only in
          Collier County, or does that go all the way
 2
 3
          across the state?
 4
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Jeff, you are
 5
          recognized.
 6
               MR. TAKACS:
                            Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
 7
               That district does cross Collier County
 8
          into Miami-Dade County, as well as Broward
 9
          County.
10
               REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you. May I
11
          ask a follow-up, Mr. Chair?
12
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                            Yes for a
13
          follow-up.
14
               REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: I am just wondering,
15
          you know, and this is my own personal -- I
16
          don't really understand if this is right or
          not, but I know that in, for example, the
17
18
          current Senate map, not the one that was
          passed, but the one that people are still
19
          currently serving in, it kind of reminds me to
20
21
          be a similar district to Dave Aronberg's former
22
          district and Lizbeth Benacquisto's district
          right now where it just stretches across the
23
24
          state, and I know, for example, in the Senate
25
          maps they determined that they wanted to cut
```

1	that, because they believed it didn't comply
2	with the new amendment. So I am just
3	wondering, on this one district, because it
4	does seem to stretch straight across similar to
5	that, is it does this district comply with
6	the new amendments when it comes to compactness
7	and things of that nature?
8	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Very good
9	question, and I think Alex has got an answer
10	for it.
11	MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
12	Representative, ten years ago the
13	Legislature attempted to redraw something of
14	this seat entirely on the western side of the
15	state in Collier County and so forth. The
16	Department of Justice refused to pre-clear the
17	seat. The House had to go to federal court
18	with the Department of Justice there. The
19	concern there was that Collier County, which is
20	a covered jurisdiction under Section 5 of the
21	Voting Rights Act, the concern there was that
22	Hispanic Floridians would not be able to elect
23	a candidate of choice. Had the Legislature
24	just connected the seats in Miami-Dade, they
25	would be able to elect a candidate of choice as

```
1
          part of -- I believe it was a court settlement
 2
          -- counsel is nodding yes -- as part of a court
          settlement. The Legislature agreed to redraw
 3
 4
          that seat, connecting it with Miami-Dade
          Hispanic residents to maintain that ability to
 5
 6
          elect. So that seat was actually a
 7
          court-ordered drawing.
 8
               Just so you know, in terms of a
 9
          difference, in terms of talking about
10
          cross-state seats, as part of that settlement,
11
          the effect of it was that there was another
          district that was also drawn across state in
12
          order to minimize what that court settlement
13
14
          required, and that cross-state district has
          been eliminated. But, again, this seat was
15
16
          actually required per a court settlement and a
17
          refusal to pre-clear.
18
               REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you,
          Mr. Chair. That was very helpful.
19
20
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Okay, great.
21
          Any other questions, suggestions, from members?
22
               Yes, Representative Rogers, you are
23
          recognized.
24
               REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: I am asking for a
```

FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

definition of "opportunity districts."

1	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: You would
2	like a definition of "opportunity districts"?
3	REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: As it relates
4	to
5	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: A legal
6	definition?
7	REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: No, I will take
8	your
9	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: No, you don't
LO	want mine. Mine would probably not be as
L1	accurate. We have Mr. Meros here. Is there a
L2	legal definition of an opportunity district,
L3	and if so, maybe our legal counsel could give
L4	that to us.
L5	You are recognized, Mr. Meros. Thanks for
L6	being here. Would you turn the microphone on,
L7	please?
L8	MR. MEROS: There really is no precise
L9	definition of an opportunity district or an
20	influenced district. The notion is that the
21	minority population would be sufficient to have
22	a significant influence and impact on policy
23	decisions. Sometimes you might want to say an
24	opportunity district might be one that could,
25	in fact, elect the minority's candidate of

1	choice, but may not. But those are those
2	are not legally precise terms. I guess you
3	didn't like that
4	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: For a
5	follow-up.
6	MR. MEROS: explanation.
7	REPRESENTATIVE ROGERS: Okay. How does
8	that differ from a coalition district?
9	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Mr. Meros?
10	MR. MEROS: Well, a coalition district is
11	one where either the minority population would
12	coalesce with another minority population and
13	vote similarly, or a minority population would
14	coalesce with a non-minority population and
15	vote similarly. That is the notion of two
16	groups getting together and voting in the same
17	way.
18	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Maybe we can
19	have more coalition voting in the Florida
20	Legislature, what do you think about that?
21	Representative Rogers, do you have a
22	follow-up? You are good? Okay, great.
23	Thank you, Mr. Meros, for clarifying both
24	of those terms for us. We will continue to
25	work on our coalition building in the Florida

- 1 House for sure.
- 2 Any other questions or suggestions from
- 3 members?
- What I have gotten from this is, you know,
- 5 there was a couple of suggestions to not move
- 6 forward with 9031 on the premise that it did
- 7 not have the minority-majority seat and the
- 8 access seat in Orange County. There was some
- 9 suggestion -- when you really look at 9025 and
- 10 9027, they are essentially the same everywhere
- 11 except for in the Tallahassee area. You have
- one that has three county splits, or three
- districts in one county; the other one has two.
- I think in the spirit of the law and what we
- are trying to do, the preferable district would
- be 9027, which I think we had a few people
- 17 mention. So that doesn't mean that anything in
- 18 9025 or anything in 9031 that you may like,
- members, or anything else cannot be
- incorporated, but for the purposes of moving
- 21 forward and for clarity for the membership who
- are going to be filing amendments, I think we
- should move forward with 9027, and any
- amendments that members may have can address
- 25 them to 9027 for next week's committee meeting.

1	Does anybody have any questions or
2	comments about that? Representative Kiar, you
3	are recognized.
4	REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you,
5	Mr. Chair. So the maps are the only map
6	then that is going to move forward is 9027 at
7	this time? So the other two are is that
8	what you
9	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: It is not
10	they will all be available for the committee
11	meeting next week, but the truth is now the
12	nuances between the districts are now becoming
13	much smaller. And so as opposed to hearing and
14	taking the time to go through three maps, the
15	idea would be we focus on one map. If you like
16	a portion of another map, you can file an
17	amendment, we would help you file the amendment
18	to add that those distinctions to 9027. So
19	it is if you want to incorporate any of the
20	maps that we are currently looking at now or
21	any other thing, or any other map that has been
22	drawn in the past, we can incorporate it, but
23	just so that members are clear about what to
24	draft amendments to, we are going to focus on
25	9027.

1	REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you very much.
2	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Any other
3	questions?
4	Okay, great. Moving forward, we are going
5	to move to the Senate map introduction. Before
б	we do that, I would like to recognize Chairman
7	Representative Nehr, who has done a great job
8	on the Senate maps, and along with his partner,
9	Representative Hukill.
LO	Representative Nehr, you are recognized to
L1	give us a brief description, and then we will
L2	turn it over to Jason Poreda to explain the
L3	difference, or explain the map.
L4	REPRESENTATIVE NEHR: Thank you,
L5	Mr. Chairman.
L6	Before Mr. Poreda gives a more detailed
L7	presentation of the Senate map proposal, I
L8	wanted to share with the members of the
L9	Committee some details regarding the plan as a
20	whole and how it compares to the current
21	district plan that we have right now.
22	For the 40 districts in this map, there is
23	only a 1.84 percent total population deviation.
24	Compared to the current map, the bill reduces
25	the number of county splits from 45 all the way

1	down to 31, and the number of city splits from
2	126 to the really low number of only 78, and I
3	think that is a very, very good thing that we
4	did.

In looking at some of the more

mathematical compactness scores relating to

perimeters and height and width of districts as

it looks on the map, this proposed committee

bill consistently improves the compactness of

Florida's 40 State Senate districts. Looking

at some of the more functional compactness

measures, such as drive times, the bill again

consistently improves these measures of

compactness compared to the existing State

Senate map.

The bill maintains Florida's commitment to compliance with the Federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, both Sections 2 and 5, and the Florida's constitutional standards regarding racial and language minorities. In fact,

Mr. Chairman, the bill increases the number of 50 percent plus Hispanic voting age population districts from three in the current map to five in the proposed committee bill. So the bill would most likely increase representation for

- 1 Hispanic Floridians.
- 2 Mr. Chairman, thank you for the
- 3 opportunity, and that concludes my comments.
- 4 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you
- 5 very much, and congratulations again. With
- 6 that, we will move to Mr. Poreda, who is going
- 7 to walk us through some of the details of the
- 8 map.
- 9 MR. POREDA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I
- 10 will try to get through the map as briefly as
- possible so we can get out of here. So I will
- 12 kind of follow along with what Mr. Kelly and
- what Mr. Takacs did and kind of talk about the
- map regionally, as opposed to getting into the
- specifics of exactly what each district does.
- 16 So I will first talk about Districts 2 and
- 17 4, which kind of work in conjunction to each
- other. They are kind of horizontally drawn
- 19 districts that one includes the coastal
- 20 community of those counties, the other, the
- 21 more rural parts of those counties, and then
- 22 ends at the county line of -- I will turn on
- 23 the county names so you can see them -- of
- Jackson and Bay County before moving further
- east.

1	Kind of talking about I will kind of
2	start with talking about it's District 6 on
3	this map, but kind of talk about it with
4	District 3 and District 14 that you see there.
5	District 6, 3 and 14 all encompass basically
6	just whole counties. You can see District 6 is
7	made up entirely of whole counties,
8	specifically, Gadsden, Calhoun, Gulf, Liberty,
9	Franklin, Taylor, Wakulla, Jefferson, Leon,
LO	Madison and Hamilton Counties. District 3
L1	encompasses a lot of the counties whole
L2	counties along the Nature Coast, as well as a
L3	part of Marion. District 14 includes all of
L4	Clay County, Bradford County and Alachua
L5	County. So you can see that the how they
L6	were all drawn.
L7	Then kind of moving over into the
L8	northeast Jacksonville area, I will first talk
L9	about District 1 that you see here on the map,
20	which kind of stretches from the Jacksonville
21	area down through St. Johns County and the
22	Putnam County, eventually ending up in the
23	Daytona Beach area around in Volusia County.
24	That is a district that was redrawn that
25	traditionally elects a minority candidate of

1	choice, and this map kind of maintains that
2	same opportunity. District 5 and District 8
3	kind of drawn keeping with that minority
4	opportunity district that you see right there
5	kind of in mind. District 5 encompasses most
6	of the rest of Duval County and then keeps
7	Nassau County whole, and District 8 kind of
8	runs along the coast of St. Johns and Flagler
9	down into Volusia County there.
10	You can see here District 20 keeps has
11	the majority of Marion County, including all of
12	the City of Ocala, the majority of Putnam
13	County, and then goes a little bit into Lee and
14	Sumter Counties to keep The Villages community
15	whole, and then some of the municipalities here
16	in Lee County whole as well on the north side.
17	Kind of getting into the central Florida
18	area, District 19 is another district that
19	recreates a or kind of maintains a the

Kind of getting into the central Florida area, District 19 is another district that recreates a -- or kind of maintains a -- the opportunity for minorities in the areas of Orange County and part of Seminole County to elect their candidate of choice, a district that has traditionally elected their candidate of choice.

District 24 is a new majority Hispanic

1	district that was drawn in central Florida that
2	encompasses part of Orange, Osceola and Polk
3	Counties. And then you can see some of the
4	public input that we received from Volusia
5	County was asking to keep the majority of that
6	county wholly together, and which this does
7	going a little bit south into Brevard County
8	and also Orange County for population.
9	Kind of going back over to the Gulf Coast,
10	you can see that kind of south of District 3
11	and District 20 that we talked about before,
12	District 11 here encompasses most all of
13	Hernando County and then a lot of Pasco and
14	Sumter Counties.
15	And then kind of in the Hillsborough area,
16	as we mentioned before, Hillsborough County is
17	a Section 5-protected county. District 18 that
18	you see here is a district that was redrawn to
19	create the opportunity for minorities in that

as we mentioned before, Hillsborough County is
a Section 5-protected county. District 18 that
you see here is a district that was redrawn to
create the opportunity for minorities in that
area to elect their candidate of choice. This
map kind of recreates that opportunity.

District 10 and District 13 are drawn wholly
within either Pinellas or Hillsborough County
to kind of give them a seat there. District 15
kind of wraps around that majority-minority

1	district that we talked about before,
2	encompassing the rest of Osceola County and the
3	north part of Polk County and a little bit of
4	south Orange County there.
5	In the center of the state, you see
6	District 17 that keeps several counties whole,
7	including the south part of Polk and then going
8	over to include the more rural parts of St.
9	Lucie and Martin Counties. And District 28 and
10	26 kind of run along the coast, the Space
11	Coast, down to the Treasure Coast here, kind of
12	keeping those communities whole there.
13	Going kind of back over to the Gulf Coast
14	real quick, you can Sarasota County was kept
15	whole in District 23, and then the more coastal
16	areas of Lee and Collier County were kept whole
17	or kept together in District 37.
18	Moving back over to kind of the southeast
19	Florida area, kind of zoom in a little bit so
20	you can see the District 29, which is a it
21	looks like a very thin district that kind of
22	runs from Palm Beach to Broward County. That

is a majority-minority black seat that was

recreated on this map. And the other districts

that you can see drawn around them kind of keep

23

24

1	those communities together kind of around
2	there, and a lot of respect was drawn to city
3	boundaries. Maybe I can try to turn them on so
4	you can see them, zoom in a little bit. That
5	is how some of these areas in here were drawn,
6	keeping that minority district in mind,
7	obviously splitting some cities, but where
8	possible, keeping the other boundaries whole.
9	And then as you go south, District 39, as
10	I mentioned before, residents of Hendry County
11	were asked to not be connected with residents
12	of Dade County. That is another district
13	that because of Hendry and Collier Counties
14	Section 5 protection, that is another district
15	that was drawn recreated to maintain the
16	same opportunity that exists today in that
17	district.
18	And then there are three other districts
19	in Dade County that have a voting age
20	Hispanic voting age population of above
21	50 percent. That would be 38, 36 and 35 here
22	on the map.
23	District 33 that you see there kind of
24	stretches over the Broward/Miami-Dade line.
25	That is a district that is a majority-minority

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1 black seat that was redrawn as well.
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- 2 And that's kind of the basic points of the
- map.
- 4 A VOICE: Is there a fourth?
- 5 MR. POREDA: I'm sorry, that is right.
- 6 District 40 that you see right here that has
- 7 part of Hialeah, that is actually a fourth
- 8 majority-minority Hispanic district in Dade
- 9 County.
- 10 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Okay, great.
- 11 Members, any questions for Mr. Poreda in regard
- to the Senate map? Okay, Representative Kiar.
- 13 REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: I just have a quick
- 14 question. I have been wondering about -- on
- District 39, you see how there's -- you know,
- it is a big district, but then all of a sudden,
- 17 there's like a little line that shoots all the
- 18 way through to butt up against the other
- majority-minority district, and I am just
- wondering, that little line right there, what's
- 21 the need for it and does that make a district
- 22 contiquous?
- 23 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: You are
- 24 recognized.
- MR. POREDA: Yes, that district does

1	remain contiguous. It is all wholly kept
2	together. The reason for those that kind of
3	extension of the district is to increase the
4	black voting age population of the district to
5	maintain that same opportunity since it is
6	connected to Collier and Hendry County, the
7	protected counties under Section 5.
8	REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Just one follow-up?
9	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: You are
10	recognized.
11	REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: So I guess my
12	follow-up question to that is, does that then
13	decrease the black voting age population of
14	District 33, or does that still remain the
15	same?
16	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: You are
17	recognized.
18	MR. POREDA: It doesn't decrease it under
19	50 percent. It is still an over 50 percent
20	majority-minority seat. The exact
21	percentage if you will give me a moment.
22	The percentage of the black voting age
23	population in District 33 that you see there on
24	the map is 57.75. On the current map that it
25	is right now it is currently 59 23 percent

```
1
               REPRESENTATIVE KIAR: Thank you.
 2
          you, Mr. Chair.
 3
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: You're
 4
          welcome. Thank you.
 5
               Any other questions? Representative
 6
          Bernard, did you have a question? You are
 7
          recognized, sir.
 8
               REPRESENTATIVE BERNARD:
                                        Thank you,
 9
          Mr. Chair. This will also be long-winded.
10
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD:
                                            Then you can
11
          probably predict what my suggestion will be.
12
               REPRESENTATIVE BERNARD: But I just want
13
          to get it on the record, Mr. Chair.
14
               REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Please do so.
15
               REPRESENTATIVE BERNARD:
                                        This is my
16
          attempt to redo the minority districts in
          District 29 and 33, which will change the
17
          current -- this map, District 25, 29, 30, 34,
18
          31, 32 and 33.
19
20
               First let's go into District 29.
21
          am proposing is based on the map that we -- the
22
          House map that we picked, to configure it to be
          more along the line of District 92, 94 and 95.
23
```

District 92, the total black population is

52,674.84. The District 94 is 85,310.57.

24

1	District 95 is 89,304. That would lead you to
2	a total of 227,290 black population. If you
3	combine those three districts, that totals
4	466,169, which would change that district to a
5	total black population of 48.76.
6	In regards to the Hispanic population in
7	that district, the in District 92, the total
8	Hispanic population is 27,530, in District 94,
9	it is 18,842 and in District 95, it is 26,206,
10	which would total 72,578.35, which would lead
11	you to a total Hispanic population of 15.57.
12	The total Haitian population in that
13	district, in 92, is 16,391, 16,527, 20,150,
14	which is a total of 53,068 population, which
15	would lead you to a total of 11.38 Haitian
16	population.
17	The total District 29 now would be
18	basically it would look like exactly District
19	92, 94, 95, and where it wouldn't stretch into
20	Palm Beach County and where it would maintain a
21	compact shape in Broward County. The cities
22	that it would include would be it would make
23	the cities of Deerfield Beach more compact, Ft.
24	Lauderdale more compact, Oakland Park more

compact, Pompano Beach more compact, Wilton

1	Manors, Lauderdale Lakes, Margate, North
2	Lauderdale, Tamarac, Lauderhill, Lazy Lake,
3	Plantation, North Lauderdale and Sunrise, and
4	that would be that district.
5	What it does is it changes how you would
6	draw the districts, the population in Palm
7	Beach County would also have to change. Based
8	on the current House map that we that we
9	said we are going to go with, currently
LO	District 87 as it is drawn is a
L1	majority-minority seat, and District 88
L2	District 87 is a majority Hispanic seat and
L3	District 88 is a majority-minority seat. If a
L4	district is drawn from from the top of the
L5	I think from North Lake all the way down to
L6	the Delray Beach line, and it includes if
L7	you go from Military Trail east to Dixie, or if
L8	you go all the way out to the ocean, where if
L9	you include the districts of 89, 90 and 91,
20	that would give you a total population of
21	the total black population would be 30 percent,
22	the total Hispanic population would be
23	28 percent. The total voting age population, I
24	believe, would be near a 28 percent black
25	population and about a 26 percent Hispanic

1	population. Therefore, in Palm Beach County,
2	the residents of Palm Beach County would be
3	able to elect a Representative of their choice
4	by creating a coalition district where now they
5	would be different.
6	Now, what that the cities that this
7	district would include would be the cities of
8	Delray Beach, Boynton Beach, Lake Park, Lake
9	Worth, Lantana would be a stronger district,
10	Mangonia Park, Riviera Beach, West Palm Beach
11	would be much stronger. You would have the
12	cities of Cloud Lake, Glen Ridge, Green Acres,
13	Lake Shores, Palm Springs, Hypoluxo and the
14	City of Atlantis.
15	Next, because of the total population of
16	Broward County, based on the census, Broward
17	County's got a population of 1,748,066
18	population. The total population for Broward
19	County is 26.7 black, 25.1 percent Hispanic,
20	43.5 percent white. So the total black
21	population in Broward County is 466,733.62 and
22	the total Hispanic population is 438,764.66 and
23	the total white population is 760,408.71. By
24	changing District 29 to be predominantly in

Broward County, now what we can do is we have

```
to change District 33, which is a -- which is
 1
          now a Miami-Dade and a Broward County seat.
 2
          What I am proposing is that the Miami-Dade
 3
 4
          District 33 seat would stay only in Dade
          County, and that would include the district of
 5
 6
          107, 108 and 109, which is the districts that
 7
          we drew out of this Committee. Now, what
 8
          you -- then what you would have to do is
 9
          District 31, as is proposed, what I am
          suggesting is that we make that a coalition
10
11
          district where it would be compact where you
          would include the district of 101 and 102 and
12
          you could add part of District 100 and part
13
          of -- where you would probably split Miami
14
          Gardens into two. By doing that, then District
15
16
          31 would be a coalition district where it would
          be -- you could probably add -- if you add
17
          District 101 and 102, the total black
18
          population for District 101 and 102 is
19
20
          138,277.21, the total Hispanic population is
21
          112,012.46 and the total Haitian population is
22
          18,000. What I am proposing is that by
          changing District 29 and 33, they would be more
23
24
          compact and you would additionally add two
25
          coalition districts and one in Broward and one
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1	in Palm Beach County where those residents in
2	Broward and in Palm Beach County would get to
3	elect a Representative of their choice.
4	Thank you, Mr. Chair.
5	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Thank you
6	very much, Representative Bernard. We
7	appreciate that very thorough explanation, and,
8	again, I think I would suggest, as opposed to
9	responding to it, I think you've got some very
10	interesting suggestions there, I think we would
11	like to see them, and would encourage you or
12	other members to take a look at it in an
13	amendatory process, and that way we can see it
14	exactly for what it is and have a chance to
15	vote on it next Friday, but think you very
16	much.
17	Representative Clarke-Reed, you are
18	recognized.
19	REPRESENTATIVE CLARKE-REED: Thank you,
20	Mr. Chair, and thanks for indulging me in this
21	question that has been coming up. Will you
22	please tell me, in all of these maps that we
23	are drawing, how are we counting the prison
24	population? Are they counted as voters in the
25	district that the prison is in? I just want to

- 1 clarify that.
- 2 REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: I think I
- 3 know the answer to this, but I want to make
- 4 sure we are saying it right, so I am going to
- 5 let Alex answer.
- 6 MR. KELLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- 7 Representative Clarke-Reed, every Florida
- 8 resident, including inmates, are counted. So
- 9 whatever district they are counted in, they are
- 10 counted as a resident.
- 11 In terms of -- and just, you know, where
- 12 this subject goes sometimes in terms of things
- like whether a minority district will perform
- and things like that and does the prison
- population affect that, you do look at
- 16 additional -- additional information to verify
- 17 that a district will perform. So if you have a
- 18 prison in a district, and if that district is
- 19 perhaps, let's say, a minority district, you
- 20 still look at additional information to make
- 21 sure that the district would perform, or have a
- 22 likelihood of performing for a minority
- 23 candidate of choice. But every Florida
- resident who was here in the state April 1,
- 25 2010, is counted in this process.

1	REPRESENTATIVE CLARKE-REED: Follow-up,
2	Mr. Chair?
3	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: For
4	follow-up.
5	REPRESENTATIVE CLARKE-REED: Thank you
6	very much, Mr. Chair.
7	Thank you for that answer. Follow-up: Is
8	are the prisoners counted to the district
9	that they come from or their home district or
10	are they counted to the district that the
11	prison is in?
12	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: They are
13	counted in the district that they live in,
14	which would be the prison that they are in.
15	REPRESENTATIVE CLARKE-REED: I don't think
16	you answered my question.
17	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Yes, I did.
18	They are counted in the prison that they are
19	in.
20	REPRESENTATIVE CLARKE-REED: They are
21	counted in the prison that they are in?
22	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Yes.
23	REPRESENTATIVE CLARKE-REED: Okay, thank
24	you.
25	REPRESENTATIVE WEATHERFORD: Any other

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1	questions, suggestions?
2	Okay. Well, I think as we move forward
3	with the Senate map, certainly Representative
4	Bernard and many others have suggested ideas,
5	certainly they can do that by filing
6	amendments. Again, the amendment deadline is
7	Wednesday at noon. Substitute amendments would
8	be Thursday at noon. So please get those in in
9	time for that.
LO	Well, members, this has been a long
L1	committee meeting. If anyone doesn't have
L2	anything else to share, I just want to thank
L3	you for your indulgence today. I think we've
L4	got a lot of work done. And as I explained
L5	earlier, things are going to move very quickly
L6	now, and next Friday when we ultimately take
L7	these maps to the floor, we will I'm sorry,
L8	as we vote to take these maps to the floor, we
L9	will be making some decisions. So if you need
20	or if you think you need our staff to help you,

24 (Whereupon, the proceedings concluded.)

25

21

22

23

please reach out to them, but with that, I

appreciate everyone's thoughts today and

Representative Schenck moves we rise.

1	
2	CERTIFICATE
3	STATE OF FLORIDA)
4	COUNTY OF LEON)
5	I hereby certify that the foregoing transcript
6	is of a tape-recording taken down by the undersigned,
7	and the contents thereof were reduced to typewriting
8	under my direction;
9	That the foregoing pages 2 through 167
10	represent a true, correct, and complete transcript of
11	the tape-recording;
12	And I further certify that I am not of kin or
13	counsel to the parties in the case; am not in the
14	regular employ of counsel for any of said parties; nor
15	am I in anywise interested in the result of said case.
16	Dated this 9th day of February, 2012.
17	
18	
19	
20	CLARA C. ROTRUCK
21	Notary Public
22	State of Florida at Large
23	Commission Expires:
24	November 13, 2014
25	